

# Converting Colors

`RYB(232, 236, 231)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(232, 236, 231) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(232, 236, 231)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ECEBE7
RGB	236, 235, 231
RGB Percent	93%, 92%, 91%
CMY	0.0745, 0.0778, 0.0941
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.02, 0.07
HSL	50°, 12%, 92%
HSV	50°, 2%, 93%
XYZ	78.7719, 83.1145, 87.4923
YIQ	234.8430, 1.8800, -1.0320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

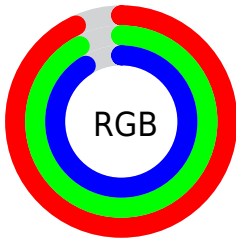
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	232, 236, 231
Decimal	15526887
CIE Lab	93.06, -0.45, 2.11
CIE LCh	93, 2.152, 102.030
Yxy	83.1145, 0.3159, 0.3333
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293716967 (0xFFECEBE7)
YUV	234.8430, -1.8946, 1.0147
Hunter-Lab	91.1672, -5.3117, 6.9170

# Details

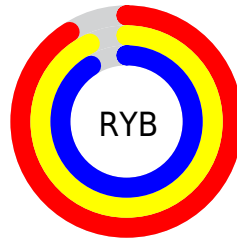
The RYB color **232, 236, 231** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **231, 232, 236**, and the grayscale version is **235, 235, 235**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **176, 180, 175** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **213, 236, 207**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **236, 239, 255**.

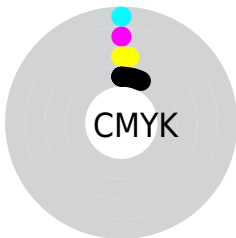
# Distribution



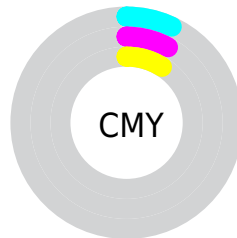
- Red (93%)
- Green (92%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 232, 236, 231 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 232, 236, 231 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 232, 236, 231

255, 255, 255

■ 232, 236, 231

■ 204, 208, 203

■ 176, 180, 175

■ 149, 153, 149

■ 124, 128, 123

■ 98, 102, 98

■ 74, 78, 74

■ 53, 56, 52

■ 31, 34, 31

■ 7, 12, 6

 232, 236, 231

 232, 236, 231

 213, 236, 207

 236, 239, 255

 195, 236, 184

 236, 241, 255

 176, 236, 160

 236, 243, 255


 158, 236, 137

 236, 244, 255

 138, 236, 113

 236, 246, 255

 118, 236, 89

 100, 236, 66

 80, 236, 42

 62, 236, 19

# Harmonies

## Analogous

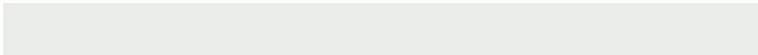
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



238, 236, 231



232, 236, 231



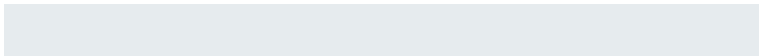
232, 236, 234

# Triad

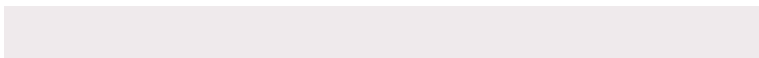
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



232, 236, 231



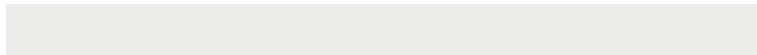
230, 233, 238



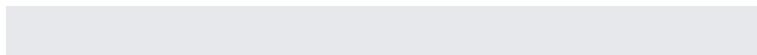
239, 234, 236

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



232, 236, 231



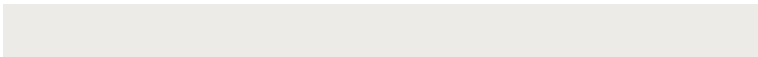
231, 232, 236

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



237, 234, 238



232, 236, 231



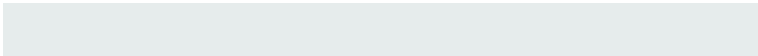
232, 235, 239

# Square

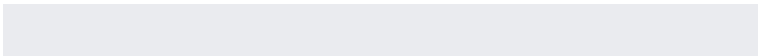
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



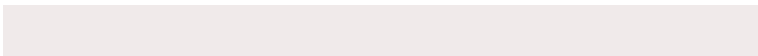
232, 236, 231



230, 233, 236



234, 235, 239



240, 234, 234

# Rectangle

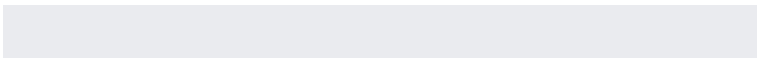
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



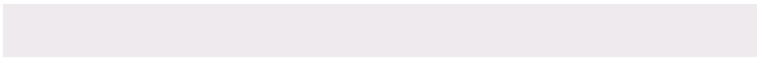
232, 236, 231



232, 235, 236



234, 235, 239



238, 234, 237



# Sweetspot

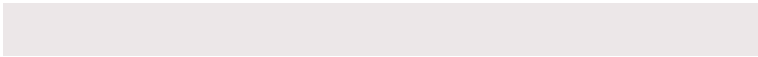
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



232, 236, 231



252, 255, 252



236, 231, 232



128, 128, 126



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

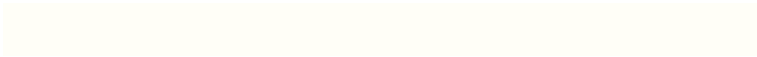


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



232, 236, 231



248, 255, 247



231, 236, 233



113, 117, 113



36, 181, 0

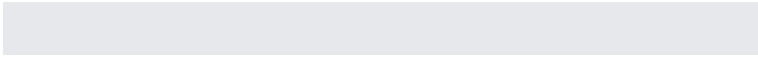


11, 54, 0

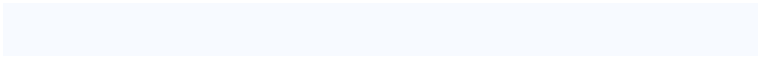


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



231, 232, 236



247, 249, 255



233, 231, 236



113, 113, 117



0, 26, 181

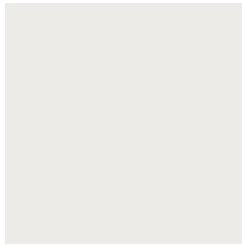


0, 8, 54



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 232, 236, 231 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

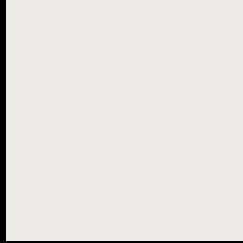
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 232, 236, 231 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

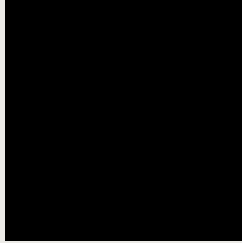
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

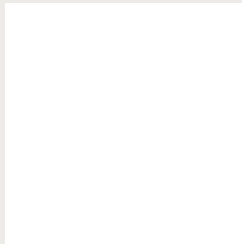
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 232, 236, 231 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 232, 236, 231.

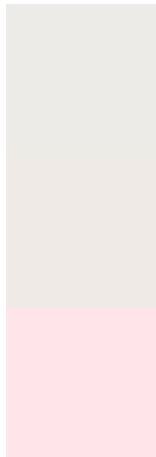


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 232, 236, 231.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
232, 236, 231

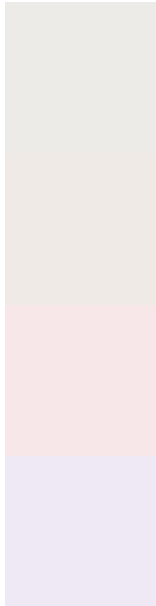
**Protanopia**  
240, 237, 230

**Deuteranopia**  
255, 229, 233



**Tritanopia**  
239, 232, 251

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

232, 236, 231

**Protanomaly**

239, 237, 230

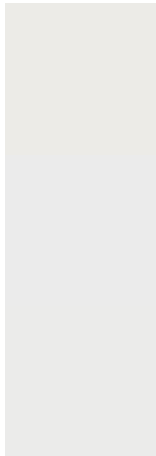
**Deuteranomaly**

248, 231, 232

**Tritanomaly**

238, 233, 244

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

232, 236, 231

**Achromatopsia**

235, 235, 235

**Achromatomaly**

234, 235, 234

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 232, 236, 231 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(236, 235, 231) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 235, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 235, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 235, 231) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 232, 236, 231 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 235, 231) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 235, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(236, 235, 231)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(236, 235, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 235, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 235,  
231) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 232, 236, 231 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 235, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
235, 231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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