

Converting Colors

`RYB(233, 150, 135)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(233, 150, 135) contains.

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Color

R_YB(233, 150, 135)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E99487
RGB	233, 148, 135
RGB Percent	91%, 58%, 53%
CMY	0.0863, 0.4196, 0.4706
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.42, 0.09
HSL	8°, 69%, 72%
HSV	8°, 42%, 91%
XYZ	48.5687, 40.2555, 28.1319
YIQ	171.9330, 54.8330, 13.9770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

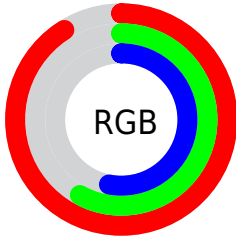
Format	Color
R _Y B	233, 150, 135
Decimal	15307911
CIE Lab	69.65, 30.55, 20.29
CIE LCh	70, 36.677, 33.590
Yxy	40.2555, 0.4153, 0.3442
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293497991 (0xFFE99487)
YUV	171.9330, -18.2080, 53.5558
Hunter-Lab	63.4472, 25.6088, 18.1244

Details

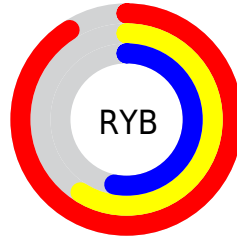
The RYB color **233, 150, 135** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **135, 181, 233**, and the grayscale version is **172, 172, 172**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 207, 188**, and **175, 98, 85** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **233, 130, 112**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **233, 170, 158**.

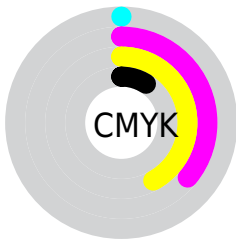
Distribution



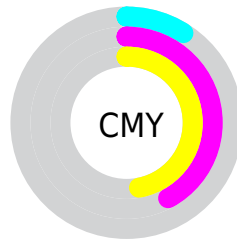
- Red (91%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Black (9%)




- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 233, 150, 135 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 233, 150, 135 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 233, 150, 135

 233, 150, 135

255, 255, 255

 204, 124, 110

 255, 207, 188


 175, 98, 85

 255, 240, 216

 146, 72, 62

 245, 255, 245

 118, 48, 40

 91, 23, 20

 65, 0, 0

 42, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 233, 150, 135

 233, 150, 135

■ 233, 130, 112

■ 233, 170, 158

■ 233, 111, 88

■ 233, 189, 182

■ 233, 90, 65

■ 233, 210, 205

■ 233, 71, 42

■ 233, 229, 228

■ 233, 51, 19

■ 233, 242, 252

■ 233, 36, 0

■ 233, 244, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



234, 144, 167



233, 150, 135



216, 196, 111

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



233, 150, 135



113, 166, 185



129, 160, 236

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



233, 150, 135



135, 181, 233

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72, 136, 229



233, 150, 135



69, 133, 188

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



233, 150, 135



114, 179, 140



35, 115, 206



179, 160, 226

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



233, 150, 135



155, 199, 104



35, 115, 206



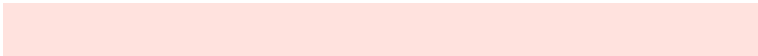
110, 153, 236

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



233, 150, 135



255, 227, 222



233, 135, 222



128, 111, 107



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



233, 150, 135



255, 146, 128



197, 233, 135



117, 107, 106



181, 28, 0



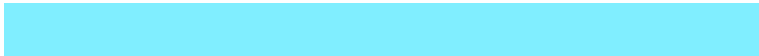
54, 8, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



135, 181, 233



128, 187, 255



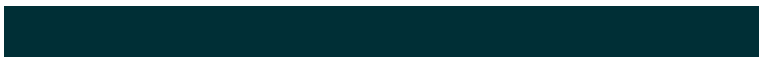
135, 162, 233



106, 111, 117



0, 84, 181



0, 25, 54

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 233, 150, 135 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

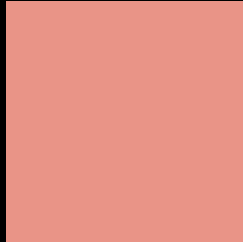
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 233, 150, 135 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 233, 150, 135 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 233, 150, 135.

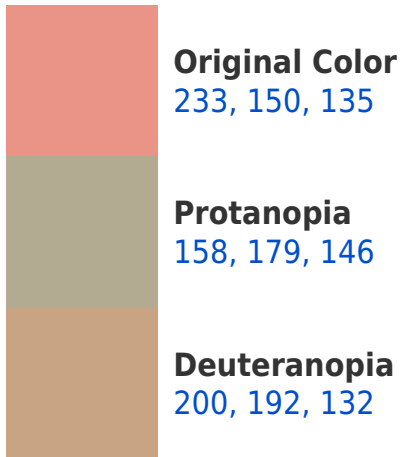



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 233, 150, 135.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
235, 145, 156

Trichromacy



Original Color
233, 150, 135

Protanomaly
199, 173, 142

Deuteranomaly
212, 170, 133

Tritanomaly
234, 146, 148

Monochromacy



Original Color
233, 150, 135

Achromatopsia
172, 172, 172

Achromatomaly
194, 164, 159

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 233, 150, 135 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 148, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 148, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 148, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 148, 135) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 233, 150, 135 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 148, 135) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 148, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(233, 148, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 148, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 148, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 148,  
135) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 233, 148, 135 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 148, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
148, 135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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