

Converting Colors

`RYB(234, 60, 83)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(234, 60, 83) contains.

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Color

R_YB(234, 60, 83)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EA3C53
RGB	234, 60, 83
RGB Percent	92%, 24%, 33%
CMY	0.0824, 0.7647, 0.6745
CMYK	0.00, 0.74, 0.65, 0.08
HSL	352°, 81%, 58%
HSV	352°, 74%, 92%
XYZ	37.1089, 21.3487, 10.3485
YIQ	114.6480, 96.3210, 44.0410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

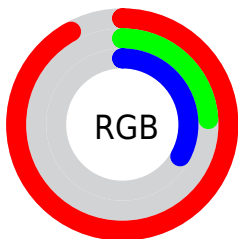
Format	Color
RYB	234, 60, 83
Decimal	15350867
CIELab	53.33, 66.61, 28.26
CIELCh	53, 72.356, 22.991
Yxy	21.3487, 0.5393, 0.3103
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293540947 (0xFFEA3C53)
YUV	114.6480, -15.6025, 104.6717
Hunter-Lab	46.2046, 62.5027, 19.0640

Details

The RYB color **234, 60, 83** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3366**, and the color name is **desire**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **60, 153, 234**, and the grayscale version is **115, 115, 115**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 120, 132**, and **171, 0, 39** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **234, 37, 63**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **234, 83, 103**.

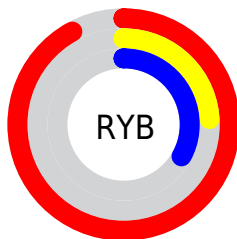
Distribution



Red (92%)

Green (24%)

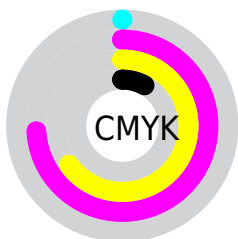
Blue (33%)



Red (92%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (33%)

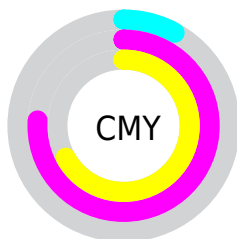


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (74%)

Yellow (65%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (8%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 234, 60, 83 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 234, 60, 83 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 234, 60, 83  234, 60, 83

255, 255, 255  202, 19, 60

 255, 120, 132  171, 0, 39

 255, 149, 158  140, 0, 19

 255, 178, 185  109, 0, 0

 255, 208, 213  79, 0, 2

 255, 237, 241  48, 0, 2

 0, 0, 0


 234, 60, 83  234, 60, 83


 234, 37, 63  234, 83, 103

 234, 13, 42

 234, 107, 124

 234, 0, 31

 234, 130, 144

 234, 154, 164

 234, 177, 185

 234, 200, 205

 234, 224, 225

 234, 241, 247

 234, 245, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



229, 54, 145



234, 60, 83



210, 135, 21

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



234, 60, 83



0, 115, 149



0, 90, 252

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



234, 60, 83



60, 153, 234

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 91, 227



234, 60, 83



0, 90, 154

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



234, 60, 83



0, 138, 30



0, 82, 175



88, 112, 243

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



234, 60, 83



116, 182, 0



0, 82, 175



0, 91, 247

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



234, 60, 83



255, 199, 206



211, 60, 234



128, 94, 99



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



234, 60, 83



255, 28, 58



234, 161, 60



117, 106, 107



181, 0, 24



54, 0, 7

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



234, 60, 83



255, 28, 58



60, 127, 234



117, 106, 107



181, 0, 24



54, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 234, 60, 83 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

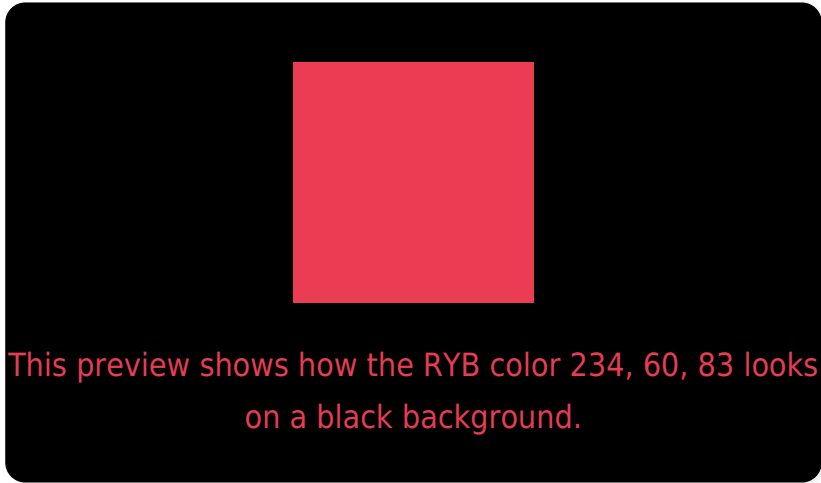
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 234, 60, 83 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 234, 60, 83.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 234, 60, 83.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

234, 60, 83

Protanopia

121, 134, 111

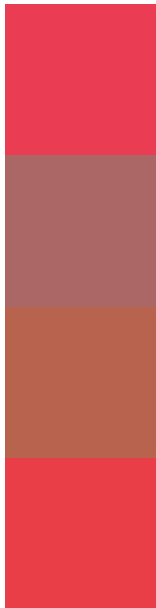
Deuteranopia

132, 156, 74



Tritanopia
233, 63, 66

Trichromacy



Original Color
234, 60, 83

Protanomaly
170, 103, 101

Deuteranomaly
184, 105, 77

Tritanomaly
233, 62, 72

Monochromacy



Original Color
234, 60, 83

Achromatopsia
115, 115, 115

Achromatomaly
158, 95, 103

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 234, 60, 83 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(234, 60, 83) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 60, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 60, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 60, 83) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 234, 60, 83 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 60, 83) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 60, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 60, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 60, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 60, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 60,  
83) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 234, 60, 83 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 60, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234, 60,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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