

# Converting Colors

`RYB(235, 233, 172)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(235, 233, 172) contains.

<b>RYB(235, 233, 172)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(235, 233, 172)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EBCBAC
RGB	235, 203, 172
RGB Percent	92%, 80%, 67%
CMY	0.0784, 0.2040, 0.3255
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.27, 0.08
HSL	30°, 61%, 80%
HSV	30°, 27%, 92%
XYZ	63.0614, 63.3488, 47.9336
YIQ	209.0340, 29.0230, -2.8570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

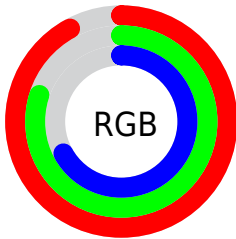
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	235, 233, 172
Decimal	15453100
CIE Lab	83.63, 6.67, 19.62
CIE LCh	84, 20.727, 71.223
Yxy	63.3488, 0.3617, 0.3634
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293643180 (0xFFEBCBAC)
YUV	209.0340, -18.2578, 22.7722
Hunter-Lab	79.5920, 2.1411, 20.0075

# Details

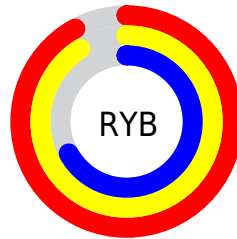
The RYB color **235, 233, 172** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **172, 193, 235**, and the grayscale version is **209, 209, 209**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **227, 255, 227**, and **178, 178, 120** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **235, 231, 149**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **235, 233, 196**.

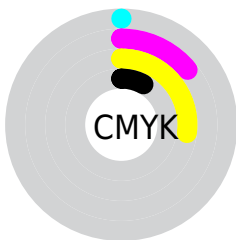
# Distribution



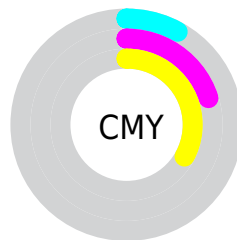
- Red (92%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 235, 233, 172 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 235, 233, 172 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 235, 233, 172


255, 255, 255

 227, 255, 227

 235, 233, 172


 204, 206, 145

 178, 178, 120

 151, 151, 95

 125, 125, 71

 93, 99, 48

 68, 74, 27

 36, 51, 2

 28, 9, 0

 0, 0, 0

 235, 233, 172

 235, 233, 172

 235, 231, 149


 235, 233, 196

 235, 231, 125


 235, 235, 219

 235, 229, 102


 235, 238, 243

 235, 229, 78

 235, 244, 255

 235, 227, 55

 235, 245, 255

 235, 227, 31

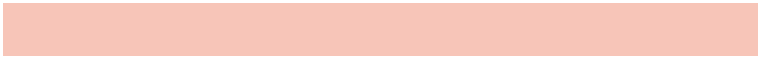
 235, 225, 8

 235, 229, 0

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



247, 200, 184



235, 233, 172



178, 216, 170

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



235, 233, 172



159, 191, 220



221, 201, 238

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



235, 233, 172



172, 193, 235

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



196, 206, 246



235, 233, 172



158, 191, 233

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



235, 233, 172



173, 204, 219



172, 199, 245



240, 196, 221

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



235, 233, 172



175, 213, 187



172, 199, 245



213, 203, 242

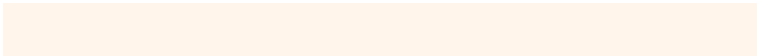


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



235, 233, 172



255, 255, 235



235, 172, 205



128, 126, 115



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



235, 233, 172



255, 255, 173



173, 235, 172



117, 115, 106



181, 175, 0



54, 50, 0

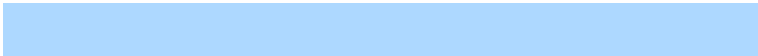


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



172, 193, 235



173, 201, 255



172, 173, 235



106, 110, 117



0, 61, 181

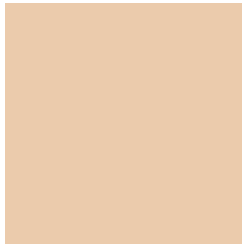


0, 18, 54



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 235, 233, 172 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 235, 233, 172 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

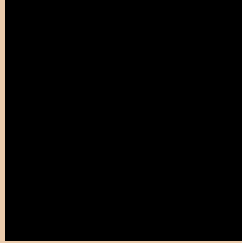
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 235, 233, 172 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 235, 233, 172.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 235, 233, 172.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
235, 233, 172

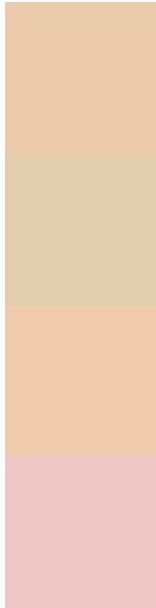
**Protanopia**  
190, 220, 174

**Deuteranopia**  
241, 222, 172



**Tritanopia**  
240, 197, 213

# Trichromacy



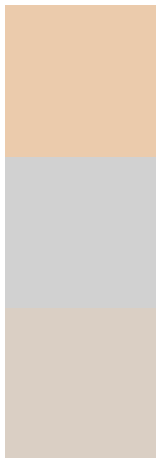
**Original Color**  
235, 233, 172

**Protanomaly**  
203, 225, 173

**Deuteranomaly**  
239, 226, 172

**Tritanomaly**  
238, 199, 198

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
235, 233, 172

**Achromatopsia**  
209, 209, 209

**Achromatomaly**  
218, 218, 196

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 235, 233, 172 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 203, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 203, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 203, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 203, 172) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 235, 233, 172 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 203, 172) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 203, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 203, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 203, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 203, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 203,  
172) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 235, 203, 172 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 203, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
203, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor