

Converting Colors

`RYB(237, 190, 166)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(237, 190, 166) contains.

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Color

R_YB(237, 190, 166)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EDB8A6
RGB	237, 184, 166
RGB Percent	93%, 72%, 65%
CMY	0.0706, 0.2787, 0.3490
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.30, 0.07
HSL	15°, 66%, 79%
HSV	15°, 30%, 93%
XYZ	58.9354, 55.0124, 43.5886
YIQ	197.7950, 37.3660, 5.6380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

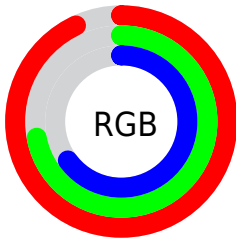
Format	Color
R _Y B	237, 190, 166
Decimal	15579302
CIE Lab	79.05, 16.67, 16.48
CIE LCh	79, 23.441, 44.656
Yxy	55.0124, 0.3741, 0.3492
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293769382 (0xFFEDB8A6)
YUV	197.7950, -15.6749, 34.3828
Hunter-Lab	74.1704, 12.0369, 17.0756

Details

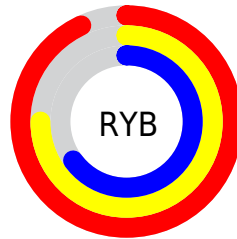
The RYB color **237, 190, 166** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **166, 196, 237**, and the grayscale version is **198, 198, 198**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **248, 255, 221**, and **180, 137, 114** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **237, 174, 142**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **237, 206, 190**.

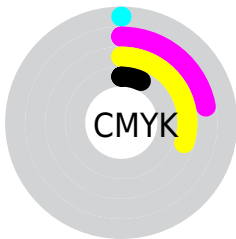
Distribution



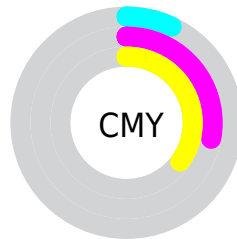
- Red (93%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 237, 190, 166 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 237, 190, 166 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 237, 190, 166


255, 255, 255


 248, 255, 221

 250, 255, 250

 237, 190, 166

 208, 163, 140

 180, 137, 114

 152, 110, 90

 125, 86, 66

 99, 63, 44

 74, 40, 23

 50, 21, 0

 25, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

■ 237, 190, 166

■ 237, 190, 166

■ 237, 174, 142

■ 237, 206, 190

■ 237, 159, 119

■ 237, 221, 213

■ 237, 143, 95

■ 237, 237, 237

■ 237, 127, 71

■ 237, 246, 255

■ 237, 111, 47

■ 237, 96, 24

■ 237, 80, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



241, 180, 186



237, 190, 166



217, 223, 154

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



237, 190, 166



153, 188, 207



185, 193, 238

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



237, 190, 166



166, 196, 237

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



156, 185, 237



237, 190, 166



137, 173, 208

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



237, 190, 166



164, 204, 192



137, 176, 226



213, 187, 227

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



237, 190, 166



171, 209, 152



137, 176, 226



175, 191, 239

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



237, 190, 166



255, 240, 232



237, 166, 219



128, 118, 113



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



237, 190, 166



255, 194, 163



190, 237, 166



117, 110, 106



181, 62, 0



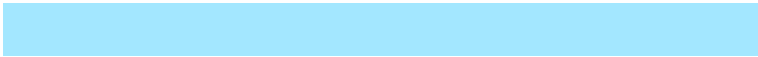
54, 19, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



166, 196, 237



163, 202, 255



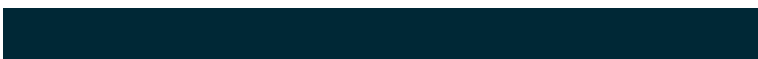
166, 180, 237



106, 111, 117



0, 77, 181



0, 23, 54

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 237, 190, 166 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

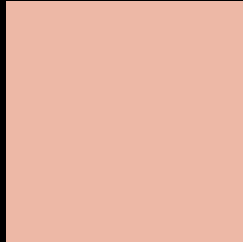
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 237, 190, 166 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

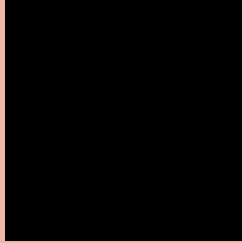
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 237, 190, 166 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 237, 190, 166.

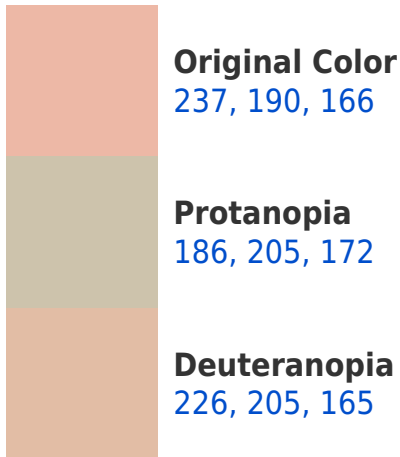



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 237, 190, 166.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
240, 180, 194

Trichromacy



Original Color

237, 190, 166

Protanomaly

217, 208, 170

Deuteranomaly

230, 198, 165

Tritanomaly

239, 181, 184

Monochromacy



Original Color

237, 190, 166

Achromatopsia

198, 198, 198

Achromatomaly

212, 196, 186

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 237, 190, 166 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(237, 184, 166) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 184, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 184, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 184, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 237, 190, 166 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 184, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 184, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 184, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 184, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 184, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 184,  
166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 237, 190, 166 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 184, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
184, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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