

Converting Colors

`RYB(238, 126, 100)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(238, 126, 100) contains.

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Color

R_YB(238, 126, 100)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EE7A64
RGB	238, 122, 100
RGB Percent	93%, 48%, 39%
CMY	0.0667, 0.5220, 0.6078
CMYK	0.00, 0.49, 0.58, 0.07
HSL	10°, 80%, 66%
HSV	10°, 58%, 93%
XYZ	44.5047, 32.9864, 16.0779
YIQ	154.1760, 76.1980, 17.7500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

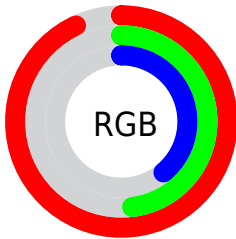
Format	Color
R_{YB}	238, 126, 100
Decimal	15628900
CIE _{Lab}	64.15, 42.79, 32.48
CIE _{LCh}	64, 53.719, 37.200
Yxy	32.9864, 0.4756, 0.3525
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293818980 (0xFFEE7A64)
YUV	154.1760, -26.7088, 73.5136
Hunter-Lab	57.4338, 37.8083, 23.6061

Details

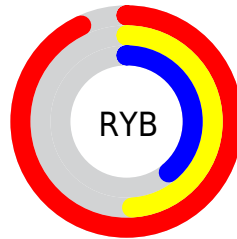
The RYB color **238, 126, 100** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. A complement of this color would be **100, 163, 238**, and the grayscale version is **154, 154, 154**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 184, 151**, and **177, 73, 53** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **238, 107, 76**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **238, 145, 124**.

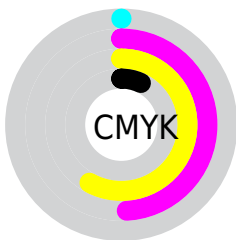
Distribution



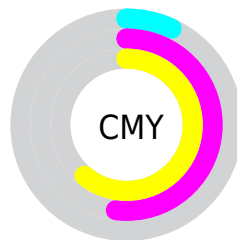
- Red (93%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (7%)




- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 238, 126, 100 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 238, 126, 100 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 238, 126, 100

 238, 126, 100

255, 255, 255

 207, 100, 76

 255, 184, 151

 177, 73, 53

 255, 217, 178

 147, 44, 31

 246, 255, 206

 118, 13, 8

 234, 255, 234


 89, 0, 0

 61, 0, 0

 31, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 238, 126, 100

 238, 126, 100

■ 238, 107, 76

■ 238, 145, 124

■ 238, 88, 52

■ 238, 165, 148

■ 238, 68, 29

■ 238, 184, 171

■ 238, 49, 5

■ 238, 203, 195

■ 238, 45, 0

■ 238, 223, 219

■ 238, 240, 243

■ 238, 247, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



244, 113, 146



238, 126, 100



208, 212, 66

Triad

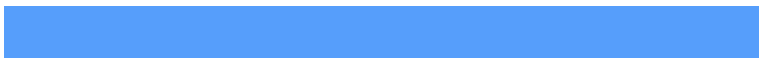
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



238, 126, 100



41, 128, 177



86, 136, 251

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



238, 126, 100



100, 163, 238

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 100, 243



238, 126, 100



0, 93, 179

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



238, 126, 100



75, 169, 123



0, 97, 212



174, 138, 232

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



238, 126, 100



102, 186, 54



0, 97, 212



20, 108, 251

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



238, 126, 100



255, 220, 212



238, 100, 217



128, 107, 102



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



238, 126, 100



255, 110, 77



174, 238, 100



120, 110, 108



184, 34, 0



56, 11, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



100, 163, 238



77, 158, 255



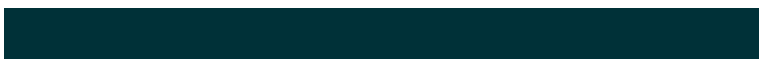
100, 136, 238



108, 113, 120



0, 84, 184



0, 26, 56

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 238, 126, 100 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

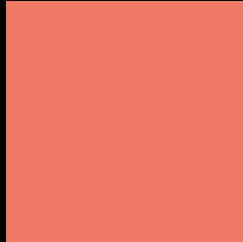
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 238, 126, 100 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 238, 126, 100 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 238, 126, 100.

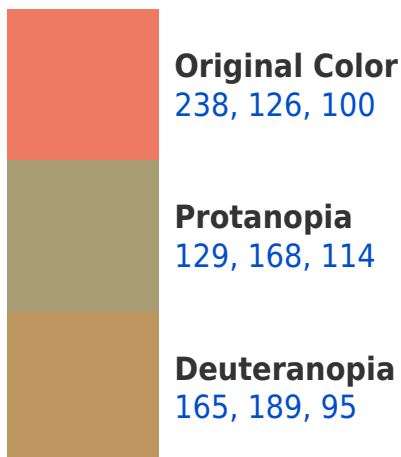


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 238, 126, 100.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
240, 118, 126

Trichromacy



Original Color
238, 126, 100

Protanomaly
193, 169, 109

Deuteranomaly
207, 165, 97

Tritanomaly
239, 119, 117

Monochromacy



Original Color
238, 126, 100

Achromatopsia
154, 154, 154

Achromatomaly
185, 143, 134

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 238, 126, 100 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(238, 122, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(238, 122, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(238, 122, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(238, 122, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 238, 126, 100 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(238, 122, 100) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(238, 122, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(238, 122, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(238, 122, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 122, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 122,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 238, 126, 100 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(238, 122, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(238,  
122, 100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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