

Converting Colors

`RYB(240, 180, 198)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(240, 180, 198) contains.

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Color

R_YB(240, 180, 198)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F0B4C6
RGB	240, 180, 198
RGB Percent	94%, 71%, 78%
CMY	0.0588, 0.2941, 0.2235
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.17, 0.06
HSL	342°, 67%, 82%
HSV	342°, 25%, 94%
XYZ	62.4495, 55.2450, 60.7980
YIQ	199.9920, 29.9820, 18.3180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

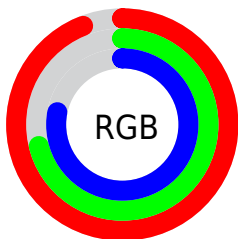
Format	Color
R _Y B	240, 180, 198
Decimal	15774918
CIE Lab	79.18, 24.41, -0.58
CIE LCh	79, 24.416, 358.627
Yxy	55.2450, 0.3499, 0.3095
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293964998 (0xFFFF0B4C6)
YUV	199.9920, -0.9821, 35.0870
Hunter-Lab	74.3270, 19.9034, 3.5308

Details

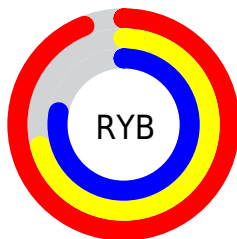
The RYB color **240, 180, 198** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **180, 215, 240**, and the grayscale version is **200, 200, 200**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 236, 255**, and **183, 127, 144** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **240, 156, 181**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **240, 204, 215**.

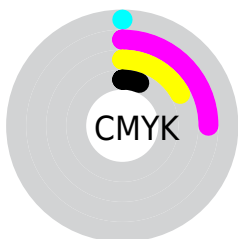
Distribution



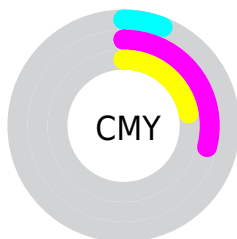
- Red (94%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (6%)





- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 240, 180, 198 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 240, 180, 198 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 240, 180, 198

 240, 180, 198

255, 255, 255

 211, 153, 171

 255, 236, 255

 183, 127, 144

 156, 101, 119

 129, 77, 94

 103, 53, 70

 78, 31, 48

 54, 8, 27

 35, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

240, 180, 198

240, 180, 198

240, 156, 181

240, 204, 215

240, 132, 164

240, 228, 232

240, 108, 148

240, 247, 252

240, 84, 131

240, 248, 255

240, 60, 114

240, 36, 97

240, 12, 80

240, 0, 72

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



225, 184, 220



240, 180, 198



243, 182, 175

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



240, 180, 198



156, 201, 167



142, 179, 234

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



240, 180, 198



180, 215, 240

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



132, 172, 217



240, 180, 198



164, 200, 207

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



240, 180, 198



180, 214, 151



142, 180, 209



168, 189, 241

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



240, 180, 198



237, 194, 163



142, 180, 209



136, 176, 229

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



240, 180, 198



255, 235, 241



222, 180, 240



128, 115, 119



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



240, 180, 198



255, 179, 201



240, 195, 180



120, 108, 111



184, 0, 55



56, 0, 17

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



240, 180, 198



255, 179, 201



180, 207, 240



120, 108, 111



184, 0, 55



56, 0, 17

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 240, 180, 198 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

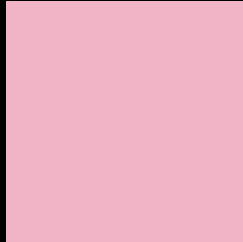
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 240, 180, 198 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

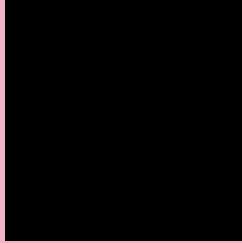
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 240, 180, 198 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 240, 180, 198.

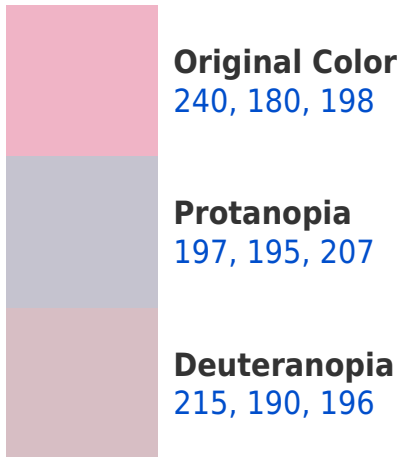



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 240, 180, 198.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
240, 181, 194

Trichromacy



Original Color

240, 180, 198

Protanomaly

213, 190, 204

Deuteranomaly

224, 186, 197

Tritanomaly

240, 181, 195

Monochromacy



Original Color

240, 180, 198

Achromatopsia

200, 200, 200

Achromatomaly

215, 193, 199

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 240, 180, 198 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(240, 180, 198) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 180, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 180, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 180, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 240, 180, 198 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 180, 198) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 180, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(240, 180, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 180, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 180, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 180,  
198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 240, 180, 198 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 180, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240,  
180, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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