

# Converting Colors

`RYB(242, 221, 221)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(242, 221, 221) contains.

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# **Color**

**$\text{RYB}(242, 221, 221)$**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F2DDDD
RGB	242, 221, 221
RGB Percent	95%, 87%, 87%
CMY	0.0510, 0.1333, 0.1333
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.09, 0.05
HSL	0°, 45%, 91%
HSV	0°, 9%, 95%
XYZ	75.5255, 75.8106, 79.0589
YIQ	227.2790, 12.5160, 4.4520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

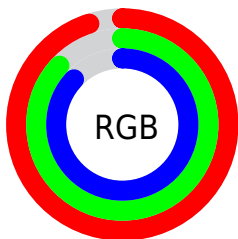
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	242, 221, 221
Decimal	15916509
CIE Lab	89.77, 7.20, 2.60
CIE LCh	90, 7.660, 19.875
Yxy	75.8106, 0.3278, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294106589 (0xFF2D00)
YUV	227.2790, -3.0955, 12.9103
Hunter-Lab	87.0693, 2.4630, 7.1132

# Details

The RYB color **242, 221, 221** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **221, 232, 242**, and the grayscale version is **227, 227, 227**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **186, 166, 166** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **242, 197, 197**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **242, 244, 245**.

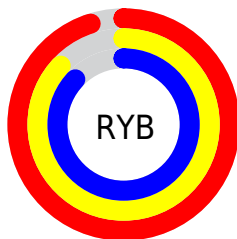
# Distribution



Red (95%)

Green (87%)

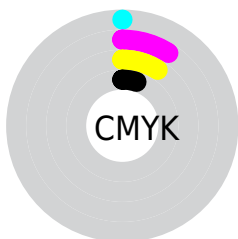
Blue (87%)



Red (95%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (87%)

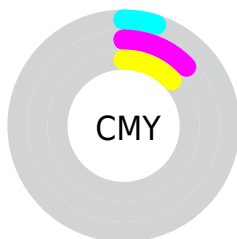


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (5%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 242, 221, 221 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 242, 221, 221 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 242, 221, 221

255, 255, 255

 242, 221, 221

 214, 193, 193


 186, 166, 166


 159, 140, 140

 133, 114, 114

 107, 90, 90

 83, 66, 66

 60, 44, 44

 38, 23, 24


 15, 0, 0

 242, 221, 221


 242, 221, 221


 242, 197, 197


 242, 244, 245

 242, 173, 173

 242, 249, 255

 242, 148, 148

 242, 124, 124

 242, 100, 100

 242, 76, 76

 242, 52, 52

 242, 27, 27

 242, 3, 3

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



239, 221, 228



242, 221, 221



240, 225, 215

# Triad

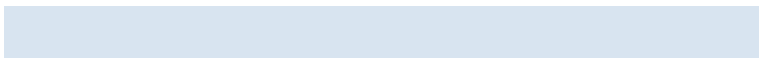
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



242, 221, 221



216, 229, 227



216, 224, 240

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



242, 221, 221



221, 232, 242

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



210, 221, 237



242, 221, 221



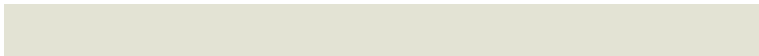
211, 223, 230

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



242, 221, 221



212, 227, 212



208, 219, 230



224, 225, 239

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



242, 221, 221



237, 235, 212



208, 219, 230



213, 223, 239



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



242, 221, 221



255, 247, 247



242, 221, 242



128, 122, 122



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

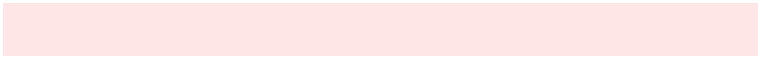


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



242, 221, 221



255, 230, 230



242, 240, 221



120, 108, 108



184, 0, 0



56, 0, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



221, 232, 242



230, 243, 255



221, 228, 242



108, 114, 120



0, 92, 184

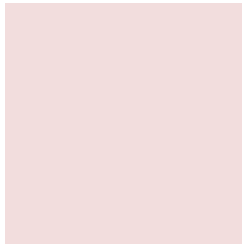


0, 28, 56



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 242, 221, 221 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

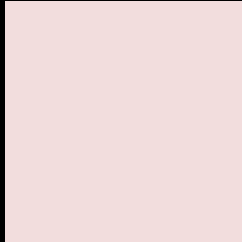
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 242, 221, 221 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

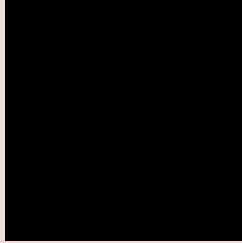
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

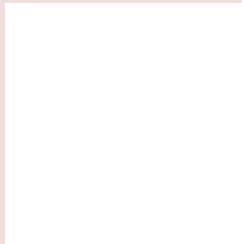
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **R Y B 242, 221, 221 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 242, 221, 221.

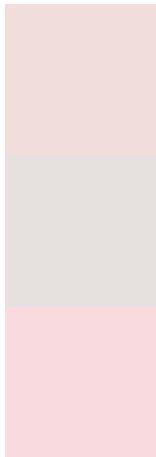


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 242, 221, 221.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
242, 221, 221

**Protanopia**  
230, 226, 223

**Deuteranopia**  
249, 218, 222



# Tritanopia

244, 219, 236

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

242, 221, 221

**Protanomaly**

234, 224, 222

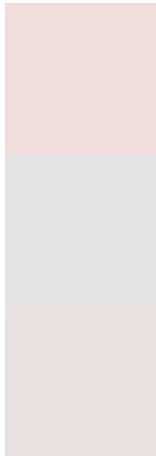
**Deuteranomaly**

246, 219, 222

**Tritanomaly**

243, 220, 231

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

242, 221, 221

**Achromatopsia**

227, 227, 227

**Achromatomaly**

232, 225, 225

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 242, 221, 221 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(242, 221, 221) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 221, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 221, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 221, 221) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 242, 221, 221 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 221, 221) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 221, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 221, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 221, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 221, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 221,  
221) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 242, 221, 221 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 221, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
221, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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