

Converting Colors

`RYB(243, 158, 172)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(243, 158, 172) contains.

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Color

`RYB(243, 158, 172)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F39EAC
RGB	243, 158, 172
RGB Percent	95%, 62%, 67%
CMY	0.0471, 0.3804, 0.3255
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.29, 0.05
HSL	350°, 78%, 79%
HSV	350°, 35%, 95%
XYZ	56.6354, 46.4870, 45.0176
YIQ	185.0110, 46.1660, 22.3740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

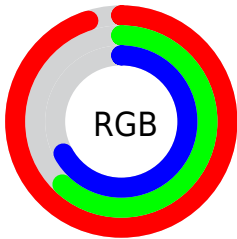
Format	Color
R _Y B	243, 158, 172
Decimal	15965868
CIE Lab	73.86, 33.42, 5.94
CIE LCh	74, 33.940, 10.075
Yxy	46.4870, 0.3823, 0.3138
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294155948 (0xFF F39EAC)
YUV	185.0110, -6.4144, 50.8564
Hunter-Lab	68.1813, 28.9551, 8.5800

Details

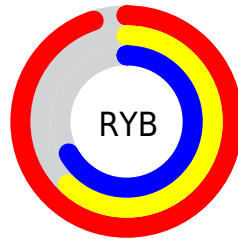
The RYB color **243, 158, 172** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **158, 204, 243**, and the grayscale version is **185, 185, 185**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 213, 227**, and **185, 105, 120** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **243, 134, 152**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **243, 182, 192**.

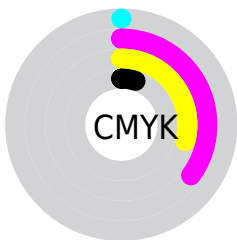
Distribution



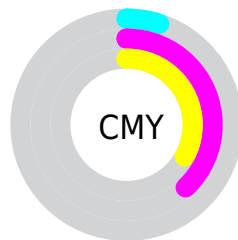
- Red (95%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 243, 158, 172 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 243, 158, 172 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 243, 158, 172

 243, 158, 172

255, 255, 255

 214, 131, 145

 255, 213, 227

 185, 105, 120

 255, 242, 255

 157, 80, 95

 129, 56, 72

 102, 31, 49

 76, 4, 28

 52, 0, 1

 17, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 243, 158, 172

■ 243, 158, 172

■ 243, 134, 152

■ 243, 182, 192

■ 243, 109, 131

■ 243, 207, 213

■ 243, 85, 111

■ 243, 231, 233

■ 243, 61, 91

■ 243, 250, 255

■ 243, 37, 71

■ 243, 249, 255

■ 243, 12, 50

■ 243, 0, 40

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



230, 161, 203



243, 158, 172



239, 168, 143

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



243, 158, 172



133, 192, 167



108, 159, 239

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



243, 158, 172



158, 204, 243

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76, 142, 221



243, 158, 172



121, 172, 197

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



243, 158, 172



132, 193, 120



87, 145, 199



156, 175, 243

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



243, 158, 172



228, 197, 128



87, 145, 199



94, 152, 235

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



243, 158, 172



255, 230, 234



229, 158, 243



128, 112, 115



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



243, 158, 172



255, 148, 166



243, 200, 158



122, 110, 112



186, 0, 31



59, 0, 10

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



243, 158, 172



255, 148, 166



158, 192, 243



122, 110, 112



186, 0, 31



59, 0, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 243, 158, 172 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

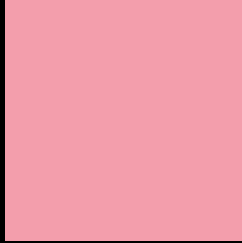
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 243, 158, 172 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 243, 158, 172 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 243, 158, 172.

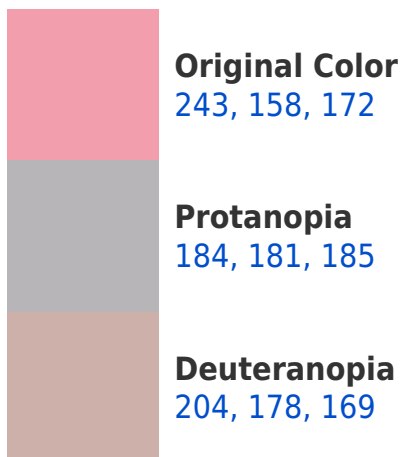



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 243, 158, 172.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
243, 158, 170

Trichromacy



Original Color

243, 158, 172



Protanomaly

205, 173, 180



Deuteranomaly

218, 169, 170



Tritanomaly

243, 158, 171

Monochromacy



Original Color

243, 158, 172



Achromatopsia

185, 185, 185



Achromatomaly

206, 175, 180

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 243, 158, 172 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(243, 158, 172) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 158, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 158, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 158, 172) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 243, 158, 172 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 158, 172) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 158, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 158, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 158, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 158, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 158,  
172) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 243, 158, 172 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 158, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
158, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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