

Converting Colors

`RYB(243, 161, 209)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(243, 161, 209) contains.

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Color

R_YB(243, 161, 209)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F3A1D1
RGB	243, 161, 209
RGB Percent	95%, 63%, 82%
CMY	0.0471, 0.3686, 0.1804
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.14, 0.05
HSL	325°, 77%, 79%
HSV	325°, 34%, 95%
XYZ	61.2156, 49.1479, 66.5817
YIQ	190.9900, 33.4640, 32.3120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

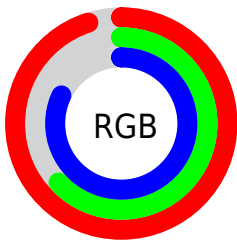
Format	Color
R_{YB}	243, 161, 209
Decimal	15966673
CIE Lab	75.54, 37.21, -11.92
CIE LCh	76, 39.076, 342.233
Yxy	49.1479, 0.3460, 0.2778
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294156753 (0xFFF3A1D1)
YUV	190.9900, 8.8789, 45.6128
Hunter-Lab	70.1055, 33.1802, -7.2359

Details

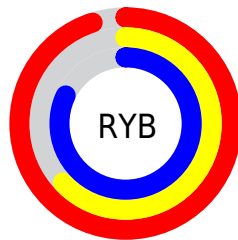
The RYB color **243, 161, 209** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **161, 219, 243**, and the grayscale version is **191, 191, 191**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 217, 255**, and **186, 108, 155** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **243, 137, 199**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **243, 185, 219**.

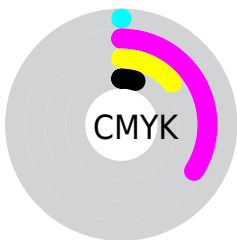
Distribution



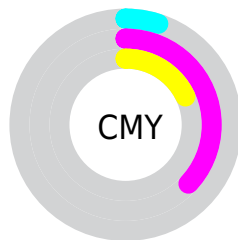
- Red (95%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 243, 161, 209 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 243, 161, 209 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 243, 161, 209

255, 255, 255


 255, 217, 255


 255, 246, 255

 243, 161, 209

 214, 134, 181

 186, 108, 155

 158, 83, 129

 131, 58, 103

 104, 33, 79

 79, 4, 56

 54, 0, 35

 30, 0, 11

 0, 0, 0

■ 243, 161, 209

■ 243, 161, 209

■ 243, 137, 199

■ 243, 185, 219

■ 243, 112, 189

■ 243, 210, 229

■ 243, 88, 179

■ 243, 234, 239

■ 243, 64, 169

■ 243, 251, 255

■ 243, 39, 159

■ 243, 249, 255

■ 243, 15, 149

■ 243, 0, 142

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



209, 171, 240



243, 161, 209



255, 158, 173

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



243, 161, 209



121, 195, 115



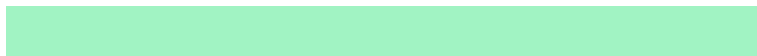
44, 130, 233

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



243, 161, 209



161, 219, 243

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62, 136, 206



243, 161, 209



132, 198, 174

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



243, 161, 209



216, 229, 118



111, 171, 204



98, 158, 254

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



243, 161, 209



255, 164, 149



111, 171, 204



41, 127, 223

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



243, 161, 209



255, 230, 244



194, 161, 243



128, 112, 121



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



243, 161, 209



255, 153, 213



243, 161, 169



122, 110, 117



186, 0, 109



59, 0, 34

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



243, 161, 209



255, 153, 213



161, 204, 243



122, 110, 117



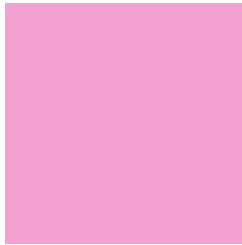
186, 0, 109



59, 0, 34

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 243, 161, 209 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

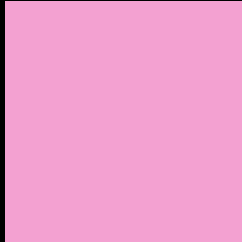
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 243, 161, 209 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 243, 161, 209 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 243, 161, 209.

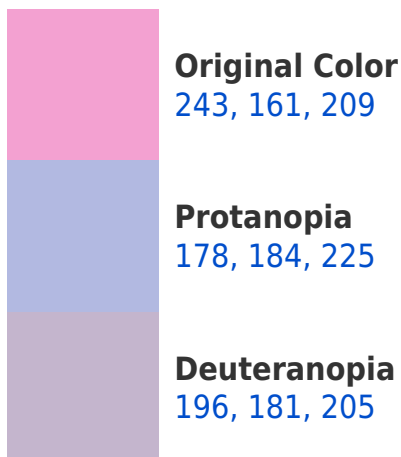



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 243, 161, 209.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
240, 166, 179

Trichromacy



Original Color

243, 161, 209



Protanomaly

202, 176, 219



Deuteranomaly

213, 174, 206



Tritanomaly

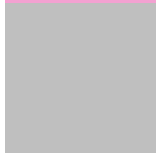
241, 164, 190

Monochromacy



Original Color

243, 161, 209



Achromatopsia

191, 191, 191



Achromatomaly

210, 180, 198

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 243, 161, 209 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(243, 161, 209) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 161, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 161, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 161, 209) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 243, 161, 209 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 161, 209) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 161, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 161, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 161, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 161, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 161,  
209) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 243, 161, 209 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 161, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
161, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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