

Converting Colors

`RYB(243, 176, 183)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(243, 176, 183) contains.

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Color

R_YB(243, 176, 183)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F3B0B7
RGB	243, 176, 183
RGB Percent	95%, 69%, 72%
CMY	0.0471, 0.3098, 0.2824
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.25, 0.05
HSL	354°, 74%, 82%
HSV	354°, 28%, 95%
XYZ	61.0347, 53.5243, 51.9141
YIQ	196.8310, 37.6850, 16.3810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

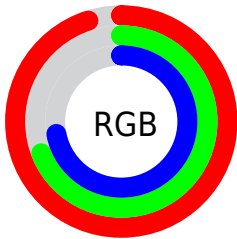
Format	Color
R_{YB}	243, 176, 183
Decimal	15970487
CIE _{Lab}	78.18, 25.41, 6.14
CIE _{LCh}	78, 26.138, 13.588
Yxy	53.5243, 0.3666, 0.3215
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294160567 (0xFFFF3B0B7)
YUV	196.8310, -6.8187, 40.4902
Hunter-Lab	73.1603, 20.8850, 9.1404

Details

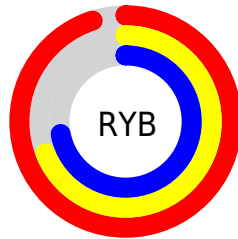
The RYB color **243, 176, 183** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **176, 211, 243**, and the grayscale version is **197, 197, 197**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 232, 239**, and **186, 123, 130** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **243, 152, 161**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **243, 200, 205**.

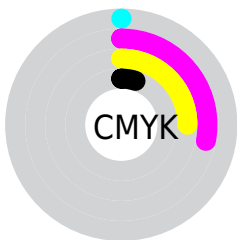
Distribution



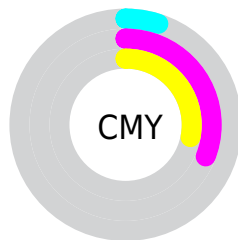
- Red (95%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 243, 176, 183 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 243, 176, 183 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 243, 176, 183

 243, 176, 183


255, 255, 255

 214, 149, 156


 255, 232, 239

 186, 123, 130

 158, 98, 105

 131, 73, 81

 104, 50, 58

 79, 27, 37

 54, 4, 15

 31, 0, 1


 0, 0, 0

 243, 176, 183

 243, 176, 183

 243, 152, 161

 243, 200, 205

 243, 127, 139

 243, 225, 227

 243, 103, 118

 243, 246, 249

 243, 79, 96

 243, 249, 255

 243, 55, 74

 243, 30, 52

 243, 6, 31

 243, 0, 25

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



233, 177, 208



243, 176, 183



239, 186, 161

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



243, 176, 183



158, 202, 187



147, 181, 239

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



243, 176, 183



176, 211, 243

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



126, 170, 226



243, 176, 183



146, 185, 206

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



243, 176, 183



152, 200, 146



127, 168, 207



179, 190, 240

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



243, 176, 183



230, 211, 151



127, 168, 207



138, 177, 236

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



243, 176, 183



255, 235, 237



235, 176, 243



128, 115, 116



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



243, 176, 183



255, 171, 180



243, 218, 176



122, 110, 111



186, 0, 19



59, 0, 6

Inverse Universe

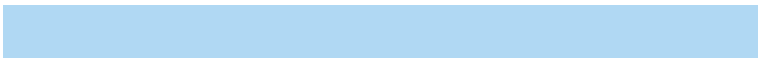
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



243, 176, 183



255, 171, 180



176, 201, 243



122, 110, 111



186, 0, 19



59, 0, 6

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 243, 176, 183 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

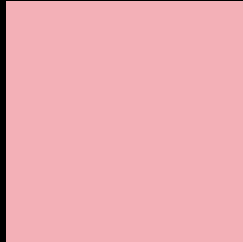
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 243, 176, 183 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 243, 176, 183 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 243, 176, 183.

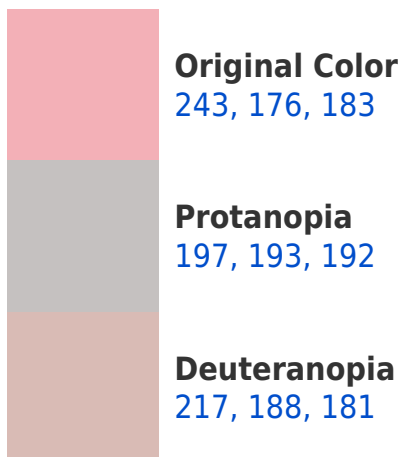


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 243, 176, 183.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

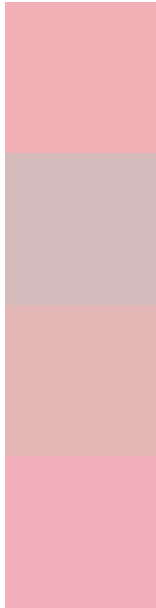
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
244, 175, 189

Trichromacy



Original Color

243, 176, 183

Protanomaly

214, 187, 189

Deuteranomaly

226, 183, 182

Tritanomaly

244, 175, 187

Monochromacy



Original Color

243, 176, 183

Achromatopsia

197, 197, 197

Achromatomaly

214, 189, 192

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 243, 176, 183 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(243, 176, 183) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 176, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 176, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 176, 183) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 243, 176, 183 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 176, 183) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 176, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 176, 183)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 176, 183); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 176, 183);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 176,  
183) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 243, 176, 183 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 176, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
176, 183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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