

Converting Colors

`RYB(243, 176, 204)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(243, 176, 204) contains.

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Color

R_YB(243, 176, 204)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F3B0CC
RGB	243, 176, 204
RGB Percent	95%, 69%, 80%
CMY	0.0471, 0.3098, 0.2000
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.16, 0.05
HSL	335°, 74%, 82%
HSV	335°, 28%, 95%
XYZ	63.3866, 54.4650, 64.2987
YIQ	199.2250, 30.9440, 22.9120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

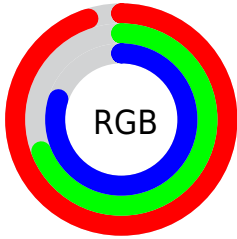
Format	Color
R _Y B	243, 176, 204
Decimal	15970508
CIE Lab	78.73, 28.51, -4.46
CIE LCh	79, 28.860, 351.103
Yxy	54.4650, 0.3480, 0.2990
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294160588 (0xFF3B0CC)
YUV	199.2250, 2.3541, 38.3907
Hunter-Lab	73.8004, 24.1615, 0.0038

Details

The RYB color **243, 176, 204** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **176, 218, 243**, and the grayscale version is **199, 199, 199**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 232, 255**, and **186, 123, 150** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **243, 152, 190**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **243, 200, 218**.

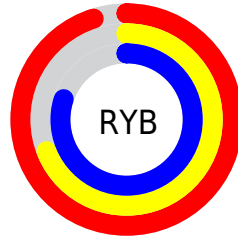
Distribution



Red (95%)

Green (69%)

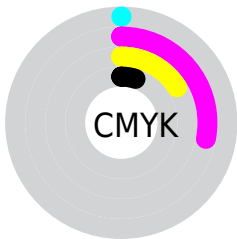
Blue (80%)



Red (95%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (80%)

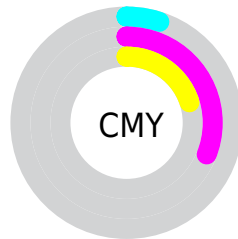


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (5%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 243, 176, 204 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 243, 176, 204 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 243, 176, 204

255, 255, 255


 255, 232, 255

 243, 176, 204

 214, 149, 177

 186, 123, 150

 158, 97, 124

 131, 73, 99

 105, 49, 75

 80, 26, 53

 55, 2, 32

 36, 0, 7

 0, 0, 0

■ 243, 176, 204

■ 243, 176, 204

■ 243, 152, 190

■ 243, 200, 218

■ 243, 127, 176

■ 243, 225, 232

■ 243, 103, 162

■ 243, 247, 249

■ 243, 79, 147

■ 243, 249, 255

■ 243, 55, 133

■ 243, 30, 119

■ 243, 6, 105

■ 243, 0, 102

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



222, 182, 229



243, 176, 204



250, 176, 177

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



243, 176, 204



144, 199, 148



121, 170, 236

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



243, 176, 204



176, 218, 243

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



116, 164, 213



243, 176, 204



160, 206, 202

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



243, 176, 204



195, 222, 142



135, 179, 209



150, 183, 247

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



243, 176, 204



246, 184, 161



135, 179, 209



116, 167, 229

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



243, 176, 204



255, 235, 243



214, 176, 243



128, 115, 120



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



243, 176, 204



255, 171, 206



243, 180, 176



122, 110, 115



186, 0, 78



59, 0, 25

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



243, 176, 204



255, 171, 206



176, 208, 243



122, 110, 115



186, 0, 78



59, 0, 25

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 243, 176, 204 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

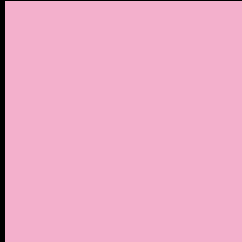
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 243, 176, 204 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 243, 176, 204 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 243, 176, 204.

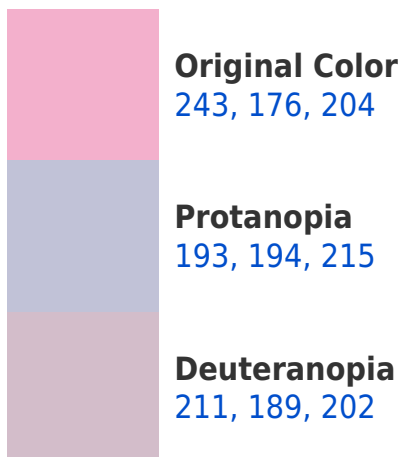



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 243, 176, 204.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
242, 178, 192

Trichromacy



Original Color

243, 176, 204



Protanomaly

211, 187, 211



Deuteranomaly

223, 184, 203



Tritanomaly

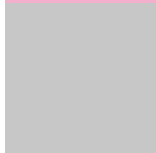
242, 177, 196

Monochromacy



Original Color

243, 176, 204



Achromatopsia

199, 199, 199



Achromatomaly

215, 191, 201

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 243, 176, 204 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(243, 176, 204) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 176, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 176, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 176, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 243, 176, 204 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 176, 204) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 176, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 176, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 176, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 176, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 176,  
204) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 243, 176, 204 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 176, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
176, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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