

Converting Colors

`RYB(245, 143, 146)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(245, 143, 146) contains.

RYB(245, 143, 146)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

$\text{RYB}(245, 143, 146)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F58F92
RGB	245, 143, 146
RGB Percent	96%, 56%, 57%
CMY	0.0392, 0.4392, 0.4275
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.40, 0.04
HSL	358°, 84%, 76%
HSV	358°, 42%, 96%
XYZ	52.6670, 41.1327, 32.3577
YIQ	173.8400, 59.8290, 22.5570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

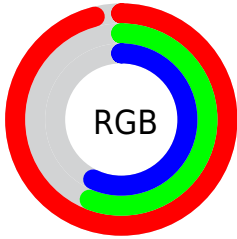
Format	Color
R _Y B	245, 143, 146
Decimal	16093074
CIE Lab	70.27, 38.83, 15.27
CIE LCh	70, 41.727, 21.472
Yxy	41.1327, 0.4175, 0.3260
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294283154 (0xFFFF58F92)
YUV	173.8400, -13.7251, 62.4073
Hunter-Lab	64.1348, 34.3468, 14.9810

Details

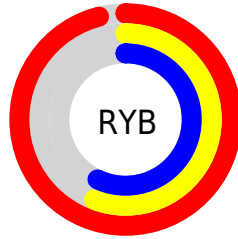
The RYB color **245, 143, 146** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **143, 195, 245**, and the grayscale version is **174, 174, 174**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 198, 200**, and **186, 91, 96** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **245, 119, 122**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **245, 168, 170**.

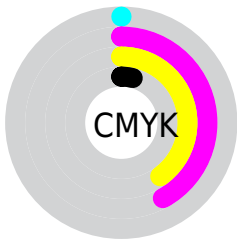
Distribution



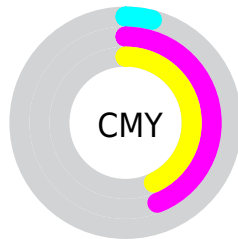
- Red (96%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 245, 143, 146 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 245, 143, 146 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 245, 143, 146

 245, 143, 146

255, 255, 255

 215, 116, 120


 255, 198, 200

 186, 91, 96

 255, 227, 228

 157, 65, 72

 128, 40, 50


 101, 10, 29

 74, 0, 3

 50, 0, 2

 0, 0, 0

 245, 143, 146

 245, 143, 146

■ 245, 119, 122

■ 245, 168, 170

■ 245, 94, 98

■ 245, 192, 194

■ 245, 70, 75

■ 245, 217, 217

■ 245, 45, 51

■ 245, 241, 241

■ 245, 21, 27

■ 245, 250, 255

■ 245, 0, 7

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



238, 143, 184



245, 143, 146



233, 172, 114

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



245, 143, 146



123, 187, 185



92, 148, 246

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



245, 143, 146



143, 195, 245

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 103, 230



245, 143, 146



70, 140, 191

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



245, 143, 146



100, 178, 109



0, 97, 198



160, 166, 242

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



245, 143, 146



205, 216, 100



0, 97, 198



64, 135, 243

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



245, 143, 146



255, 224, 225



242, 143, 245



128, 110, 110



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



245, 143, 146



255, 128, 131



245, 234, 143



122, 110, 111



186, 0, 5



59, 0, 2

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



245, 143, 146



255, 128, 131



143, 178, 245



122, 110, 111



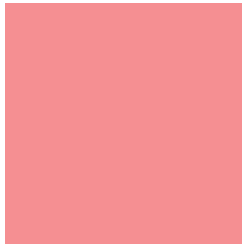
186, 0, 5



59, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 245, 143, 146 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

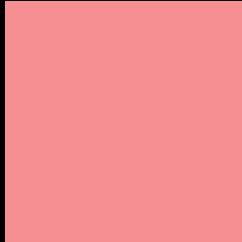
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 245, 143, 146 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 245, 143, 146 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 245, 143, 146.

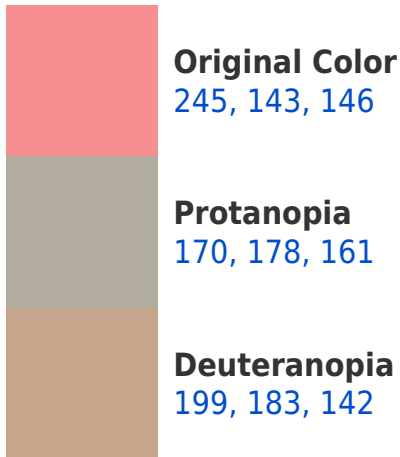


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 245, 143, 146.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
246, 142, 152

Trichromacy



Original Color

245, 143, 146



Protanomaly

202, 162, 156



Deuteranomaly

216, 162, 143



Tritanomaly

246, 142, 150

Monochromacy



Original Color

245, 143, 146



Achromatopsia

174, 174, 174



Achromatomaly

200, 163, 164

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 245, 143, 146 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(245, 143, 146) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 143, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 143, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 143, 146) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 245, 143, 146 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 143, 146) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 143, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(245, 143, 146)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 143, 146); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 143, 146); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 143, 146) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 245, 143, 146 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 143, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
143, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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