

Converting Colors

`RYB(247, 148, 163)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(247, 148, 163) contains.

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Color

R_YB(247, 148, 163)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F794A3
RGB	247, 148, 163
RGB Percent	97%, 58%, 64%
CMY	0.0314, 0.4196, 0.3608
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.34, 0.03
HSL	351°, 86%, 77%
HSV	351°, 40%, 97%
XYZ	55.5585, 43.5983, 40.1374
YIQ	179.3110, 54.1890, 25.6530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

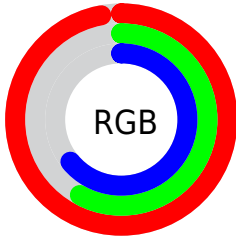
Format	Color
R _Y B	247, 148, 163
Decimal	16225443
CIE Lab	71.96, 38.93, 8.25
CIE LCh	72, 39.792, 11.966
Yxy	43.5983, 0.3989, 0.3130
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294415523 (0xFF794A3)
YUV	179.3110, -8.0413, 59.3633
Hunter-Lab	66.0290, 34.6438, 10.1794

Details

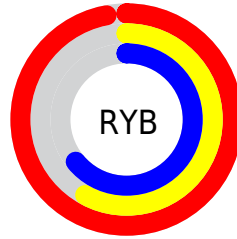
The RYB color **247, 148, 163** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **148, 202, 247**, and the grayscale version is **179, 179, 179**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 203, 218**, and **188, 95, 111** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **247, 123, 142**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **247, 173, 184**.

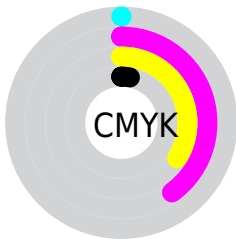
Distribution



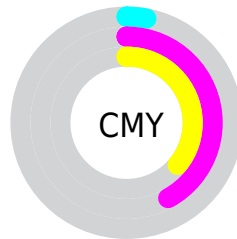
- Red (97%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 247, 148, 163 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 247, 148, 163 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 247, 148, 163

 247, 148, 163

255, 255, 255


 217, 121, 137

 255, 203, 218

 188, 95, 111

 255, 232, 246

 160, 70, 87

 131, 44, 64

 104, 17, 42

 77, 0, 22


 53, 0, 1

 11, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 247, 148, 163


 247, 148, 163

 247, 123, 142

 247, 173, 184

 247, 99, 121

 247, 197, 205

 247, 74, 100

 247, 222, 226

 247, 49, 79

 247, 247, 247

 247, 25, 58

 247, 251, 255

 247, 0, 37

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



233, 151, 200



247, 148, 163



241, 163, 129

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



247, 148, 163



121, 188, 163



82, 145, 245

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



247, 148, 163



148, 202, 247

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 104, 224



247, 148, 163



99, 160, 194

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



247, 148, 163



112, 186, 104



41, 120, 196



147, 169, 247

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



247, 148, 163



228, 198, 113



41, 120, 196



57, 134, 240

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



247, 148, 163



255, 224, 229



231, 148, 247



128, 110, 112



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



247, 148, 163



255, 133, 151



247, 198, 148



122, 110, 112



186, 0, 28



59, 0, 9

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



247, 148, 163



255, 133, 151



148, 188, 247



122, 110, 112



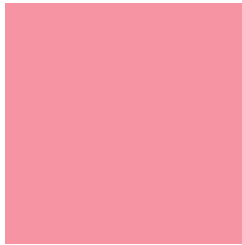
186, 0, 28



59, 0, 9

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 247, 148, 163 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

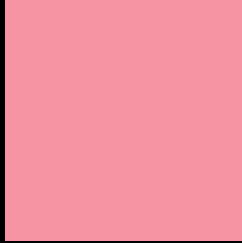
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 247, 148, 163 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 247, 148, 163 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 247, 148, 163.

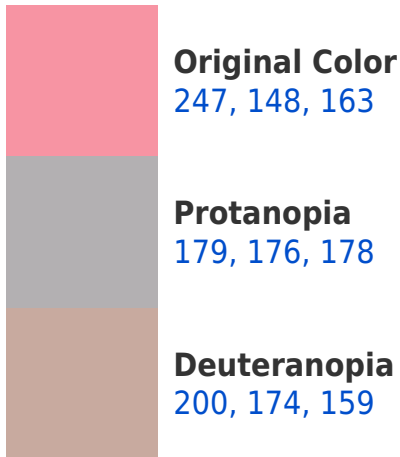


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 247, 148, 163.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
247, 149, 160

Trichromacy



Original Color

247, 148, 163



Protanomaly

204, 166, 173



Deuteranomaly

217, 162, 160



Tritanomaly

247, 149, 161

Monochromacy



Original Color

247, 148, 163



Achromatopsia

179, 179, 179



Achromatomaly

204, 168, 173

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 247, 148, 163 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(247, 148, 163) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 148, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 148, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 148, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 247, 148, 163 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 148, 163) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 148, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 148, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 148, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 148, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 148,  
163) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 247, 148, 163 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 148, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
148, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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