

# Converting Colors

`RYB(248, 104, 104)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(248, 104, 104) contains.

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# Color

**$\text{RYB}(248, 104, 104)$**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F86868
RGB	248, 104, 104
RGB Percent	97%, 41%, 41%
CMY	0.0275, 0.5922, 0.5922
CMYK	0.00, 0.58, 0.58, 0.03
HSL	0°, 91%, 69%
HSV	0°, 58%, 97%
XYZ	46.1604, 30.8566, 16.6197
YIQ	147.0560, 85.8240, 30.5280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

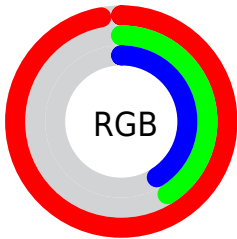
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	248, 104, 104
Decimal	16279656
CIE Lab	62.39, 55.15, 28.26
CIE LCh	62, 61.968, 27.136
Yxy	30.8566, 0.4930, 0.3295
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294469736 (0xFFFF86868)
YUV	147.0560, -21.2266, 88.5279
Hunter-Lab	55.5487, 51.1215, 21.1450

# Details

The RYB color **248, 104, 104** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. A complement of this color would be **104, 176, 248**, and the grayscale version is **147, 147, 147**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 160, 155**, and **186, 47, 57** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **248, 79, 79**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **248, 129, 129**.

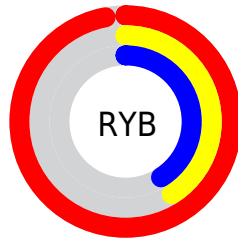
# Distribution



Red (97%)

Green (41%)

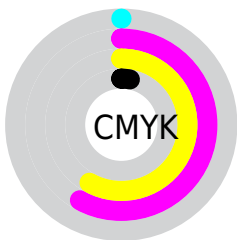
Blue (41%)



Red (97%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (41%)

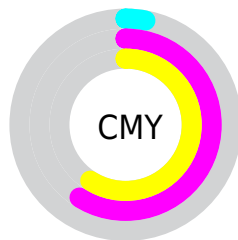


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (58%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (3%)

Magenta (59%)


Yellow (59%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 248, 104, 104 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 248, 104, 104 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 248, 104, 104

 248, 104, 104

255, 255, 255

 217, 76, 80

 255, 160, 155

 186, 47, 57

 255, 189, 182

 155, 7, 35

 255, 218, 210

 125, 0, 15

 255, 253, 238


 95, 0, 0

 67, 0, 2

 36, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 248, 104, 104

 248, 104, 104

 248, 79, 79


 248, 129, 129

 248, 54, 54

 248, 154, 154

 248, 30, 30

 248, 178, 178

 248, 5, 5

 248, 203, 203

 248, 0, 0

 248, 228, 228

 248, 251, 253

 248, 252, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



246, 98, 158



248, 104, 104



225, 171, 57

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



248, 104, 104



48, 142, 172



0, 98, 255

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



248, 104, 104



104, 176, 248

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 100, 243



248, 104, 104



0, 98, 177

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



248, 104, 104



42, 162, 74



0, 94, 200



141, 138, 249

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



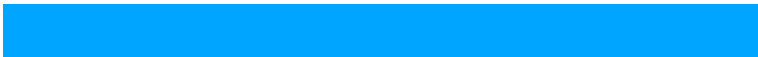
248, 104, 104



125, 199, 33



0, 94, 200



0, 100, 255



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



248, 104, 104



255, 212, 212



248, 104, 248



128, 102, 102



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



248, 104, 104



255, 77, 77



248, 248, 104



125, 112, 112



189, 0, 0



61, 0, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



104, 176, 248



77, 166, 255



104, 152, 248



112, 119, 125



0, 95, 189



0, 31, 61



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 248, 104, 104 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 248, 104, 104 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 248, 104, 104 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 248, 104, 104.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 248, 104, 104.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
248, 103, 110

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
248, 104, 104

**Protanomaly**  
192, 139, 117

**Deuteranomaly**  
206, 142, 100

**Tritanomaly**  
248, 103, 108

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
248, 104, 104

**Achromatopsia**  
147, 147, 147

**Achromatomaly**  
184, 131, 131

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 248, 104, 104 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(248, 104, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(248, 104, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 104, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(248, 104, 104) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 248, 104, 104 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(248, 104, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(248, 104, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(248, 104, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(248, 104, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 104, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 104,  
104) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 248, 104, 104 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(248, 104, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(248,  
104, 104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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