

# Converting Colors

`RYB(250, 221, 226)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(250, 221, 226) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(250, 221, 226)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FADDE2
RGB	250, 221, 226
RGB Percent	98%, 87%, 89%
CMY	0.0196, 0.1333, 0.1137
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.10, 0.02
HSL	350°, 74%, 92%
HSV	350°, 12%, 98%
XYZ	79.0083, 77.5279, 82.7517
YIQ	230.2410, 15.6790, 7.7030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

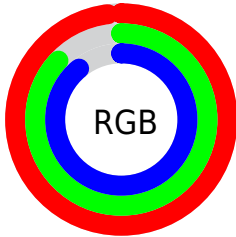
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	250, 221, 226
Decimal	16440802
CIE Lab	90.56, 10.80, 1.21
CIE LCh	91, 10.867, 6.417
Yxy	77.5279, 0.3302, 0.3240
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294630882 (0xFFFA <sub>D</sub> DE2)
YUV	230.2410, -2.0908, 17.3286
Hunter-Lab	88.0499, 6.0829, 5.9126

# Details

The RYB color **250, 221, 226** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **221, 237, 250**, and the grayscale version is **230, 230, 230**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **193, 166, 171** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **250, 196, 205**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **250, 246, 247**.

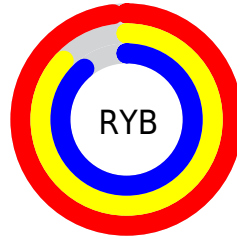
# Distribution



Red (98%)

Green (87%)

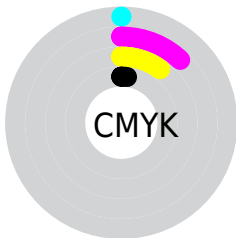
Blue (89%)



Red (98%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (89%)

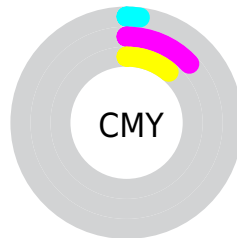


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (2%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 250, 221, 226 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 250, 221, 226 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 250, 221, 226

255, 255, 255

 250, 221, 226

 221, 193, 198

 193, 166, 171


 166, 140, 144

 140, 114, 119

 114, 89, 94

 89, 66, 70


 65, 44, 48

 43, 23, 27


 25, 0, 0

 250, 221, 226


 250, 221, 226


 250, 196, 205


 250, 246, 247


 250, 171, 185

 250, 253, 255

 250, 146, 164

 250, 121, 143

 250, 96, 123

 250, 71, 102

 250, 46, 81

 250, 21, 60

 250, 0, 43

# Harmonies

## Analogous

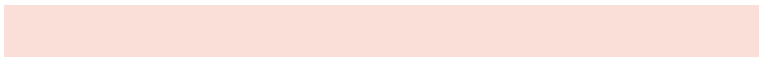
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



244, 222, 236



250, 221, 226



250, 223, 216

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



250, 221, 226



211, 231, 220



209, 223, 247

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



250, 221, 226



221, 237, 250

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



203, 220, 240



250, 221, 226



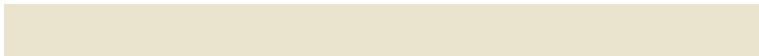
211, 227, 233

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



250, 221, 226



215, 234, 207



204, 220, 234



220, 226, 248

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



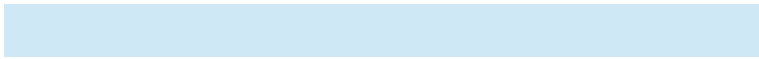
250, 221, 226



247, 231, 211



204, 220, 234



206, 222, 245



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



250, 221, 226



255, 247, 249



245, 221, 250



128, 122, 123



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

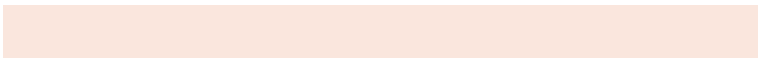
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



250, 221, 226



255, 219, 225



250, 234, 221



125, 112, 115



189, 0, 33



61, 0, 11



# Inverse Universe

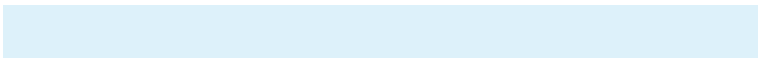
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



250, 221, 226



255, 219, 225



221, 233, 250



125, 112, 115



189, 0, 33

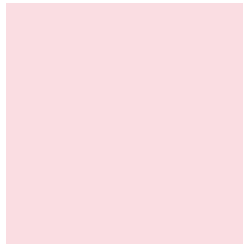


61, 0, 11



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 250, 221, 226 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

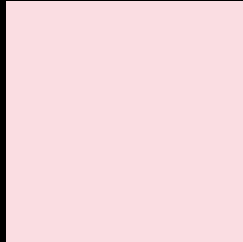
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 250, 221, 226 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

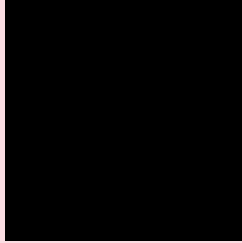
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

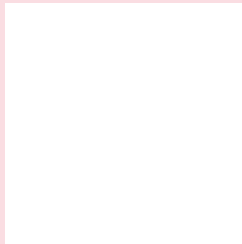
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RYB 250, 221, 226 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 250, 221, 226.

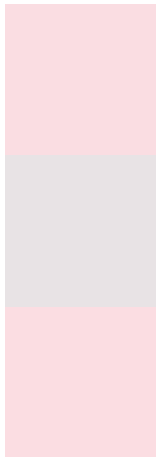


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 250, 221, 226.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
250, 221, 226

**Protanopia**  
232, 227, 229

**Deuteranopia**  
251, 221, 226



**Tritanopia**  
251, 219, 237

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

250, 221, 226

**Protanomaly**

239, 225, 228

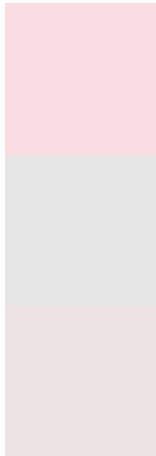
**Deuteranomaly**

251, 221, 226

**Tritanomaly**

251, 220, 233

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

250, 221, 226

**Achromatopsia**

230, 230, 230

**Achromatomaly**

237, 227, 229

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 250, 221, 226 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(250, 221, 226) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 221, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 221, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 221, 226) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 250, 221, 226 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 221, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 221, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(250, 221, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 221, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 221, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 221,  
226) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 250, 221, 226 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 221, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250,  
221, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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