

# Converting Colors

`RYB(250, 227, 255)`

Have a look what the booklet for RYB(250, 227, 255) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(250, 227, 255)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FAE3FF
RGB	250, 227, 255
RGB Percent	98%, 89%, 100%
CMY	0.0196, 0.1098, 0.0000
CMYK	0.02, 0.11, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	289°, 100%, 95%
HSV	289°, 11%, 100%
XYZ	84.9434, 82.4822, 106.0514
YIQ	237.0690, 4.7200, 13.5840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

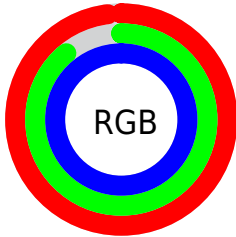
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	250, 227, 255
Decimal	16442367
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	92.79, 12.70, -10.69
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	93, 16.602, 319.931
Y <sub>xy</sub>	82.4822, 0.3106, 0.3016
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294632447 (0xFFFAE3FF)
YUV	237.0690, 8.8400, 11.3405
Hunter-Lab	90.8197, 8.0161, -5.6600

# Details

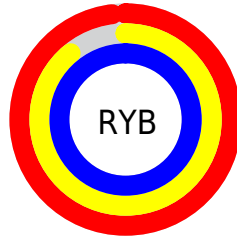
The RYB color **250, 227, 255** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **227, 255, 250**, and the grayscale version is **237, 237, 237**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **193, 172, 198** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **245, 202, 255**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 252, 255**.

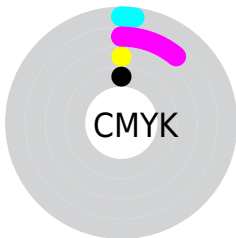
# Distribution



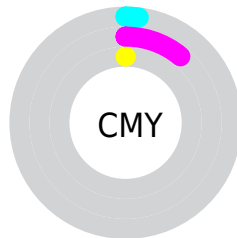
- Red (98%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 250, 227, 255 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 250, 227, 255 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 250, 227, 255


255, 255, 255

 250, 227, 255

 221, 199, 226

 193, 172, 198


 166, 145, 171

 140, 119, 144

 114, 95, 119

 89, 71, 94

 66, 48, 70

 44, 27, 48


 24, 1, 27

 250, 227, 255

 250, 227, 255


 245, 202, 255

 255, 252, 255


 241, 176, 255

255, 255, 255


 236, 150, 255

 232, 125, 255

 227, 99, 255

 223, 74, 255

 218, 49, 255

 214, 23, 255

 209, 0, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



231, 232, 255



250, 227, 255



255, 224, 240

# Triad

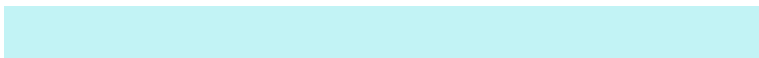
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



250, 227, 255



242, 253, 203



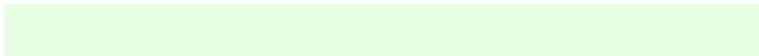
194, 219, 245

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



250, 227, 255



227, 255, 250

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



202, 227, 243



250, 227, 255



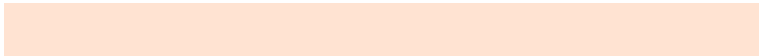
204, 237, 205

# Square

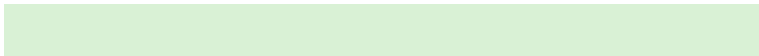
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



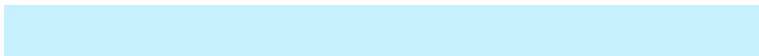
250, 227, 255



255, 237, 210



213, 241, 237



197, 222, 255

# Rectangle

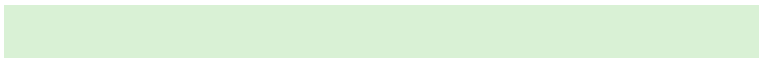
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



250, 227, 255



255, 223, 229



213, 241, 237



195, 221, 244

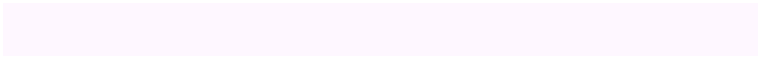


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



250, 227, 255



254, 247, 255



227, 231, 255



127, 122, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



250, 227, 255



249, 222, 255



255, 227, 246



125, 115, 128



157, 0, 191



52, 0, 64



# Inverse Universe

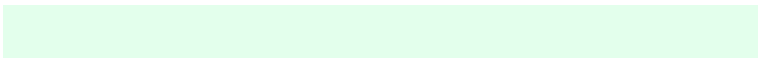
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 227, 232



255, 222, 228



227, 248, 255



128, 115, 117



191, 0, 34



64, 0, 11



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 250, 227, 255 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

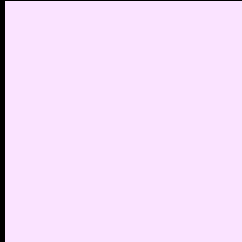
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 250, 227, 255 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

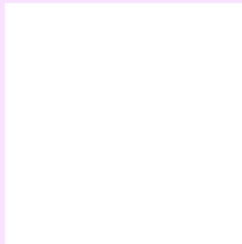
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 250, 227, 255 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 250, 227, 255.

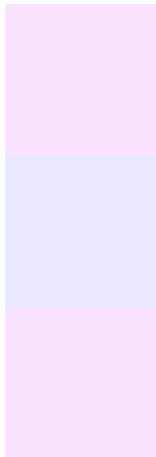


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 250, 227, 255.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
250, 227, 255

**Protanopia**  
232, 233, 255

**Deuteranopia**  
248, 228, 255



# Tritanopia

249, 228, 246

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

250, 227, 255

**Protanomaly**

239, 231, 255

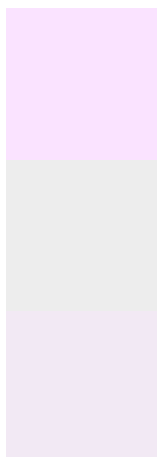
**Deuteranomaly**

249, 228, 255

**Tritanomaly**

249, 228, 249

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

250, 227, 255

**Achromatopsia**

237, 237, 237

**Achromatomaly**

242, 233, 244

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 250, 227, 255 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(250, 227, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 227, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 227, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 227, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 250, 227, 255 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 227, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 227, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(250, 227, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 227, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 227, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 227,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 250, 227, 255 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 227, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250,  
227, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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