

Converting Colors

`RYB(254, 139, 137)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(254, 139, 137) contains.

RYB(254, 139, 137)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(254, 139, 137)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FE8B89
RGB	254, 139, 137
RGB Percent	100%, 55%, 54%
CMY	0.0039, 0.4550, 0.4627
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.46, 0.00
HSL	1°, 98%, 77%
HSV	1°, 46%, 100%
XYZ	54.6162, 41.3325, 28.7663
YIQ	173.1570, 69.1820, 23.7580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

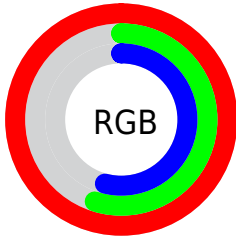
Format	Color
RYB	254, 139, 137
Decimal	16681865
CIELab	70.41, 43.24, 20.65
CIELCh	70, 47.913, 25.526
Yxy	41.3325, 0.4379, 0.3314
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294871945 (0xFFFE8B89)
YUV	173.1570, -17.8254, 70.8993
Hunter-Lab	64.2903, 39.1319, 18.4743

Details

The RYB color **254, 139, 137** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **137, 195, 254**, and the grayscale version is **173, 173, 173**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 194, 190**, and **194, 86, 87** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **254, 114, 112**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **254, 164, 162**.

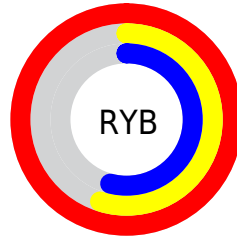
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (55%)

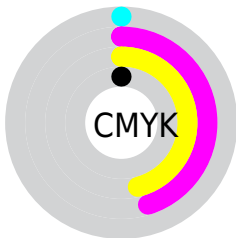
Blue (54%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (54%)

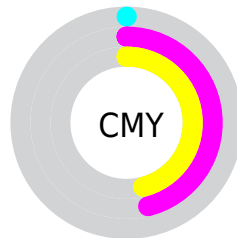


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (46%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (46%)

Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 254, 139, 137 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 254, 139, 137 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 254, 139, 137

 254, 139, 137

255, 255, 255

 224, 112, 112

 255, 194, 190

 194, 86, 87

 255, 224, 218

 164, 60, 64

 252, 255, 247

 135, 33, 42

 106, 0, 22

 79, 0, 0

 53, 0, 2

 5, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 254, 139, 137

■ 254, 139, 137

■ 254, 114, 112

■ 254, 164, 162

■ 254, 89, 86

■ 254, 189, 188

■ 254, 64, 61

■ 254, 214, 213

■ 254, 39, 35

■ 254, 239, 239

■ 254, 14, 10

254, 255, 255

■ 254, 4, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



249, 137, 181



254, 139, 137



237, 183, 101

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



254, 139, 137



108, 179, 190



81, 144, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



254, 139, 137



137, 195, 254

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 106, 243



254, 139, 137



0, 105, 194

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



254, 139, 137



91, 181, 111



0, 100, 208



166, 163, 251

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



254, 139, 137



182, 217, 87



0, 100, 208



30, 121, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



254, 139, 137



255, 220, 219



254, 137, 252



128, 106, 106



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



254, 139, 137



255, 117, 115



248, 254, 137



128, 115, 115



191, 3, 0



64, 1, 0

Inverse Universe

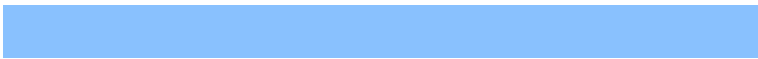
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



137, 195, 254



115, 184, 255



137, 175, 254



115, 121, 128



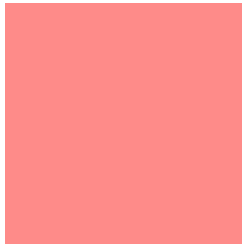
0, 95, 191



0, 32, 64

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 254, 139, 137 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

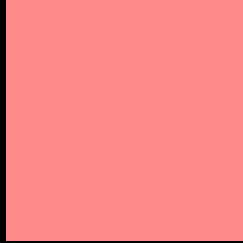
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 254, 139, 137 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 254, 139, 137 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 254, 139, 137.

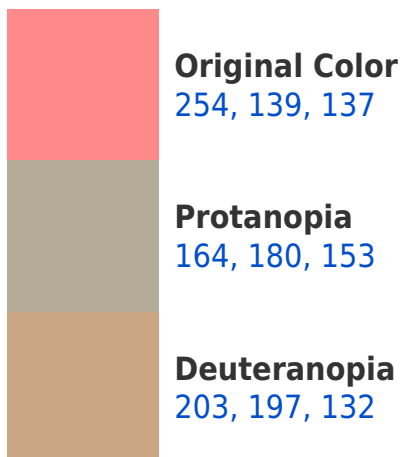



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 254, 139, 137.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
255, 137, 147

Trichromacy



Original Color

254, 139, 137



Protanomaly

207, 164, 147



Deuteranomaly

222, 163, 134



Tritanomaly

255, 138, 143

Monochromacy



Original Color

254, 139, 137



Achromatopsia

173, 173, 173



Achromatomaly

202, 161, 160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 254, 139, 137 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 139, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 139, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 139, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 139, 137) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 254, 139, 137 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 139, 137) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 139, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 139, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 139, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 139, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 139,  
137) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 254, 139, 137 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 139, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
139, 137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor