

Converting Colors

`RYB(255, 137, 158)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(255, 137, 158) contains.

RYB(255, 137, 158)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

`RYB(255, 137, 158)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF899E
RGB	255, 137, 158
RGB Percent	100%, 54%, 62%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4627, 0.3804
CMYK	0.00, 0.46, 0.38, 0.00
HSL	349°, 100%, 77%
HSV	349°, 46%, 100%
XYZ	56.3572, 41.6199, 37.4109
YIQ	174.6760, 63.5870, 31.5470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

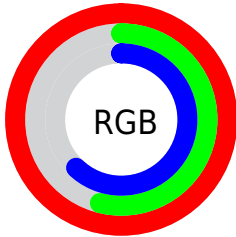
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 137, 158
Decimal	16746910
CIE Lab	70.61, 46.75, 9.24
CIE LCh	71, 47.650, 11.187
Yxy	41.6199, 0.4163, 0.3074
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294936990 (0xFFFF899E)
YUV	174.6760, -8.2213, 70.4441
Hunter-Lab	64.5135, 43.0340, 10.7777

Details

The RYB color **255, 137, 158** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **137, 202, 255**, and the grayscale version is **175, 175, 175**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 192, 212**, and **195, 84, 107** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 112, 137**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 163, 179**.

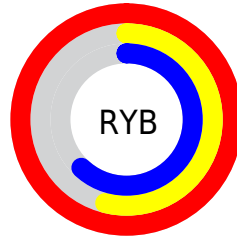
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (54%)

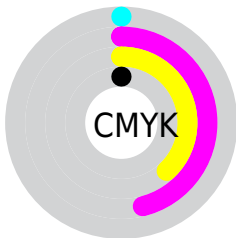
Blue (62%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (62%)

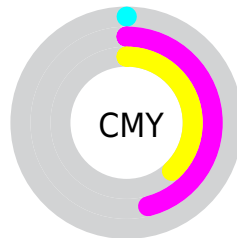


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (38%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 255, 137, 158 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 255, 137, 158 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 255, 137, 158

255, 255, 255

 255, 192, 212

 255, 221, 241

 255, 250, 255

 255, 137, 158


 225, 110, 132

 195, 84, 107

 166, 57, 83

 137, 28, 60

 109, 0, 38

 81, 0, 18

 56, 0, 2

 15, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 255, 137, 158

■ 255, 137, 158

■ 255, 112, 137

■ 255, 163, 179

■ 255, 86, 116

■ 255, 188, 200

■ 255, 60, 95

■ 255, 214, 221

■ 255, 35, 74

■ 255, 239, 242

■ 255, 9, 53

255, 255, 255

■ 255, 0, 45

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



239, 141, 202



255, 137, 158



248, 152, 118

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 137, 158



105, 187, 156



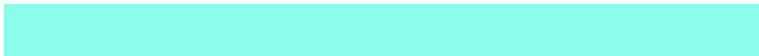
0, 107, 254

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 137, 158



137, 202, 255

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 105, 229



255, 137, 158



74, 149, 193

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 137, 158



94, 183, 85



0, 99, 195



131, 162, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 137, 158



232, 199, 97



0, 99, 195



0, 107, 248

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 137, 158



255, 219, 226



233, 137, 255



128, 106, 110



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 137, 158



255, 112, 138



255, 191, 137



128, 115, 117



191, 0, 34



64, 0, 11

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 137, 158



255, 112, 138



137, 185, 255



128, 115, 117



191, 0, 34



64, 0, 11

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 255, 137, 158 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

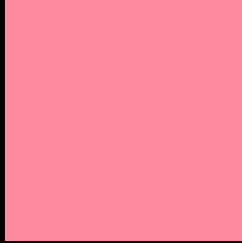
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 255, 137, 158 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 255, 137, 158 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 255, 137, 158.

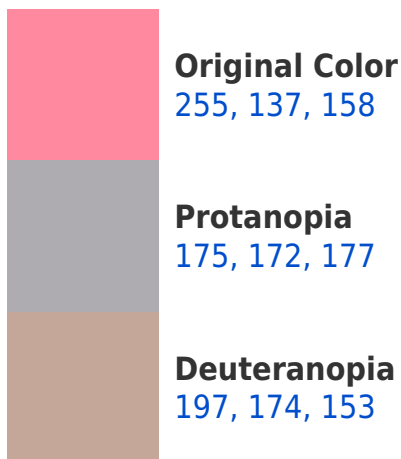



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 255, 137, 158.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
254, 139, 149

Trichromacy



Original Color

255, 137, 158



Protanomaly

204, 159, 170



Deuteranomaly

218, 156, 155



Tritanomaly

254, 138, 152

Monochromacy



Original Color

255, 137, 158



Achromatopsia

175, 175, 175



Achromatomaly

204, 161, 169

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 255, 137, 158 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(255, 137, 158) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 137, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 137, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 137, 158) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 255, 137, 158 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

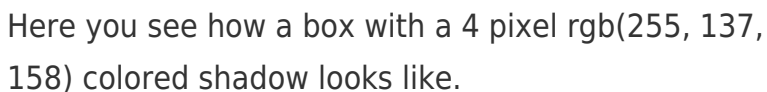
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 137, 158) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 137, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 137, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 137, 158); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 137, 158); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 137, 158) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 137, 158 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 137, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
137, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor