

Converting Colors

`RYB(255, 143, 120)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(255, 143, 120) contains.

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Color

`RYB(255, 143, 120)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF8C78
RGB	255, 140, 120
RGB Percent	100%, 55%, 47%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4523, 0.5294
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.53, 0.00
HSL	9°, 100%, 74%
HSV	9°, 53%, 100%
XYZ	53.9575, 41.2707, 22.8915
YIQ	172.1050, 74.9600, 18.1600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

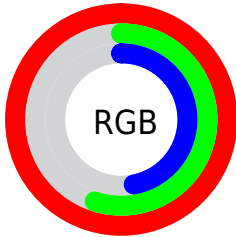
Format	Color
R_{YB}	255, 143, 120
Decimal	16747640
CIE _{Lab}	70.37, 41.74, 29.98
CIE _{LCh}	70, 51.395, 35.687
Yxy	41.2707, 0.4568, 0.3494
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294937720 (0xFFFF8C78)
YUV	172.1050, -25.6878, 72.6989
Hunter-Lab	64.2422, 37.4993, 23.8427

Details

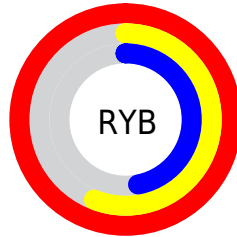
The RYB color **255, 143, 120** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **120, 182, 255**, and the grayscale version is **172, 172, 172**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 204, 172**, and **194, 89, 71** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 122, 95**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 163, 146**.

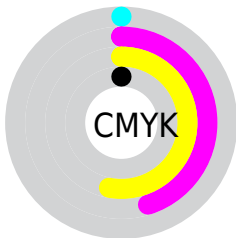
Distribution



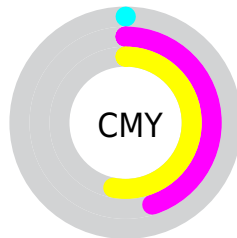
- Red (100%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 255, 143, 120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 255, 143, 120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 255, 143, 120

 255, 143, 120

255, 255, 255

 224, 116, 95

 255, 204, 172

 194, 89, 71

 255, 240, 200

 164, 63, 48


 231, 255, 228

 135, 36, 27

 106, 1, 3

 77, 0, 0

 52, 0, 2

 1, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

255, 143, 120

255, 143, 120

255, 122, 95

255, 163, 146

255, 101, 69

255, 185, 171

255, 79, 44

255, 207, 196

255, 59, 18

255, 228, 222

255, 43, 0

255, 249, 248

255, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 132, 165



255, 143, 120



230, 220, 87

Triad

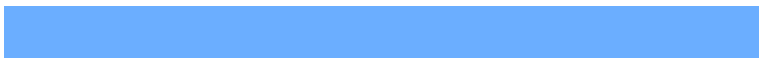
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 143, 120



77, 156, 193



107, 153, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 143, 120



120, 182, 255

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 108, 255



255, 143, 120



0, 102, 196

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 143, 120



93, 185, 136



0, 104, 225



187, 156, 248

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 143, 120



130, 205, 76



0, 104, 225



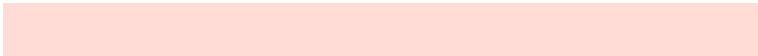
65, 136, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 143, 120



255, 221, 214



255, 120, 237



128, 108, 103



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 143, 120



255, 120, 92



197, 255, 120



128, 117, 115



191, 33, 0



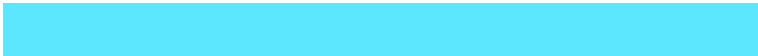
64, 10, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



120, 182, 255



92, 167, 255



120, 156, 255



115, 121, 128



0, 88, 191



0, 29, 64

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 255, 143, 120 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

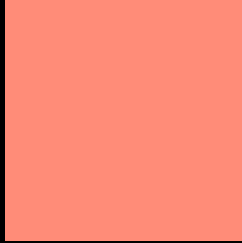
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 255, 143, 120 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 255, 143, 120 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 255, 143, 120.

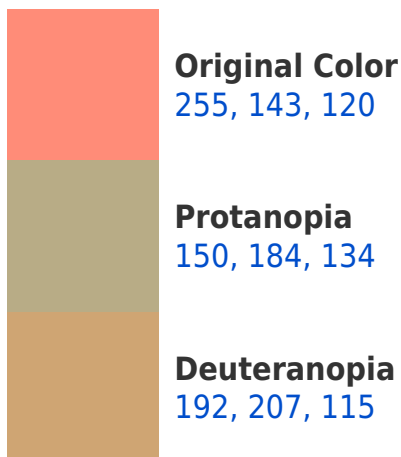



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 255, 143, 120.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
255, 137, 147

Trichromacy



Original Color

255, 143, 120



Protanomaly

210, 179, 129



Deuteranomaly

224, 178, 117



Tritanomaly

255, 138, 137

Monochromacy



Original Color

255, 143, 120



Achromatopsia

172, 172, 172



Achromatomaly

202, 161, 153

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 255, 143, 120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 140, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 140, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 140, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 140, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 255, 143, 120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 140, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 140, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 140, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 140, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 140, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 140,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 143, 120 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 140, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
140, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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