

Converting Colors

`RYB(255, 150, 68)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(255, 150, 68) contains.

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Color

R_YB(255, 150, 68)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF7D44
RGB	255, 125, 68
RGB Percent	100%, 49%, 27%
CMY	0.0000, 0.5098, 0.7333
CMYK	0.00, 0.51, 0.73, 0.00
HSL	18°, 100%, 63%
HSV	18°, 73%, 100%
XYZ	49.6175, 36.3455, 9.8691
YIQ	157.3720, 95.7770, 9.8330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

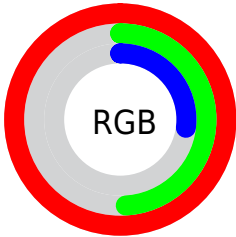
Format	Color
RYB	255, 150, 68
Decimal	16743748
CIELab	66.78, 45.77, 52.89
CIElCh	67, 69.945, 49.126
Yxy	36.3455, 0.5178, 0.3793
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294933828 (0xFFFF7D44)
YUV	157.3720, -44.0604, 85.6198
Hunter-Lab	60.2873, 41.4060, 32.4952

Details

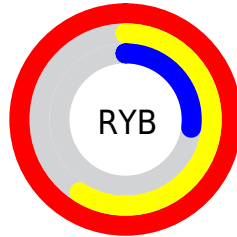
The RYB color **255, 150, 68** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6633**. The color can be described as middle washed orange. A complement of this color would be **68, 145, 255**, and the grayscale version is **158, 158, 158**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 230, 119**, and **192, 97, 17** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 136, 42**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 165, 93**.

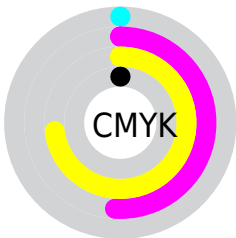
Distribution



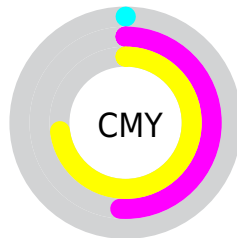
- Red (100%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Black (0%)



















- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 255, 150, 68 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 255, 150, 68 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 255, 150, 68	 255, 150, 68
 255, 255, 255	 223, 122, 43
 255, 230, 119	 192, 97, 17
 227, 255, 145	 161, 62, 0
 195, 255, 172	 130, 16, 0
 200, 255, 200	 100, 0, 0
 229, 255, 229	 70, 0, 0
	 44, 0, 1
	 0, 0, 0

 255, 150, 68	 255, 150, 68
--	--

255, 136, 42

255, 165, 93

255, 122, 17

255, 178, 119

255, 112, 0

255, 192, 145

255, 207, 170

255, 223, 195

255, 235, 221

255, 251, 246

255, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 102, 125



255, 150, 68



108, 213, 17

Triad

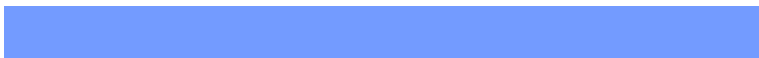
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 150, 68



0, 110, 190



115, 146, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 150, 68



68, 145, 255

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 104, 255



255, 150, 68



0, 98, 202

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 150, 68



74, 184, 183



0, 108, 255



215, 127, 246

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 150, 68



14, 176, 3



0, 108, 255



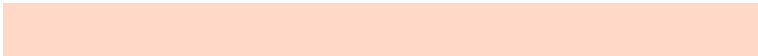
43, 120, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 150, 68



255, 223, 199



255, 68, 199



128, 108, 94



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 150, 68



255, 129, 31



114, 255, 68



128, 121, 115



191, 83, 0



64, 27, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 145, 255



31, 123, 255



68, 99, 255



115, 120, 128



0, 78, 191



0, 26, 64

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 255, 150, 68 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 255, 150, 68 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R_YB 255, 150, 68 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R_YB color 255, 150, 68.

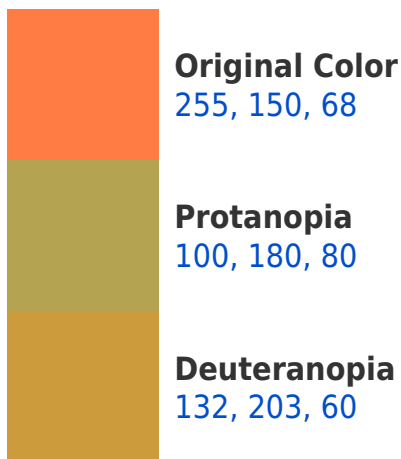


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R_YB color 255, 150, 68.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
255, 120, 128

Trichromacy



Original Color

255, 150, 68



Protanomaly

180, 207, 76



Deuteranomaly

216, 222, 63



Tritanomaly

255, 124, 106

Monochromacy



Original Color

255, 150, 68



Achromatopsia

157, 157, 157



Achromatomaly

193, 153, 125

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 255, 150, 68 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 125, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 125, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 125, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 125, 68) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 255, 150, 68 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 125, 68) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 125, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 125, 68)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 125, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 125, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 125,  
68) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 125, 68 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 125, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
125, 68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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