

Converting Colors

`RYB(255, 160, 170)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(255, 160, 170) contains.

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Color

`RYB(255, 160, 170)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFA0AA
RGB	255, 160, 170
RGB Percent	100%, 63%, 67%
CMY	0.0000, 0.3725, 0.3333
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.33, 0.00
HSL	354°, 100%, 81%
HSV	354°, 37%, 100%
XYZ	61.0665, 49.3039, 44.3283
YIQ	189.5450, 53.4100, 23.2500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

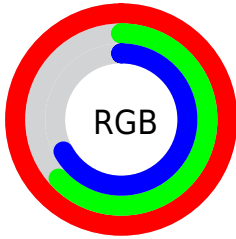
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 160, 170
Decimal	16752810
CIE Lab	75.64, 36.44, 9.77
CIE LCh	76, 37.731, 15.007
Yxy	49.3039, 0.3947, 0.3187
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294942890 (0xFFFFA0AA)
YUV	189.5450, -9.6357, 57.4040
Hunter-Lab	70.2167, 32.3597, 11.7216

Details

The RYB color **255, 160, 170** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **160, 210, 255**, and the grayscale version is **190, 190, 190**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 216, 225**, and **196, 107, 118** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 134, 147**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 186, 193**.

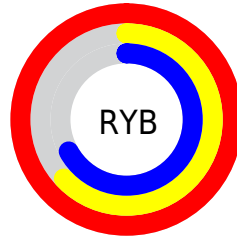
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (63%)

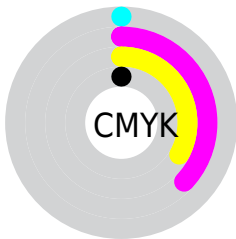
Blue (67%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (67%)

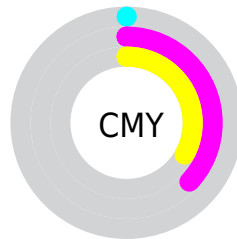


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (33%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 255, 160, 170 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 255, 160, 170 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 255, 160, 170

 255, 160, 170

255, 255, 255

 225, 133, 144

 255, 216, 225

 196, 107, 118

 255, 245, 254

 167, 82, 93

 139, 57, 70

 112, 31, 48

 85, 2, 27

 59, 0, 0

 31, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

■ 255, 160, 170

■ 255, 160, 170

■ 255, 134, 147

■ 255, 186, 193

■ 255, 109, 124

■ 255, 211, 216

■ 255, 84, 102

■ 255, 237, 238

■ 255, 58, 79

255, 255, 255

■ 255, 33, 56

■ 255, 7, 33

■ 255, 0, 27

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



244, 162, 205



255, 160, 170



248, 177, 139

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 160, 170



136, 199, 182



109, 163, 253

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 160, 170



160, 210, 255

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60, 138, 235



255, 160, 170



110, 169, 204

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 160, 170



120, 192, 118



68, 137, 205



165, 181, 253

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 160, 170



234, 216, 124



68, 137, 205



90, 154, 249

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 160, 170



255, 227, 230



244, 160, 255



128, 111, 113



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 160, 170



255, 140, 152



255, 218, 160



128, 115, 116



191, 0, 20



64, 0, 7

Inverse Universe

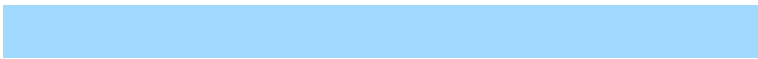
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 160, 170



255, 140, 152



160, 196, 255



128, 115, 116



191, 0, 20



64, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 255, 160, 170 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

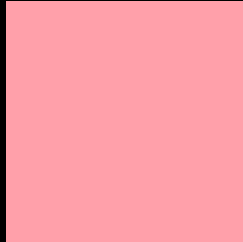
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 255, 160, 170 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 255, 160, 170 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 255, 160, 170.

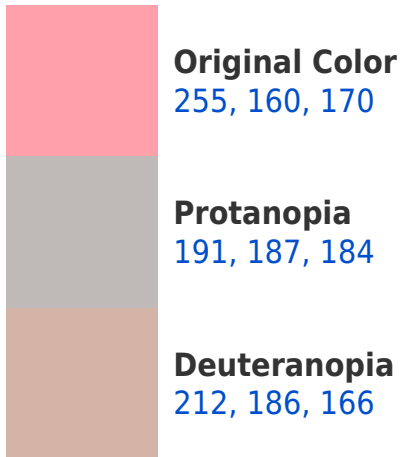



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 255, 160, 170.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
255, 160, 172

Trichromacy



Original Color

255, 160, 170



Protanomaly

214, 177, 179



Deuteranomaly

228, 174, 167



Tritanomaly

255, 160, 171

Monochromacy



Original Color

255, 160, 170



Achromatopsia

190, 190, 190



Achromatomaly

214, 179, 183

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 255, 160, 170 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 160, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 160, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 160, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 160, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 255, 160, 170 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 160, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 160, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 160, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 160, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 160, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 160,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 255, 160, 170 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 160, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
160, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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