

Converting Colors

`RYB(255, 166, 197)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(255, 166, 197) contains.

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Color

R_YB(255, 166, 197)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFA6C5
RGB	255, 166, 197
RGB Percent	100%, 65%, 77%
CMY	0.0000, 0.3490, 0.2275
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.23, 0.00
HSL	339°, 100%, 83%
HSV	339°, 35%, 100%
XYZ	64.9543, 52.5637, 59.5457
YIQ	196.1450, 43.0930, 28.5090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

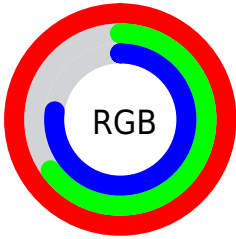
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 166, 197
Decimal	16754373
CIE Lab	77.62, 36.89, -2.15
CIE LCh	78, 36.955, 356.672
Yxy	52.5637, 0.3668, 0.2969
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294944453 (0xFFFFA6C5)
YUV	196.1450, 0.4215, 51.6158
Hunter-Lab	72.5008, 33.0437, 2.0551

Details

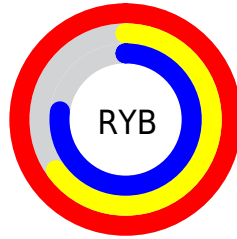
The RYB color **255, 166, 197** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **166, 220, 255**, and the grayscale version is **196, 196, 196**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 222, 254**, and **197, 113, 143** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 141, 180**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 192, 214**.

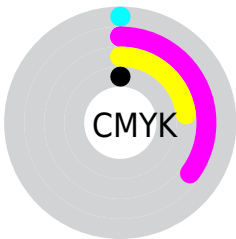
Distribution



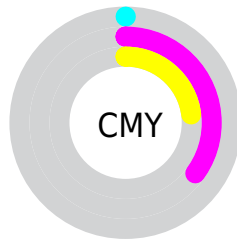
- Red (100%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (23%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 255, 166, 197 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 255, 166, 197 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 255, 166, 197

 255, 166, 197

255, 255, 255


 226, 139, 170

 255, 222, 254

 197, 113, 143

 255, 251, 255

 168, 87, 118

 141, 62, 93

 114, 37, 70

 87, 9, 47

 62, 0, 27

 40, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

■ 255, 166, 197

■ 255, 166, 197

■ 255, 141, 180

■ 255, 192, 214

■ 255, 115, 164

■ 255, 217, 230

■ 255, 90, 147

■ 255, 243, 247

■ 255, 64, 131

255, 255, 255

■ 255, 38, 114

■ 255, 13, 97

■ 255, 0, 89

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



232, 173, 230



255, 166, 197



255, 168, 163

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 166, 197



130, 199, 146



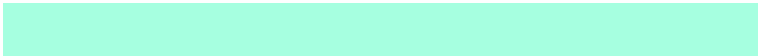
87, 155, 248

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 166, 197



166, 220, 255

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71, 143, 221



255, 166, 197



143, 198, 207

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



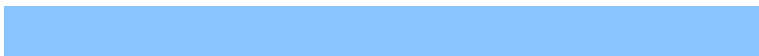
255, 166, 197



169, 219, 123



102, 162, 210



138, 177, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 166, 197



252, 184, 143



102, 162, 210



76, 149, 241

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 166, 197



255, 230, 238



224, 166, 255



128, 112, 118



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 166, 197



255, 148, 185



255, 181, 166



128, 115, 119



191, 0, 67



64, 0, 22

Inverse Universe

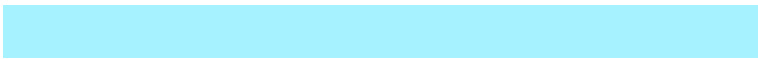
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 166, 197



255, 148, 185



166, 207, 255



128, 115, 119



191, 0, 67



64, 0, 22

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 255, 166, 197 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

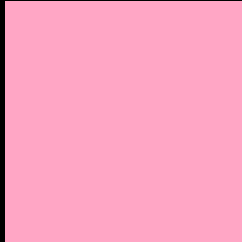
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 255, 166, 197 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

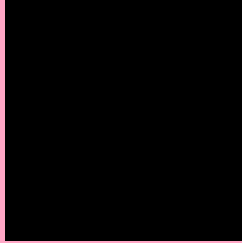
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 255, 166, 197 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 255, 166, 197.

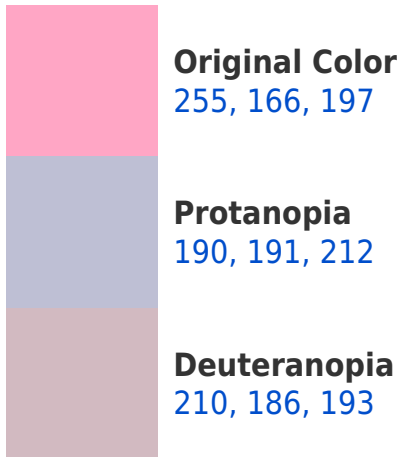



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 255, 166, 197.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
253, 169, 181

Trichromacy



Original Color

255, 166, 197



Protanomaly

214, 182, 207



Deuteranomaly

226, 179, 194



Tritanomaly

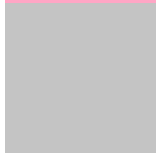
254, 168, 187

Monochromacy



Original Color

255, 166, 197



Achromatopsia

196, 196, 196



Achromatomaly

217, 185, 196

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 255, 166, 197 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(255, 166, 197) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 166, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 166, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 166, 197) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 255, 166, 197 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 166, 197) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 166, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 166, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 166, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 166, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 166,  
197) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 166, 197 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 166, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
166, 197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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