

Converting Colors

`RYB(255, 172, 222)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(255, 172, 222) contains.

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Color

`RYB(255, 172, 222)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFACDE
RGB	255, 172, 222
RGB Percent	100%, 67%, 87%
CMY	0.0000, 0.3255, 0.1294
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.13, 0.00
HSL	324°, 100%, 84%
HSV	324°, 33%, 100%
XYZ	69.1773, 56.0390, 76.2778
YIQ	202.5170, 33.4180, 33.1460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

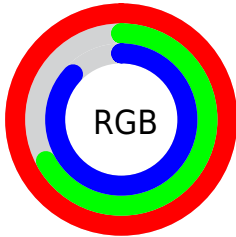
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 172, 222
Decimal	16755934
CIE Lab	79.64, 37.53, -12.74
CIE LCh	80, 39.636, 341.255
Yxy	56.0390, 0.3433, 0.2781
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294946014 (0xFFFFACDE)
YUV	202.5170, 9.6051, 46.0276
Hunter-Lab	74.8592, 33.9482, -8.0121

Details

The RYB color **255, 172, 222** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **172, 231, 255**, and the grayscale version is **202, 202, 202**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 228, 255**, and **197, 118, 167** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **255, 147, 212**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **255, 198, 232**.

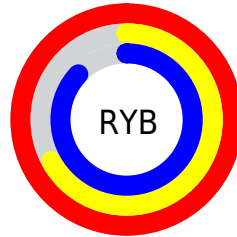
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (67%)

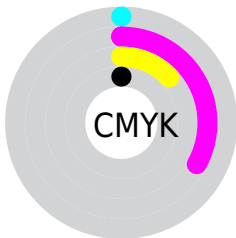
Blue (87%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (87%)

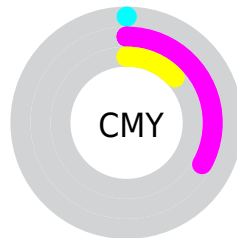


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (33%)

Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 255, 172, 222 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 255, 172, 222 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 255, 172, 222

 255, 172, 222


255, 255, 255

 226, 145, 194

 255, 228, 255

 197, 118, 167

 169, 93, 140

 142, 68, 115

 115, 43, 90

 89, 16, 67

 64, 0, 45

 43, 0, 25

 0, 0, 0

 255, 172, 222


 255, 172, 222

 255, 147, 212


 255, 198, 232

 255, 121, 202

 255, 223, 242


 255, 96, 192

 255, 249, 252

 255, 70, 181

255, 255, 255

 255, 45, 171

 255, 19, 161

 255, 0, 154

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



220, 183, 253



255, 172, 222



255, 169, 185

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



255, 172, 222



133, 208, 124



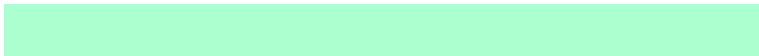
59, 144, 245

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



255, 172, 222



172, 231, 255

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76, 148, 217



255, 172, 222



141, 210, 183

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



255, 172, 222



234, 242, 128



122, 183, 216



107, 167, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



255, 172, 222



255, 173, 161



122, 183, 216



56, 140, 234

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



255, 172, 222



255, 230, 245



204, 172, 255



128, 112, 121



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



255, 172, 222



255, 156, 215



255, 172, 182



128, 115, 122



191, 0, 115



64, 0, 38

Inverse Universe

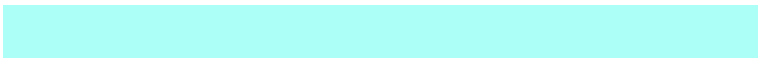
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 172, 222



255, 156, 215



172, 216, 255



128, 115, 122



191, 0, 115



64, 0, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 255, 172, 222 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

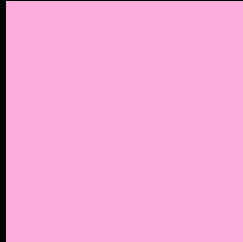
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 255, 172, 222 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 255, 172, 222 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 255, 172, 222.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 255, 172, 222.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
251, 178, 191

Trichromacy



Original Color

255, 172, 222



Protanomaly

213, 187, 232



Deuteranomaly

224, 185, 219



Tritanomaly

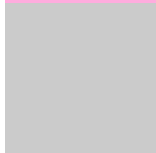
252, 176, 202

Monochromacy



Original Color

255, 172, 222



Achromatopsia

203, 203, 203



Achromatomaly

222, 192, 210

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 255, 172, 222 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 172, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 172, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 172, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 172, 222) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 255, 172, 222 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 172, 222) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 172, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 172, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 172, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 172, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 172,  
222) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 255, 172, 222 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 172, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
172, 222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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