

Converting Colors

`RYB(25, 82, 147)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(25, 82, 147) contains.

RYB(25, 82, 147)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(25, 82, 147)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	198493
RGB	25, 132, 147
RGB Percent	10%, 52%, 58%
CMY	0.9020, 0.4824, 0.4235
CMYK	0.83, 0.10, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	187°, 71%, 34%
HSV	187°, 83%, 58%
XYZ	13.9165, 18.8116, 30.5013
YIQ	101.7170, -68.5870, -18.0190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

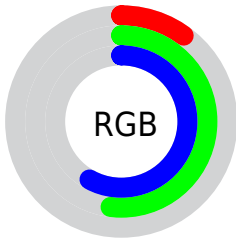
Format	Color
R_{YB}	25, 82, 147
Decimal	1672339
CIE _{Lab}	50.47, -22.96, -16.27
CIE _{LCh}	50, 28.137, 215.317
Yxy	18.8116, 0.2201, 0.2975
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279862419 (0xFF198493)
YUV	101.7170, 22.3245, -67.2808
Hunter-Lab	43.3724, -18.6278, -11.3346

Details

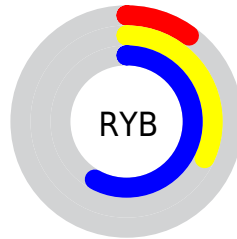
The RYB color **25, 82, 147** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **147, 42, 25**, and the grayscale version is **102, 102, 102**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94, 143, 201**, and **0, 44, 96** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10, 74, 147**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40, 90, 147**.

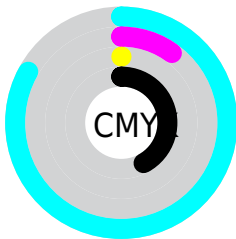
Distribution



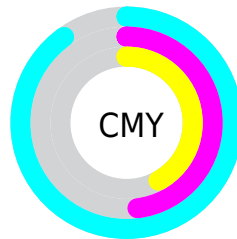
- Red (10%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 25, 82, 147 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 25, 82, 147 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



25, 82, 147



25, 82, 147

255, 255, 255



0, 57, 121



94, 143, 201



0, 44, 96



123, 172, 229



0, 33, 73



151, 200, 255



0, 21, 50



180, 218, 255



0, 4, 30



210, 233, 255



0, 0, 0



240, 248, 255



25, 82, 147



25, 82, 147



10, 74, 147



40, 90, 147

■ 0, 69, 147

■ 54, 98, 147

■ 69, 105, 147

■ 84, 113, 147

■ 98, 121, 147

■ 113, 129, 147

■ 128, 137, 147

■ 143, 145, 147

■ 157, 148, 147

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46, 92, 133



25, 82, 147



53, 98, 163

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25, 82, 147



154, 105, 141



87, 132, 72

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25, 82, 147



147, 42, 25

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



153, 142, 77



25, 82, 147



166, 102, 117

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25, 82, 147



129, 112, 159



165, 107, 94



80, 127, 101

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25, 82, 147



80, 109, 167



165, 107, 94



107, 140, 72

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25, 82, 147



143, 165, 191



25, 134, 147



68, 81, 97



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25, 82, 147



0, 89, 191



25, 59, 147



67, 70, 74



0, 64, 138



0, 5, 10

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



147, 25, 132



191, 0, 168



101, 147, 25



74, 67, 73



138, 0, 121



10, 0, 9

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 25, 82, 147 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 25, 82, 147 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

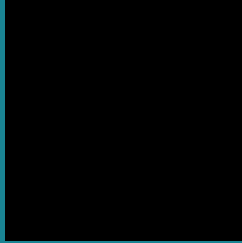
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 25, 82, 147 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 25, 82, 147.

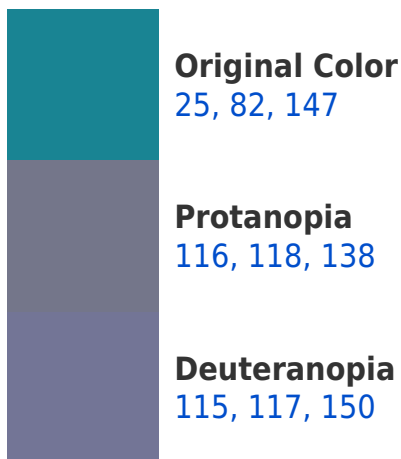


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 25, 82, 147.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
20, 79, 143

Trichromacy



Original Color

25, 82, 147

Protanomaly

83, 107, 141

Deuteranomaly

82, 107, 149

Tritanomaly

22, 80, 144

Monochromacy



Original Color

25, 82, 147

Achromatopsia

102, 102, 102

Achromatomaly

74, 95, 118

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 25, 82, 147 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(25, 132, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(25, 132, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(25, 132, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(25, 132, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 25, 82, 147 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(25, 132, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(25, 132, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(25, 132, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(25, 132, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 132, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 132,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 25, 82, 147 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(25, 132, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(25, 132,  
147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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