

# Converting Colors

`RYB(26, 154, 254)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(26, 154, 254) contains.

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# Color

**RYB(26, 154, 254)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	1AFECC
RGB	26, 254, 204
RGB Percent	10%, 100%, 80%
CMY	0.8980, 0.0039, 0.1995
CMYK	0.90, 0.00, 0.20, 0.00
HSL	167°, 99%, 55%
HSV	167°, 90%, 100%
XYZ	46.7819, 75.4689, 69.3067
YIQ	180.1280, -119.8380, -63.8860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

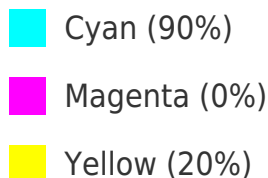
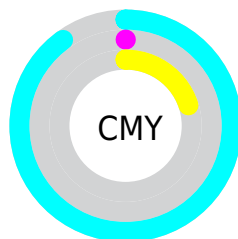
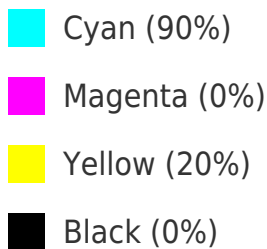
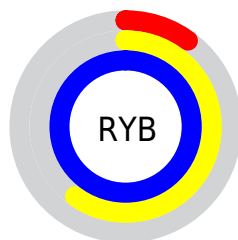
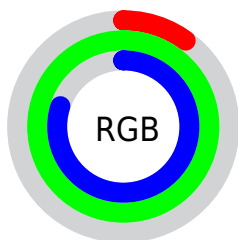
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">26, 154, 254</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">1769164</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">89.61, -60.45, 10.05</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">90, 61.279, 170.563</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">75.4689, 0.2442, 0.3940</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4279959244</a> (0xFF1AFECC)
YUV	<a href="#">180.1280, 11.7689, -135.1703</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">86.8728, -55.9034, 13.5097</a>

# Details

The RYB color **26, 154, 254** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00FFCC**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **254, 26, 76**, and the grayscale version is **180, 180, 180**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **121, 188, 255**, and **0, 111, 196** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **1, 143, 254**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51, 165, 254**.

# Distribution
























# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 26, 154, 254 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 26, 154, 254 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 26, 154, 254	 26, 154, 254
 255, 255, 255	 0, 126, 225
 121, 188, 255	 0, 111, 196
 156, 206, 255	 0, 97, 168
 188, 222, 255	 0, 83, 141
 221, 238, 255	 0, 69, 114
 253, 254, 255	 0, 55, 88
 254, 254, 255	 0, 42, 63
 255, 255, 255	 0, 32, 39
 255, 255, 255	 0, 0, 0


 26, 154, 254


 26, 154, 254

 1, 143, 254

 51, 165, 254

 0, 143, 254

 77, 176, 254

 102, 187, 254

 128, 199, 254

 153, 210, 254

 178, 221, 254

 204, 232, 254

 229, 243, 254

255, 254, 254

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



148, 247, 243



26, 154, 254



0, 128, 255

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26, 154, 254



200, 213, 255



255, 247, 137

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26, 154, 254



254, 26, 76

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 178, 187



26, 154, 254



255, 194, 255

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26, 154, 254



60, 153, 255



255, 178, 246



160, 255, 107

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26, 154, 254



0, 127, 255



255, 178, 246



255, 207, 152

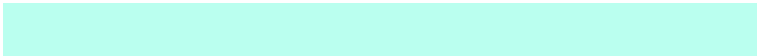


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26, 154, 254



186, 225, 255



26, 254, 201



87, 110, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

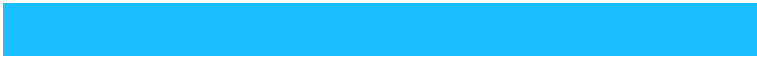
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26, 154, 254



0, 143, 255



26, 122, 254



115, 122, 128



0, 107, 191



0, 36, 64



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



254, 26, 76



255, 0, 56



254, 109, 26



128, 115, 118



191, 0, 42

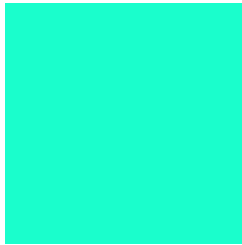


64, 0, 14



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 26, 154, 254 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

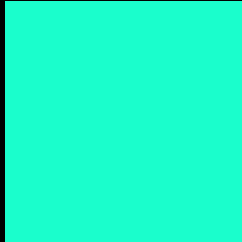
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 26, 154, 254 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

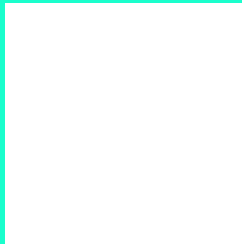
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 26, 154, 254 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 26, 154, 254.

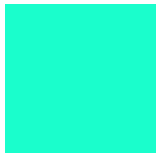


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 26, 154, 254.

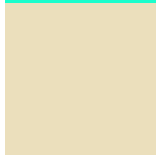
# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

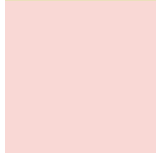
## Dichromacy



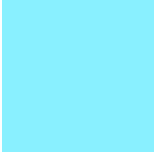
**Original Color**  
26, 154, 254



**Protanopia**  
204, 235, 188

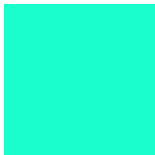


**Deuteranopia**  
249, 216, 213

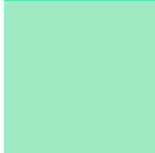


**Tritanopia**  
137, 192, 255

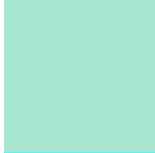
# Trichromacy



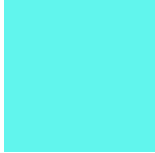
**Original Color**  
26, 154, 254



**Protanomaly**  
159, 210, 234

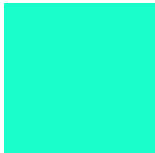


**Deuteranomaly**  
168, 205, 230

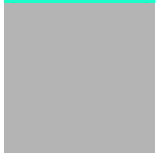


**Tritanomaly**  
97, 173, 245

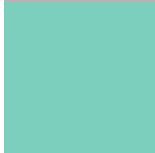
# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
26, 154, 254



**Achromatopsia**  
180, 180, 180



**Achromatomaly**  
124, 171, 207

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 26, 154, 254 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(26, 254, 204) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(26, 254, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 254, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(26, 254, 204) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 26, 154, 254 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(26, 254, 204) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(26, 254, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 254, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(26, 254, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 254, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 254,  
204) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 26, 154, 254 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(26, 254, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(26, 254,  
204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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