

Converting Colors

`RYB(26, 93, 159)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(26, 93, 159) contains.

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Color

RYB(26, 93, 159)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1A9F9D
RGB	26, 159, 157
RGB Percent	10%, 62%, 62%
CMY	0.8980, 0.3765, 0.3843
CMYK	0.84, 0.00, 0.01, 0.38
HSL	179°, 72%, 36%
HSV	179°, 84%, 62%
XYZ	18.9112, 27.4507, 36.2068
YIQ	119.0050, -78.6260, -28.8180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

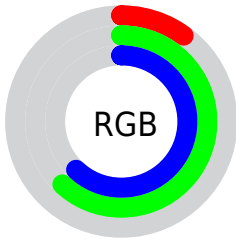
Format	Color
R_{YB}	26, 93, 159
Decimal	1744797
CIE _{Lab}	59.39, -33.06, -8.58
CIE _{LCh}	59, 34.151, 194.549
Yxy	27.4507, 0.2290, 0.3325
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279934877 (0xFF1A9F9D)
YUV	119.0050, 18.7315, -81.5654
Hunter-Lab	52.3934, -27.2596, -4.2973

Details

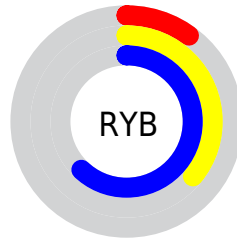
The RYB color **26, 93, 159** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **159, 26, 28**, and the grayscale version is **119, 119, 119**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 157, 214**, and **0, 54, 107** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10, 85, 159**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42, 101, 159**.

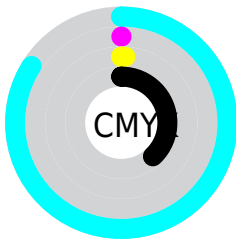
Distribution



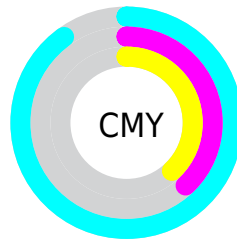
- Red (10%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (38%)




- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 26, 93, 159 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 26, 93, 159 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 26, 93, 159  26, 93, 159

255, 255, 255  0, 66, 132

 99, 157, 214  0, 54, 107

 129, 187, 243  0, 41, 82

 159, 207, 255  0, 29, 59

 189, 222, 255  0, 19, 37

 219, 237, 255  0, 1, 17

 249, 252, 255  0, 0, 0

 26, 93, 159  26, 93, 159

 10, 85, 159  42, 101, 159

■ 0, 80, 159

■ 58, 109, 159

■ 74, 117, 159

■ 90, 125, 159

■ 106, 133, 159

■ 121, 140, 159

■ 137, 148, 159

■ 153, 156, 159

■ 169, 159, 159

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76, 127, 158



26, 93, 159



0, 85, 184

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26, 93, 159



165, 130, 186



156, 176, 85

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26, 93, 159



159, 26, 28

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



195, 134, 102



26, 93, 159



192, 121, 160

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26, 93, 159



123, 138, 201



201, 120, 129



86, 148, 84

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26, 93, 159



50, 110, 196



201, 120, 129



184, 168, 89

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26, 93, 159



155, 181, 207



26, 159, 157



73, 89, 105



232, 232, 232



105, 105, 105

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26, 93, 159



0, 105, 207



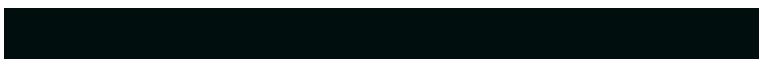
26, 71, 159



71, 75, 79



0, 72, 143



0, 8, 15

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



159, 26, 28



207, 0, 3



159, 149, 26



79, 71, 71



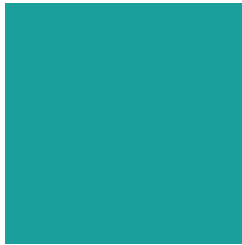
143, 0, 2



15, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 26, 93, 159 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 26, 93, 159 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 26, 93, 159 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 26, 93, 159.



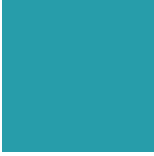
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 26, 93, 159.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
39, 101, 170

Trichromacy



Original Color

26, 93, 159



Protanomaly

100, 124, 150



Deuteranomaly

103, 128, 160



Tritanomaly

34, 98, 165

Monochromacy



Original Color

26, 93, 159



Achromatopsia

119, 119, 119



Achromatomaly

85, 110, 134

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 26, 93, 159 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(26, 159, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(26, 159, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 159, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(26, 159, 157) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 26, 93, 159 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(26, 159, 157) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(26, 159, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(26, 159, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 159, 157); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 159, 157); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 159, 157) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 26, 93, 159 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(26, 159, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(26, 159,  
157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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