

Converting Colors

`RYB(28, 131, 93)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(28, 131, 93) contains.

RYB(28, 131, 93)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

$\text{RYB}(28, 131, 93)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	42831C
RGB	66, 131, 28
RGB Percent	26%, 51%, 11%
CMY	0.7412, 0.4863, 0.8902
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 0.79, 0.49
HSL	98°, 65%, 31%
HSV	98°, 79%, 51%
XYZ	10.5727, 17.4747, 3.9143
YIQ	99.8230, -5.6770, -45.8130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

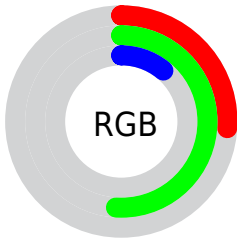
Format	Color
R_{YB}	28, 131, 93
Decimal	4358940
CIE Lab	48.85, -39.07, 45.81
CIE LCh	49, 60.207, 130.463
Yxy	17.4747, 0.3308, 0.5467
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282549020 (0xFF42831C)
YUV	99.8230, -35.4087, -29.6628
Hunter-Lab	41.8027, -28.0089, 23.7101

Details

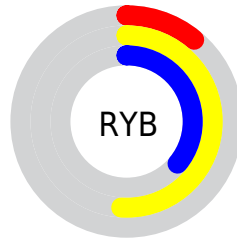
The RYB color **28, 131, 93** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669933**. A complement of this color would be **93, 28, 131**, and the grayscale version is **100, 100, 100**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80, 185, 145**, and **0, 81, 80** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15, 131, 88**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **41, 131, 98**.

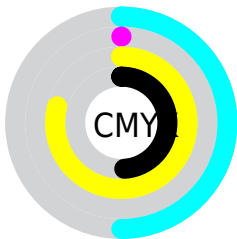
Distribution



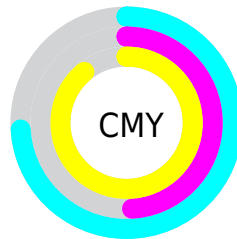
- Red (26%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 28, 131, 93 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 28, 131, 93 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



28, 131, 93



28, 131, 93

255, 255, 255



0, 105, 67



80, 185, 145



0, 81, 80



106, 213, 171



0, 57, 57



133, 241, 198



0, 37, 37



160, 255, 211



0, 0, 0



187, 255, 209



216, 255, 216



244, 255, 244



28, 131, 93



28, 131, 93

■ 15, 131, 88

■ 41, 131, 98

■ 2, 131, 84

■ 54, 131, 102

■ 0, 131, 83

■ 67, 131, 107

■ 80, 131, 112

■ 94, 131, 118

■ 107, 131, 122

■ 120, 131, 127

■ 132, 131, 133

■ 140, 131, 146

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4, 123, 0



28, 131, 93



0, 86, 137

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28, 131, 93



0, 81, 212



206, 61, 100

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 131, 93



93, 28, 131

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



190, 70, 151



28, 131, 93



0, 76, 217

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28, 131, 93



0, 78, 181



140, 94, 194



196, 84, 52

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 131, 93



0, 76, 139



140, 94, 194



204, 61, 117

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 131, 93



130, 171, 156



91, 131, 28



62, 87, 78



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 131, 93



10, 171, 111



28, 120, 131



60, 66, 64



0, 130, 82



0, 3, 2

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93, 28, 131



112, 10, 171



131, 28, 119



64, 60, 66



82, 0, 130



2, 0, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 28, 131, 93 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

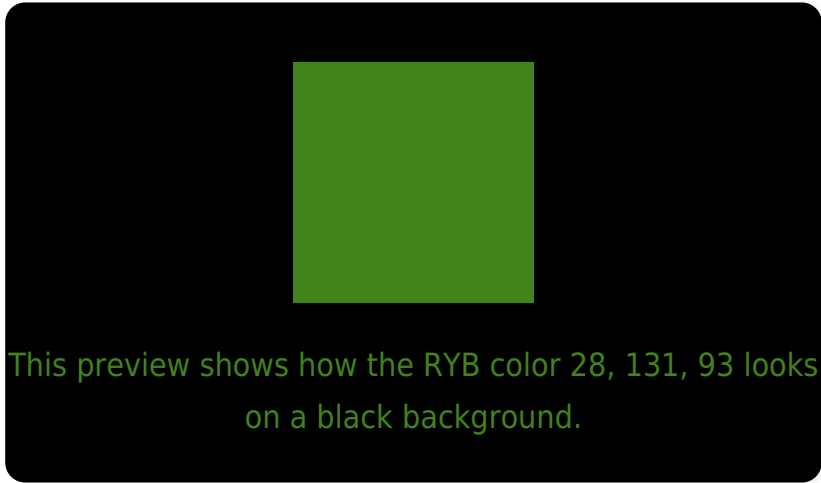
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYP 28, 131, 93 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYP color 28, 131, 93.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYP color 28, 131, 93.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28, 131, 93

Protanopia

40, 130, 24

Deuteranopia

90, 145, 38



Tritanopia
83, 105, 132

Trichromacy



Original Color
28, 131, 93

Protanomaly
25, 121, 39

Deuteranomaly
34, 118, 36

Tritanomaly
77, 112, 125

Monochromacy



Original Color
28, 131, 93

Achromatopsia
100, 100, 100

Achromatomaly
74, 111, 97

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 28, 131, 93 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 131, 28)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 131, 28)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 131, 28) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 131, 28) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 28, 131, 93 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 131, 28) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 131, 28) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(66, 131, 28)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 131, 28); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 131, 28);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 131,  
28) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 28, 131, 93 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 131, 28) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 131,  
28) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet
interesting? Support Converting
Colors with the new Membership
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you
double the colors in the color bucket, and more
awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor