

Converting Colors

`RYB(28, 28, 212)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(28, 28, 212) contains.

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Color

R_YB(28, 28, 212)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1C1CD4
RGB	28, 28, 212
RGB Percent	11%, 11%, 83%
CMY	0.8902, 0.8902, 0.1686
CMYK	0.87, 0.87, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	240°, 77%, 47%
HSV	240°, 87%, 83%
XYZ	12.7778, 5.8309, 62.7394
YIQ	48.9760, -59.0640, 57.2240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

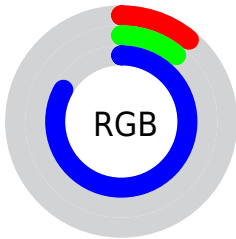
Format	Color
R _{YB}	28, 28, 212
Decimal	1842388
CIE Lab	28.98, 62.25, -88.87
CIE LCh	29, 108.507, 305.010
Yxy	5.8309, 0.1571, 0.0717
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280032468 (0xFF1C1CD4)
YUV	48.9760, 80.3708, -18.3960
Hunter-Lab	24.1472, 52.1983, -137.1448

Details

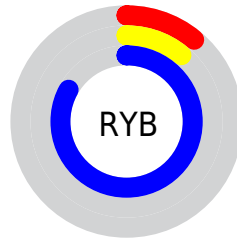
The RYB color **28, 28, 212** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3300CC**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **28, 212, 28**, and the grayscale version is **48, 48, 48**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **114, 80, 255**, and **0, 0, 156** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7, 7, 212**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49, 49, 212**.

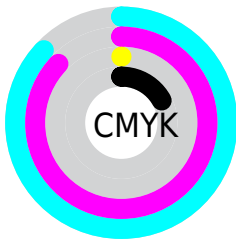
Distribution



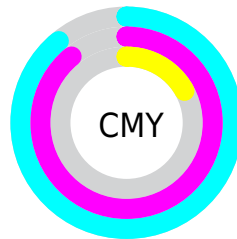
- Red (11%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)






















- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 28, 28, 212 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 28, 28, 212 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 28, 28, 212	 28, 28, 212
 255, 255, 255	 0, 0, 183
 114, 80, 255	 0, 0, 156
 147, 106, 255	 0, 0, 129
 179, 132, 255	 0, 6, 102
 210, 159, 255	 0, 9, 77
 242, 187, 255	 0, 5, 53
 255, 215, 255	 0, 2, 31
 255, 244, 255	 0, 0, 2
	 0, 0, 0

■ 28, 28, 212

■ 28, 28, 212

■ 7, 7, 212

■ 49, 49, 212

■ 0, 0, 212

■ 70, 70, 212

■ 92, 92, 212

■ 113, 113, 212

■ 134, 134, 212

■ 155, 155, 212

■ 176, 176, 212

■ 198, 198, 212

■ 212, 219, 212

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 61, 245



28, 28, 212



169, 0, 142

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28, 28, 212



137, 26, 0



0, 50, 93

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 28, 212



28, 212, 28

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 90, 90



28, 28, 212



1, 72, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28, 28, 212



182, 0, 0



0, 86, 86



0, 61, 166

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 28, 212



195, 0, 87



0, 86, 86



0, 59, 92

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 28, 212



189, 189, 255



28, 120, 212



88, 88, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 28, 212



0, 0, 255



120, 28, 212



96, 96, 107



0, 0, 171



0, 0, 43

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



212, 28, 212



255, 0, 255



28, 212, 120



107, 96, 107



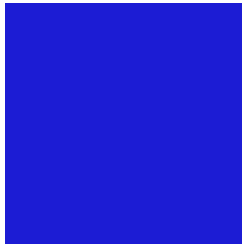
171, 0, 171



43, 0, 43

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 28, 28, 212 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

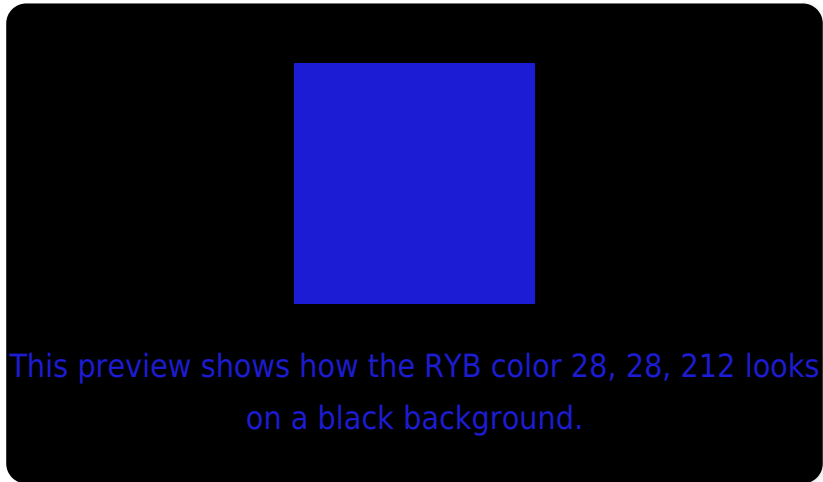
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

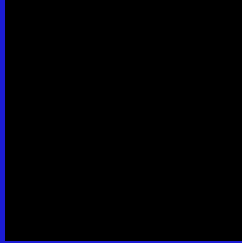
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R_YB 28, 28, 212 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R_YB color 28, 28, 212.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R_YB color 28, 28, 212.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


28, 28, 212

Protanopia

0, 45, 138

Deuteranopia

0, 44, 117



Tritanopia
0, 39, 80

Trichromacy



Original Color

28, 28, 212

Protanomaly

10, 43, 165

Deuteranomaly

10, 44, 152

Tritanomaly

10, 45, 128

Monochromacy



Original Color

28, 28, 212

Achromatopsia

49, 49, 49

Achromatomaly

41, 41, 108

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 28, 28, 212 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(28, 28, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(28, 28, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 28, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(28, 28, 212) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 28, 28, 212 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(28, 28, 212) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(28, 28, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(28, 28, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(28, 28, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 28, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 28,  
212) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 28, 28, 212 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(28, 28, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(28, 28,  
212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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