

Converting Colors

`RYB(28, 83, 126)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(28, 83, 126) contains.

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Color

`RYB(28, 83, 126)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1C7E69
RGB	28, 126, 105
RGB Percent	11%, 49%, 41%
CMY	0.8902, 0.5059, 0.5897
CMYK	0.78, 0.00, 0.17, 0.51
HSL	167°, 64%, 30%
HSV	167°, 78%, 49%
XYZ	10.4700, 16.1807, 15.8333
YIQ	94.3040, -51.6670, -27.3070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

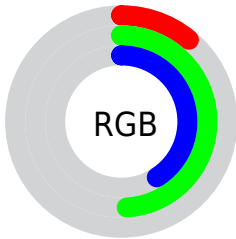
Format	Color
RYB	28, 83, 126
Decimal	1867369
CIELab	47.21, -32.78, 3.81
CIElCh	47, 32.997, 173.366
Yxy	16.1807, 0.2464, 0.3809
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280057449 (0xFF1C7E69)
YUV	94.3040, 5.2731, -58.1486
Hunter-Lab	40.2252, -23.9335, 4.8201




Details

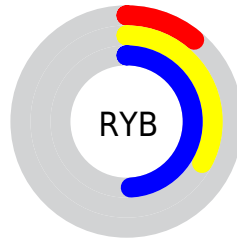
The RYB color **28, 83, 126** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **126, 28, 49**, and the grayscale version is **94, 94, 94**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89, 141, 179**, and **0, 43, 76** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15, 77, 126**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **41, 89, 126**.

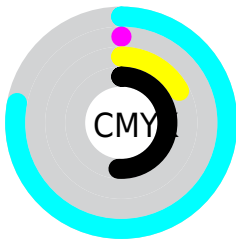
Distribution







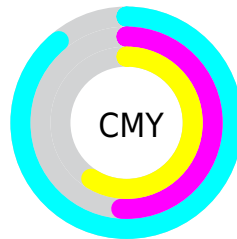
-  Red (11%)
-  Green (49%)
-  Blue (41%)






-  Red (11%)
-  Yellow (33%)
-  Blue (49%)



-  Cyan (78%)
-  Magenta (0%)
-  Yellow (17%)
-  Black (51%)



-  Cyan (89%)
-  Magenta (51%)
-  Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 28, 83, 126 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 28, 83, 126 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



28, 83, 126



28, 83, 126

255, 255, 255



0, 56, 101



89, 141, 179



0, 43, 76



117, 169, 207



0, 32, 53



145, 198, 236



0, 23, 33



173, 219, 255



0, 0, 0



202, 229, 255



231, 243, 255



28, 83, 126



28, 83, 126



15, 77, 126



41, 89, 126

■ 3, 72, 126

■ 53, 94, 126

■ 0, 71, 126

■ 66, 100, 126

■ 78, 105, 126

■ 91, 111, 126

■ 104, 116, 126

■ 116, 122, 126

■ 129, 126, 127

■ 141, 126, 129

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75, 120, 123



28, 83, 126



0, 65, 133

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28, 83, 126



105, 107, 163



155, 114, 68

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28, 83, 126



126, 28, 49

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



165, 91, 91



28, 83, 126



141, 97, 145

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28, 83, 126



53, 94, 167



161, 90, 119



97, 135, 56

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28, 83, 126



0, 68, 149



161, 90, 119



160, 101, 75

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28, 83, 126



126, 147, 163



28, 126, 103



59, 72, 82



209, 209, 209



82, 82, 82

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28, 83, 126



11, 96, 163



28, 70, 126



57, 61, 64



0, 72, 128



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



126, 28, 49



163, 11, 45



126, 63, 28



64, 57, 59



128, 0, 28



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 28, 83, 126 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 28, 83, 126 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 28, 83, 126 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 28, 83, 126.

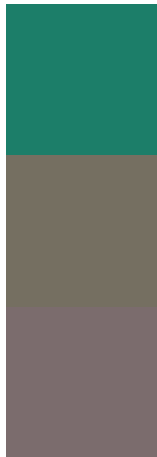


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 28, 83, 126.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
28, 83, 126

Protanopia
106, 117, 97

Deuteranopia
123, 108, 109



Tritanopia
45, 86, 132

Trichromacy



Original Color

28, 83, 126

Protanomaly

85, 106, 116

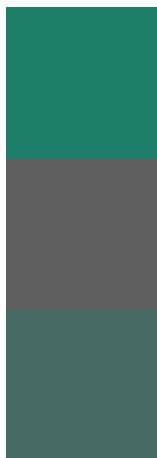
Deuteranomaly

88, 104, 115

Tritanomaly

39, 81, 123

Monochromacy



Original Color

28, 83, 126

Achromatopsia

94, 94, 94

Achromatomaly

70, 90, 106

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 28, 83, 126 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(28, 126, 105)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(28, 126, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 126, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(28, 126, 105) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 28, 83, 126 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(28, 126, 105) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(28, 126, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(28, 126, 105)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(28, 126, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 126, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 126,  
105) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 28, 83, 126 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(28, 126, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(28, 126,  
105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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