

Converting Colors

`RYB(29, 96, 148)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(29, 96, 148) contains.

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Color

R_YB(29, 96, 148)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1D9479
RGB	29, 148, 121
RGB Percent	11%, 58%, 47%
CMY	0.8863, 0.4196, 0.5241
CMYK	0.80, 0.00, 0.18, 0.42
HSL	167°, 67%, 35%
HSV	167°, 80%, 58%
XYZ	14.5698, 22.8303, 21.8433
YIQ	109.3410, -62.2570, -33.6250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

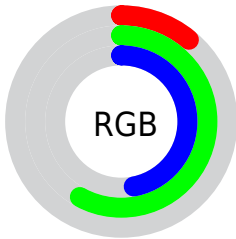
Format	Color
R_{YB}	29, 96, 148
Decimal	1938553
CIE _{Lab}	54.90, -38.00, 5.16
CIE _{LCh}	55, 38.346, 172.272
Yxy	22.8303, 0.2459, 0.3854
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280128633 (0xFF1D9479)
YUV	109.3410, 5.7479, -70.4591
Hunter-Lab	47.7811, -29.1871, 6.3421

Details

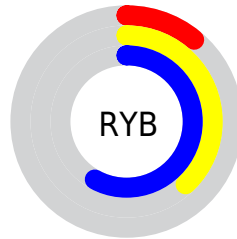
The RYB color **29, 96, 148** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **148, 29, 56**, and the grayscale version is **109, 109, 109**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95, 158, 203**, and **0, 55, 96** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14, 89, 148**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44, 102, 148**.

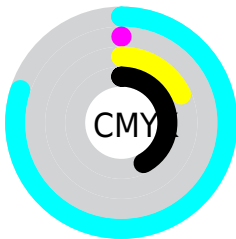
Distribution



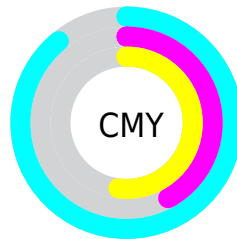
- Red (11%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 29, 96, 148 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 29, 96, 148 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



29, 96, 148



29, 96, 148

255, 255, 255



0, 68, 122



95, 157, 203



0, 55, 96



124, 186, 231



0, 42, 72



153, 211, 255



0, 30, 48



182, 219, 255



0, 23, 26



211, 233, 255



0, 0, 0



241, 248, 255



29, 96, 148



29, 96, 148



14, 89, 148



44, 102, 148

■ 0, 83, 148

■ 59, 109, 148

■ 73, 115, 148

■ 88, 122, 148

■ 103, 128, 148

■ 118, 135, 148

■ 133, 141, 148

■ 147, 148, 148

■ 162, 148, 151

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88, 143, 144



29, 96, 148



0, 76, 155

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29, 96, 148



121, 126, 193



183, 133, 80

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 96, 148



148, 29, 56

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



194, 106, 108



29, 96, 148



164, 113, 172

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29, 96, 148



55, 107, 197



189, 105, 141



114, 159, 65

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 96, 148



0, 80, 175



189, 105, 141



189, 118, 88

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 96, 148



145, 171, 191



29, 148, 120



69, 85, 97



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 96, 148



8, 111, 191



29, 79, 148



67, 71, 74



0, 78, 138



0, 6, 10

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



148, 29, 56



191, 8, 49



148, 73, 29



74, 67, 68



138, 0, 31



10, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 29, 96, 148 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 29, 96, 148 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 29, 96, 148 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 29, 96, 148.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 29, 96, 148.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
51, 100, 155

Trichromacy



Original Color

29, 96, 148



Protanomaly

98, 125, 137



Deuteranomaly

103, 121, 134



Tritanomaly

43, 95, 145

Monochromacy



Original Color

29, 96, 148



Achromatopsia

109, 109, 109



Achromatomaly

80, 104, 123

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 29, 96, 148 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(29, 148, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(29, 148, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(29, 148, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(29, 148, 121) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 29, 96, 148 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(29, 148, 121) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(29, 148, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(29, 148, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(29, 148, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 148, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 148,  
121) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 29, 96, 148 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(29, 148, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(29, 148,  
121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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