

Converting Colors

`RYB(30, 132, 174)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(30, 132, 174) contains.

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Color

RYB(30, 132, 174)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1EAE59
RGB	30, 174, 89
RGB Percent	12%, 68%, 35%
CMY	0.8824, 0.3176, 0.6498
CMYK	0.83, 0.00, 0.49, 0.32
HSL	145°, 71%, 40%
HSV	145°, 83%, 68%
XYZ	17.4870, 31.2743, 14.6310
YIQ	121.2540, -58.5390, -56.9630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

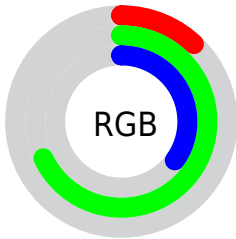
Format	Color
RYB	30, 132, 174
Decimal	2010713
CIELab	62.74, -55.01, 33.32
CIElCh	63, 64.315, 148.800
Yxy	31.2743, 0.2759, 0.4933
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280200793 (0xFF1EAE59)
YUV	121.2540, -15.9012, -80.0298
Hunter-Lab	55.9235, -42.0499, 23.6347

Details

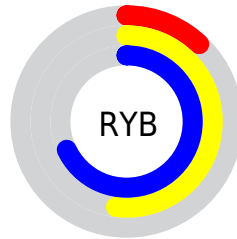
The RYB color **30, 132, 174** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **174, 30, 115**, and the grayscale version is **121, 121, 121**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **102, 202, 231**, and **0, 90, 120** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13, 127, 174**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47, 137, 174**.

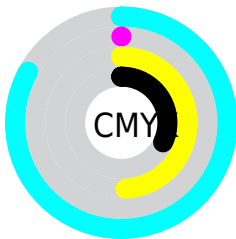
Distribution



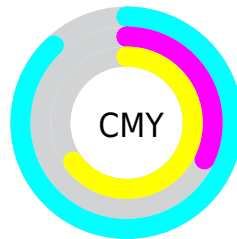
- Red (12%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (12%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Black (32%)







- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 30, 132, 174 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 30, 132, 174 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 30, 132, 174	 30, 132, 174
 255, 255, 255	 0, 102, 147
 102, 201, 231	 0, 89, 120
 132, 227, 255	 0, 80, 94
 161, 230, 255	 0, 69, 69
 191, 234, 255	 0, 47, 47
 221, 239, 255	 0, 17, 17
 251, 253, 255	 0, 0, 0

 30, 132, 174	 30, 132, 174
 13, 127, 174	 47, 137, 174

■ 0, 123, 174

■ 65, 142, 174

■ 82, 147, 174

■ 100, 153, 174

■ 117, 158, 174

■ 134, 162, 174

■ 152, 168, 174

■ 169, 173, 174

■ 187, 174, 181

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39, 164, 77



30, 132, 174



0, 97, 178

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30, 132, 174



0, 98, 255



251, 103, 100

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30, 132, 174



174, 30, 115

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



251, 96, 157



30, 132, 174



147, 138, 252

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30, 132, 174



0, 102, 249



218, 112, 212



226, 181, 52

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30, 132, 174



0, 91, 187



218, 112, 212



255, 98, 118

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30, 132, 174



170, 210, 227



30, 174, 88



80, 105, 115



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30, 132, 174



2, 161, 227



30, 106, 174



78, 84, 87



0, 106, 150



0, 17, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



174, 30, 115



227, 2, 134



174, 30, 44



87, 78, 83



150, 0, 88



23, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 30, 132, 174 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 30, 132, 174 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

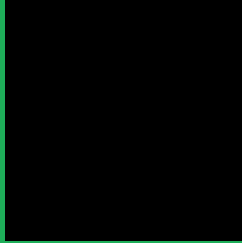
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 30, 132, 174 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 30, 132, 174.

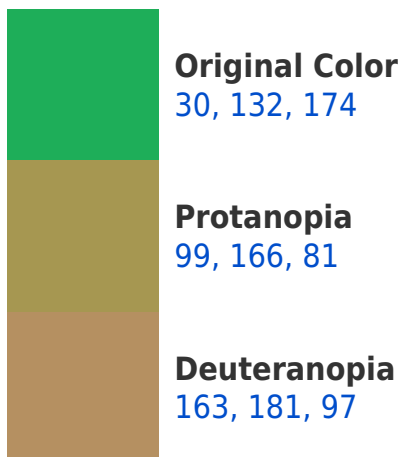


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 30, 132, 174.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
71, 121, 178

Trichromacy



Original Color

30, 132, 174



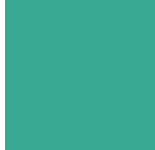
Protanomaly

84, 159, 126



Deuteranomaly

94, 155, 123



Tritanomaly

56, 118, 168

Monochromacy



Original Color

30, 132, 174



Achromatopsia

121, 121, 121



Achromatomaly

88, 125, 140

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 30, 132, 174 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(30, 174, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(30, 174, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(30, 174, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(30, 174, 89) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 30, 132, 174 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(30, 174, 89) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(30, 174, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(30, 174, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(30, 174, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(30, 174, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(30, 174,  
89) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 30, 132, 174 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(30, 174, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(30, 174,  
89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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