

Converting Colors

`RYB(32, 95, 141)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(32, 95, 141) contains.

RYB(32, 95, 141)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

`RYB(32, 95, 141)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	208D70
RGB	32, 141, 112
RGB Percent	13%, 55%, 44%
CMY	0.8745, 0.4471, 0.5624
CMYK	0.77, 0.00, 0.21, 0.45
HSL	164°, 63%, 34%
HSV	164°, 77%, 55%
XYZ	13.0222, 20.5175, 18.4830
YIQ	105.1030, -55.6550, -32.1270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

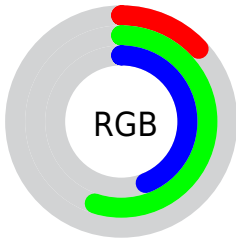
Format	Color
RYB	32, 95, 141
Decimal	2133360
CIELab	52.42, -37.14, 7.22
CIElCh	52, 37.836, 168.996
Yxy	20.5175, 0.2503, 0.3944
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280323440 (0xFF208D70)
YUV	105.1030, 3.4002, -64.1113
Hunter-Lab	45.2963, -27.9514, 7.5143

Details

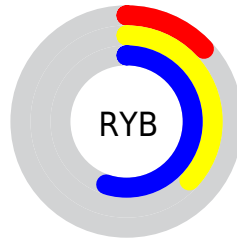
The RYB color **32, 95, 141** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **141, 32, 61**, and the grayscale version is **105, 105, 105**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95, 154, 195**, and **0, 53, 90** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18, 89, 141**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46, 101, 141**.

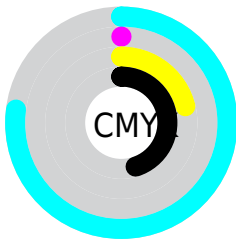
Distribution



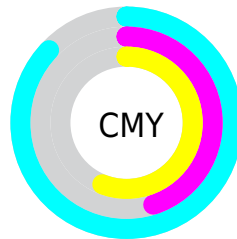
- Red (13%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (77%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 32, 95, 141 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 32, 95, 141 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



32, 95, 141



32, 95, 141

255, 255, 255



0, 65, 115



95, 155, 195



0, 53, 90



123, 184, 224



0, 40, 66



152, 212, 252



0, 29, 43



180, 220, 255



0, 16, 16



209, 232, 255



0, 0, 0



239, 247, 255



32, 95, 141



32, 95, 141



18, 89, 141



46, 101, 141

■ 4, 83, 141

■ 60, 107, 141

■ 0, 81, 141

■ 74, 113, 141

■ 88, 119, 141

■ 103, 125, 141

■ 117, 131, 141

■ 131, 137, 141

■ 145, 141, 142

■ 159, 141, 146

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81, 137, 131



32, 95, 141



0, 72, 145

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



32, 95, 141



109, 119, 186



177, 120, 77

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32, 95, 141



141, 32, 61

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



187, 99, 106



32, 95, 141



154, 109, 168

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



32, 95, 141



36, 95, 188



179, 100, 138



118, 155, 60

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32, 95, 141



0, 76, 165



179, 100, 138



182, 108, 86

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32, 95, 141



141, 166, 184



32, 141, 110



66, 81, 92



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32, 95, 141



13, 112, 184



32, 80, 141



64, 68, 71



0, 78, 135



0, 5, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



141, 32, 61



184, 13, 59



141, 63, 32



71, 64, 66



135, 0, 36



8, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 32, 95, 141 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 32, 95, 141 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

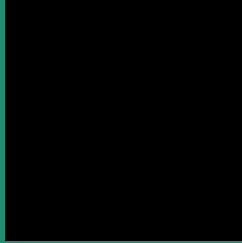
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 32, 95, 141 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 32, 95, 141.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 32, 95, 141.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
52, 97, 147

Trichromacy



Original Color

32, 95, 141

Protanomaly

95, 122, 130

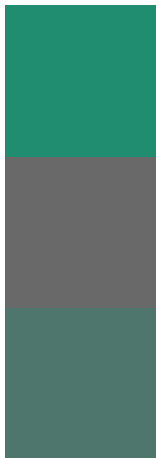
Deuteranomaly

100, 119, 128

Tritanomaly

45, 93, 138

Monochromacy



Original Color

32, 95, 141

Achromatopsia

105, 105, 105

Achromatomaly

78, 101, 118

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 32, 95, 141 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(32, 141, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(32, 141, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(32, 141, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(32, 141, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 32, 95, 141 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(32, 141, 112) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(32, 141, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(32, 141, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(32, 141, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 141, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 141,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 32, 95, 141 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(32, 141, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(32, 141,  
112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor