

Converting Colors

`RYB(33, 125, 125)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(33, 125, 125) contains.

RYB(33, 125, 125)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

`RYB(33, 125, 125)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	217D21
RGB	33, 125, 33
RGB Percent	13%, 49%, 13%
CMY	0.8706, 0.5098, 0.8706
CMYK	0.74, 0.00, 0.74, 0.51
HSL	120°, 58%, 31%
HSV	120°, 74%, 49%
XYZ	8.2353, 15.1004, 3.9195
YIQ	87.0040, -25.3000, -48.1160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

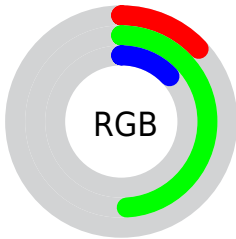
Format	Color
R_{YB}	33, 125, 125
Decimal	2194721
CIE _{Lab}	45.77, -45.01, 40.47
CIE _{LCh}	46, 60.522, 138.040
Yxy	15.1004, 0.3022, 0.5540
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280384801 (0xFF217D21)
YUV	87.0040, -26.6240, -47.3615
Hunter-Lab	38.8592, -30.1745, 21.2213

Details

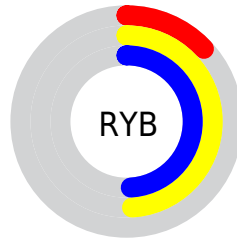
The RYB color **33, 125, 125** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **125, 33, 125**, and the grayscale version is **87, 87, 87**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 179, 169**, and **0, 75, 75** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21, 125, 125**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46, 125, 125**.

Distribution



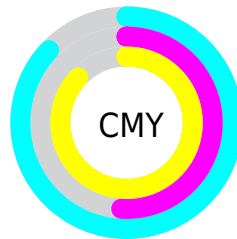
- Red (13%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 33, 125, 125 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 33, 125, 125 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



33, 125, 125



33, 125, 125

255, 255, 255



0, 96, 99



83, 179, 169



0, 75, 75



109, 207, 195



0, 51, 51



135, 235, 222



0, 29, 29



162, 255, 240



0, 0, 0



189, 255, 238



218, 255, 238



246, 255, 246



33, 125, 125



33, 125, 125

■ 21, 125, 125

■ 46, 125, 125

■ 8, 125, 125

■ 58, 125, 125

■ 0, 125, 125

■ 71, 125, 125

■ 83, 125, 125

■ 96, 125, 125

■ 108, 125, 125

■ 121, 125, 125

■ 133, 125, 133

■ 146, 125, 146

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 115, 13



33, 125, 125



0, 78, 130

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33, 125, 125



0, 76, 208



197, 54, 80

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33, 125, 125



125, 33, 125

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



188, 55, 131



33, 125, 125



55, 92, 206

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33, 125, 125



0, 76, 183



148, 79, 177



181, 94, 33

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33, 125, 125



0, 68, 131



148, 79, 177



197, 51, 97

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33, 125, 125



127, 163, 163



33, 125, 33



60, 82, 82



209, 209, 209



82, 82, 82

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33, 125, 125



20, 163, 163



33, 94, 125



57, 64, 64



0, 128, 128



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



125, 33, 125



163, 20, 163



125, 33, 79



64, 57, 64



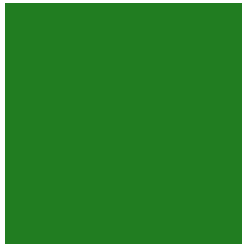
128, 0, 128



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 33, 125, 125 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

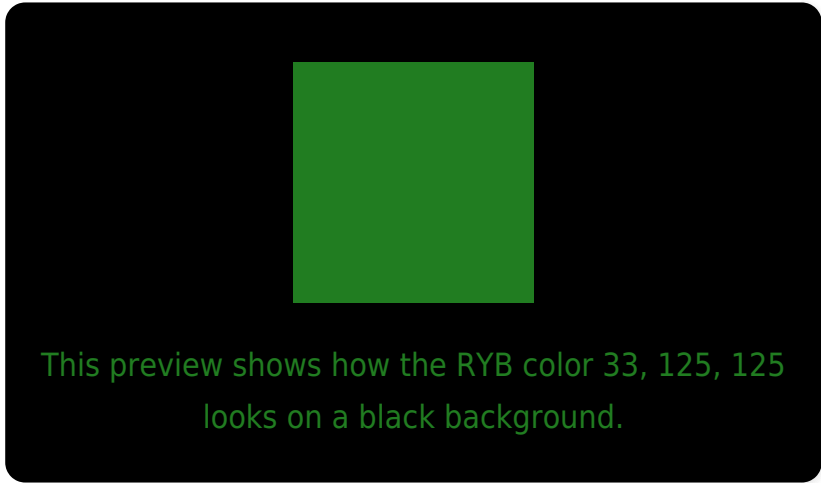
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

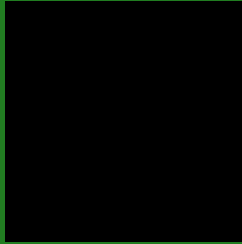
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 33, 125, 125 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 33, 125, 125.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 33, 125, 125.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
33, 125, 125

Protanopia
44, 121, 29

Deuteranopia
91, 134, 42



Tritanopia
59, 90, 126

Trichromacy



Original Color

33, 125, 125



Protanomaly

30, 114, 55



Deuteranomaly

39, 110, 52



Tritanomaly

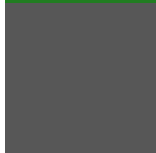
50, 94, 120

Monochromacy



Original Color

33, 125, 125



Achromatopsia

87, 87, 87



Achromatomaly

67, 101, 101

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 33, 125, 125 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(33, 125, 33)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(33, 125, 33)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(33, 125, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(33, 125, 33) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 33, 125, 125 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(33, 125, 33) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(33, 125, 33) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(33, 125, 33)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(33, 125, 33); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 125, 33);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 125,  
33) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 33, 125, 33 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(33, 125, 33) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(33, 125,  
33) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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