

# Converting Colors

`RYB(35, 135, 230)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(35, 135, 230) contains.

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# Color

**`RYB(35, 135, 230)`**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	23E6DC
RGB	35, 230, 220
RGB Percent	14%, 90%, 86%
CMY	0.8627, 0.0980, 0.1363
CMYK	0.85, 0.00, 0.04, 0.10
HSL	177°, 80%, 52%
HSV	177°, 85%, 90%
XYZ	41.9414, 62.1315, 77.6659
YIQ	170.5550, -113.0100, -44.4500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

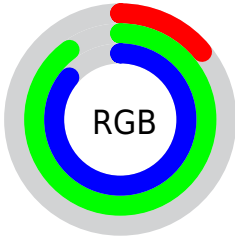
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	35, 135, 230
Decimal	2352860
CIELab	82.98, -45.99, -8.04
CIELCh	83, 46.689, 189.913
Yxy	62.1315, 0.2308, 0.3419
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280542940 (0xFF23E6DC)
YUV	170.5550, 24.3764, -118.8817
Hunter-Lab	78.8235, -42.9628, -3.2428

# Details

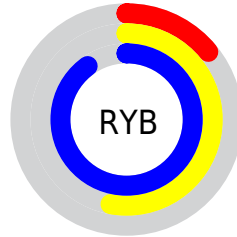
The RYB color **35, 135, 230** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33FFFF**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **230, 35, 45**, and the grayscale version is **170, 170, 170**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **121, 188, 255**, and **0, 89, 174** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12, 124, 230**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58, 146, 230**.

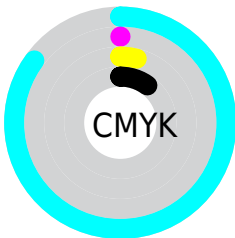
# Distribution



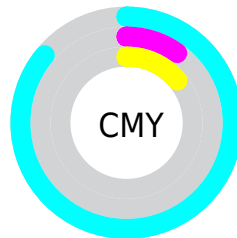
- Red (14%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (10%)




















- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (14%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 35, 135, 230 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 35, 135, 230 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 35, 135, 230	 35, 135, 230
 255, 255, 255	 0, 103, 201
 121, 188, 255	 0, 89, 174
 154, 205, 255	 0, 75, 146
 186, 221, 255	 0, 62, 120
 218, 237, 255	 0, 48, 94
 250, 253, 255	 0, 35, 69
	 0, 24, 47
	 0, 11, 24
	 0, 0, 0

■ 35, 135, 230

■ 35, 135, 230

■ 12, 124, 230

■ 58, 146, 230

■ 0, 118, 230

■ 81, 157, 230

■ 104, 169, 230

■ 127, 180, 230

■ 150, 191, 230

■ 173, 202, 230

■ 196, 214, 230

■ 219, 225, 230

■ 242, 230, 231

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



117, 190, 228



35, 135, 230



0, 120, 255

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35, 135, 230



230, 190, 255



240, 255, 125

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35, 135, 230



230, 35, 45

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 189, 152



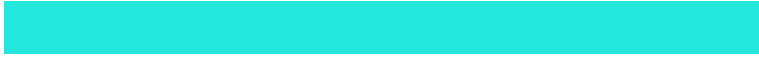
35, 135, 230



255, 176, 238

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35, 135, 230



165, 193, 255



255, 172, 194



133, 221, 119

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35, 135, 230



41, 139, 255



255, 172, 194



255, 238, 132

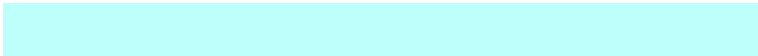


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35, 135, 230



191, 224, 255



35, 230, 220



89, 109, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35, 135, 230



0, 131, 255



35, 104, 230



103, 109, 115



0, 92, 179



0, 26, 51



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



230, 35, 45



255, 0, 13



230, 195, 35



115, 103, 104



179, 0, 9

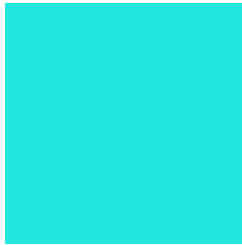


51, 0, 3



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 35, 135, 230 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

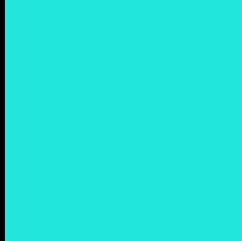
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 35, 135, 230 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

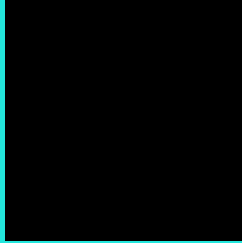
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RYB 35, 135, 230 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 35, 135, 230.

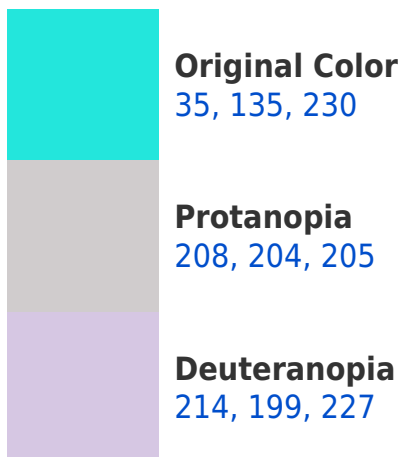


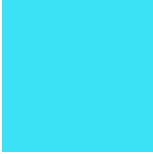
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 35, 135, 230.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





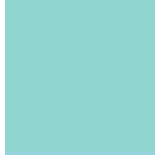
**Tritanopia**  
59, 147, 245

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

35, 135, 230



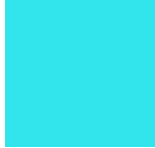
**Protanomaly**

145, 180, 213



**Deuteranomaly**

149, 183, 225



**Tritanomaly**

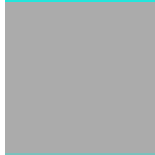
50, 141, 236

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

35, 135, 230



**Achromatopsia**

171, 171, 171



**Achromatomaly**

122, 158, 192

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 35, 135, 230 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(35, 230, 220)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(35, 230, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(35, 230, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(35, 230, 220) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 35, 135, 230 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(35, 230, 220) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(35, 230, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(35, 230, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(35, 230, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 230, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 230,  
220) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 35, 135, 230 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(35, 230, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(35, 230,  
220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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