

Converting Colors

`RYB(36, 25, 203)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(36, 25, 203) contains.

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Color

R_YB(36, 25, 203)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2419CB
RGB	36, 25, 203
RGB Percent	14%, 10%, 80%
CMY	0.8588, 0.9020, 0.2039
CMYK	0.82, 0.88, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	244°, 78%, 45%
HSV	244°, 88%, 80%
XYZ	11.8547, 5.3821, 56.9140
YIQ	48.5810, -50.5820, 57.6900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

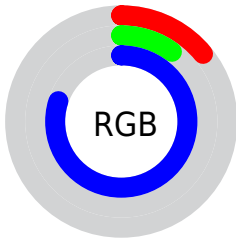
Format	Color
R _Y B	36, 25, 203
Decimal	2365899
CIE Lab	27.80, 61.04, -85.60
CIE LCh	28, 105.129, 305.492
Yxy	5.3821, 0.1599, 0.0726
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280555979 (0xFF2419CB)
YUV	48.5810, 76.1286, -11.0335
Hunter-Lab	23.1994, 50.6128, -129.2136

Details

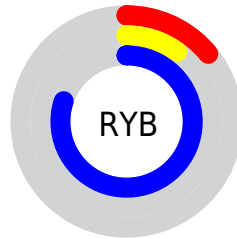
The RYB color **36, 25, 203** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3300CC**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **25, 203, 36**, and the grayscale version is **48, 48, 48**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **115, 77, 255**, and **0, 0, 147** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17, 5, 203**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55, 45, 203**.

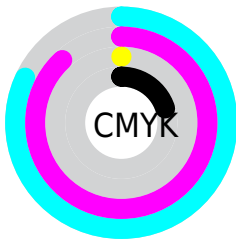
Distribution



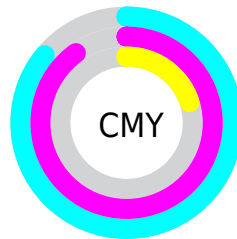
- Red (14%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 36, 25, 203 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 36, 25, 203 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 36, 25, 203

 36, 25, 203


255, 255, 255

 0, 0, 175

 115, 77, 255

 0, 0, 147

 147, 103, 255


 0, 0, 120

 179, 129, 255

 0, 7, 94

 210, 156, 255

 0, 7, 70

 241, 184, 255

 0, 4, 46

 255, 212, 255

 0, 1, 25

 255, 241, 255

 0, 0, 0

 36, 25, 203

 36, 25, 203

■ 17, 5, 203

■ 55, 45, 203

■ 13, 0, 203

■ 74, 66, 203

■ 93, 86, 203

■ 112, 106, 203

■ 131, 127, 203

■ 150, 147, 203

■ 169, 167, 203

■ 188, 187, 203

■ 203, 208, 204

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 59, 235



36, 25, 203



164, 0, 135

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36, 25, 203



131, 28, 0



0, 47, 89

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 25, 203



25, 203, 36

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 87, 87



36, 25, 203



0, 69, 1

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36, 25, 203



175, 0, 0



0, 83, 83



0, 59, 161

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 25, 203



188, 0, 82



0, 83, 83



0, 57, 89

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 25, 203



193, 189, 255



25, 112, 203



90, 88, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 25, 203



16, 0, 255



123, 25, 203



92, 92, 102



10, 0, 166



2, 0, 38

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



203, 25, 192



255, 0, 239



25, 203, 123



102, 92, 101



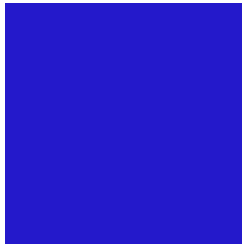
166, 0, 156



38, 0, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 36, 25, 203 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

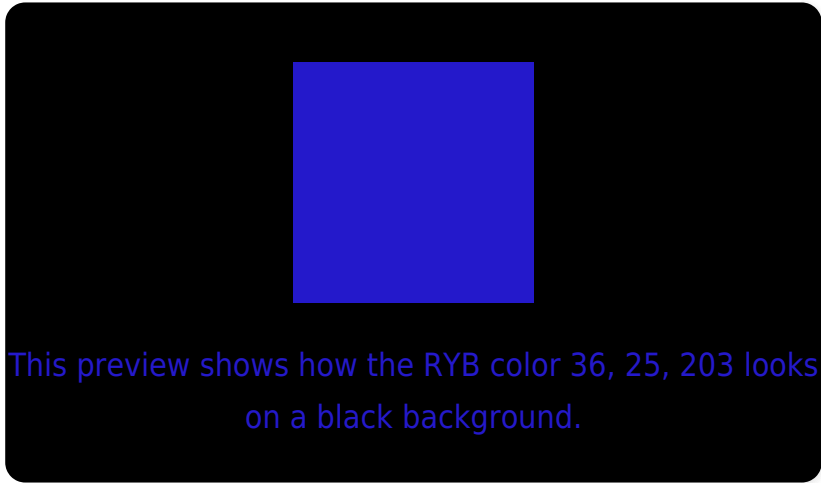
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

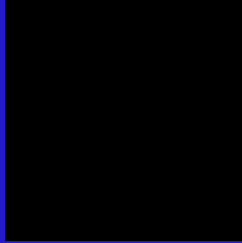
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 36, 25, 203 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 36, 25, 203.

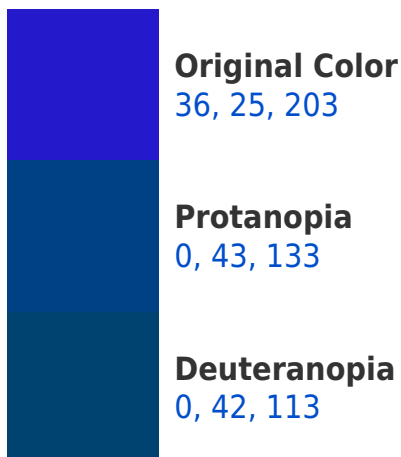


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 36, 25, 203.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
0, 37, 77

Trichromacy



Original Color

36, 25, 203

Protanomaly

13, 42, 158

Deuteranomaly

13, 43, 146

Tritanomaly

13, 44, 123

Monochromacy



Original Color

36, 25, 203

Achromatopsia

49, 49, 49

Achromatomaly

44, 40, 105

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 36, 25, 203 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(36, 25, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(36, 25, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 25, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(36, 25, 203) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 36, 25, 203 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(36, 25, 203) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(36, 25, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 25, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(36, 25, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 25, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 25,  
203) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 36, 25, 203 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(36, 25, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(36, 25,  
203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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