

Converting Colors

`RYB(39, 90, 130)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(39, 90, 130) contains.

RYB(39, 90, 130)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(39, 90, 130)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	27826E
RGB	39, 130, 110
RGB Percent	15%, 51%, 43%
CMY	0.8471, 0.4902, 0.5672
CMYK	0.70, 0.00, 0.15, 0.49
HSL	167°, 54%, 33%
HSV	167°, 70%, 51%
XYZ	11.6541, 17.5305, 17.6279
YIQ	100.5110, -47.8160, -25.5120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

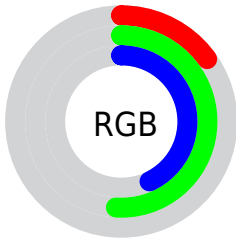
Format	Color
R_{YB}	39, 90, 130
Decimal	2589294
CIE _{Lab}	48.92, -31.44, 2.93
CIE _{LCh}	49, 31.572, 174.676
Yxy	17.5305, 0.2490, 0.3745
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280779374 (0xFF27826E)
YUV	100.5110, 4.6781, -53.9451
Hunter-Lab	41.8695, -23.5871, 4.3463

Details

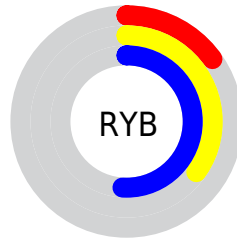
The RYB color **39, 90, 130** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **130, 39, 59**, and the grayscale version is **101, 101, 101**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 147, 184**, and **0, 45, 80** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26, 84, 130**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52, 96, 130**.

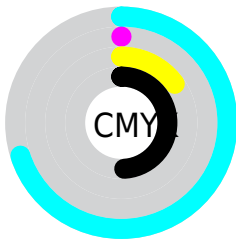
Distribution



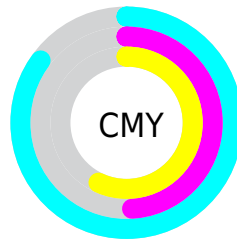
- Red (15%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (49%)




- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 39, 90, 130 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 39, 90, 130 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 39, 90, 130

 39, 90, 130


255, 255, 255

 0, 57, 104

 97, 147, 184

 0, 45, 80

 125, 174, 211

 0, 32, 56

 152, 203, 240

 0, 23, 36

 181, 221, 255

 0, 0, 0

 210, 233, 255

 239, 247, 255

 39, 90, 130

 39, 90, 130

 26, 84, 130

 52, 96, 130

■ 13, 78, 130

■ 65, 101, 130

■ 0, 73, 130

■ 78, 107, 130

■ 91, 113, 130

■ 104, 119, 130

■ 117, 124, 130

■ 130, 130, 130

■ 143, 130, 133

■ 156, 130, 136

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79, 122, 127



39, 90, 130



0, 67, 138

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39, 90, 130



112, 111, 165



158, 122, 73

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39, 90, 130



130, 39, 59

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



167, 96, 95



39, 90, 130



145, 101, 147

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39, 90, 130



66, 101, 169



164, 95, 122



99, 138, 62

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39, 90, 130



0, 70, 153



164, 95, 122



162, 108, 80

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39, 90, 130



133, 152, 168



39, 130, 110



63, 75, 84



212, 212, 212



84, 84, 84

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39, 90, 130



27, 106, 168



39, 77, 130



57, 61, 64



0, 72, 128



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



130, 39, 59



168, 27, 57



130, 75, 39



64, 57, 59



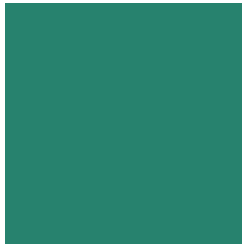
128, 0, 28



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 39, 90, 130 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

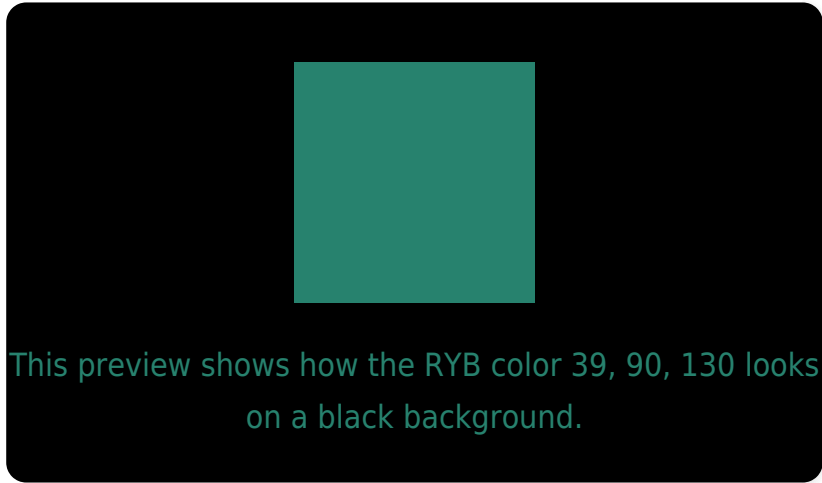
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

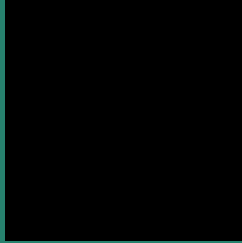
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 39, 90, 130 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 39, 90, 130.

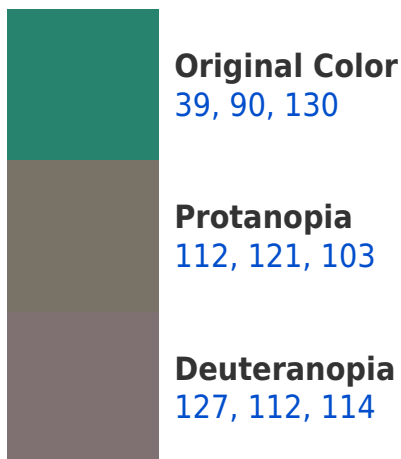


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 39, 90, 130.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
52, 92, 137

Trichromacy



Original Color

39, 90, 130

Protanomaly

91, 110, 120

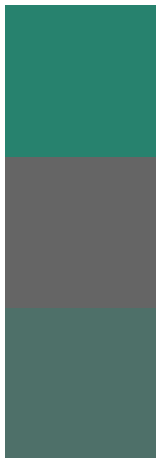
Deuteranomaly

95, 109, 119

Tritanomaly

47, 87, 127

Monochromacy



Original Color

39, 90, 130

Achromatopsia

101, 101, 101

Achromatomaly

78, 97, 112

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 39, 90, 130 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(39, 130, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(39, 130, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(39, 130, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(39, 130, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 39, 90, 130 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(39, 130, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(39, 130, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(39, 130, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(39, 130, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 130, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 130,  
110) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 39, 130, 110 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(39, 130, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(39, 130,  
110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor