

Converting Colors

`RYB(41, 137, 178)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(41, 137, 178) contains.

RYB(41, 137, 178)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

`RYB(41, 137, 178)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	29B264
RGB	41, 178, 100
RGB Percent	16%, 70%, 39%
CMY	0.8392, 0.3020, 0.6098
CMYK	0.77, 0.00, 0.44, 0.30
HSL	146°, 63%, 43%
HSV	146°, 77%, 70%
XYZ	19.1115, 33.2229, 17.3381
YIQ	128.1450, -56.6140, -53.3020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

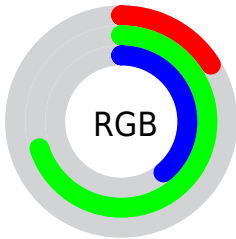
Format	Color
RYB	41, 137, 178
Decimal	2732644
CIELab	64.34, -53.37, 30.12
CIELCh	64, 61.283, 150.567
Yxy	33.2229, 0.2743, 0.4768
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280922724 (0xFF29B264)
YUV	128.1450, -13.8755, -76.4262
Hunter-Lab	57.6393, -41.6834, 22.5128

Details

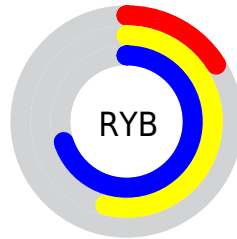
The RYB color **41, 137, 178** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC66**. A complement of this color would be **178, 41, 119**, and the grayscale version is **128, 128, 128**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **108, 202, 235**, and **0, 87, 124** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23, 132, 178**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59, 142, 178**.

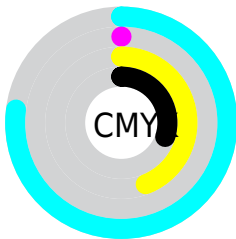
Distribution



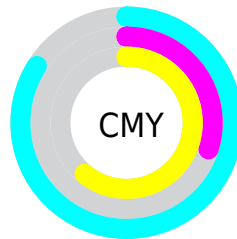
- Red (16%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (77%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (30%)




- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 41, 137, 178 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 41, 137, 178 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 41, 137, 178

255, 255, 255


 108, 203, 235

 138, 225, 255

 167, 228, 255

 197, 232, 255

 227, 241, 255

 41, 137, 178

 0, 101, 151

 0, 88, 124


 0, 76, 98


 0, 70, 73


 0, 50, 50


 0, 24, 24

 0, 0, 0

 41, 137, 178

 23, 132, 178

 41, 137, 178

 59, 142, 178

■ 5, 126, 178

■ 77, 148, 178

■ 0, 125, 178

■ 94, 153, 178

■ 112, 158, 178

■ 130, 164, 178

■ 148, 169, 178

■ 166, 174, 178

■ 183, 178, 181

■ 201, 178, 191

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53, 169, 94



41, 137, 178



0, 98, 182

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41, 137, 178



0, 99, 255



252, 112, 104

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41, 137, 178



178, 41, 119

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



253, 104, 157



41, 137, 178



157, 141, 251

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41, 137, 178



0, 103, 251



223, 118, 211



226, 192, 59

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41, 137, 178



0, 94, 193



223, 118, 211



255, 107, 121

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41, 137, 178



179, 216, 232



41, 178, 98



84, 107, 117



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41, 137, 178



19, 168, 232



41, 112, 178



80, 86, 89



0, 107, 153



0, 18, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



178, 41, 119



232, 19, 141



178, 41, 52



89, 80, 85



153, 0, 88



26, 0, 15

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 41, 137, 178 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 41, 137, 178 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 41, 137, 178 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 41, 137, 178.

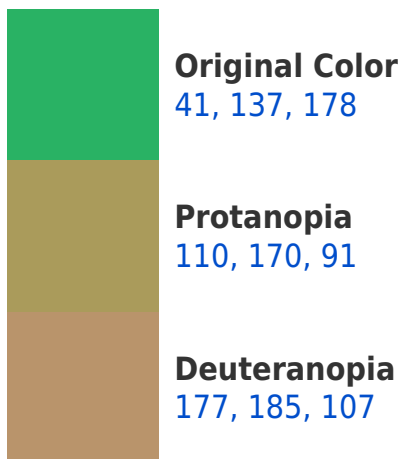


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 41, 137, 178.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
76, 125, 182

Trichromacy



Original Color

41, 137, 178



Protanomaly

94, 163, 134



Deuteranomaly

104, 159, 130



Tritanomaly

63, 123, 172

Monochromacy



Original Color

41, 137, 178



Achromatopsia

128, 128, 128



Achromatomaly

96, 131, 146

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 41, 137, 178 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(41, 178, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(41, 178, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 178, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(41, 178, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 41, 137, 178 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(41, 178, 100) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(41, 178, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(41, 178, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(41, 178, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 178, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 178,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 41, 137, 178 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(41, 178, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(41, 178,  
100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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