

Converting Colors

R_YB(42, 81, 186)

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(42, 81, 186) contains.

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Color

R_YB(42, 81, 186)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2A5FBA
RGB	42, 95, 186
RGB Percent	16%, 37%, 73%
CMY	0.8353, 0.6255, 0.2706
CMYK	0.77, 0.49, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	218°, 63%, 45%
HSV	218°, 77%, 73%
XYZ	13.9539, 12.3096, 48.0949
YIQ	89.5270, -60.7990, 17.0650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

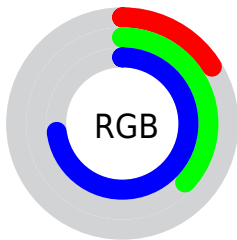
Format	Color
R _Y B	42, 81, 186
Decimal	2777018
CIE Lab	41.70, 15.04, -52.83
CIE LCh	42, 54.926, 285.896
Yxy	12.3096, 0.1877, 0.1655
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280967098 (0xFF2A5FBA)
YUV	89.5270, 47.5612, -41.6812
Hunter-Lab	35.0851, 9.5934, -56.7157

Details

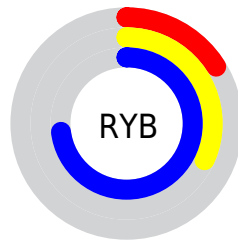
The RYB color **42, 81, 186** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366CC**. A complement of this color would be **126, 186, 42**, and the grayscale version is **89, 89, 89**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **109, 137, 243**, and **0, 36, 132** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23, 67, 186**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61, 95, 186**.

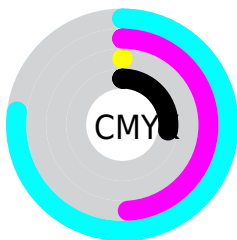
Distribution



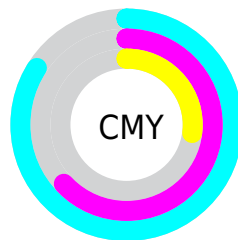
- Red (16%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (77%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)





















- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 42, 81, 186 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 42, 81, 186 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 42, 81, 186	 42, 81, 186
 255, 255, 255	 0, 50, 159
 109, 137, 243	 0, 36, 132
 138, 164, 255	 0, 24, 106
 168, 191, 255	 0, 5, 81
 198, 217, 255	 0, 5, 57
 227, 241, 255	 0, 2, 35
	 0, 0, 10
	 0, 0, 0
 42, 81, 186	 42, 81, 186

■ 23, 67, 186

■ 61, 95, 186

■ 5, 54, 186

■ 79, 108, 186

■ 0, 50, 186

■ 98, 122, 186

■ 116, 135, 186

■ 135, 149, 186

■ 154, 163, 186

■ 172, 176, 186

■ 189, 191, 186

■ 198, 209, 186

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 69, 186



42, 81, 186



130, 74, 162

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42, 81, 186



165, 80, 34



0, 71, 117

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 81, 186



126, 186, 42

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28, 113, 101



42, 81, 186



72, 136, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42, 81, 186



178, 50, 76



0, 104, 7



0, 60, 122

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 81, 186



159, 60, 136



0, 104, 7



0, 77, 116

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 81, 186



187, 202, 242



42, 131, 186



88, 97, 122



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 81, 186



17, 78, 242



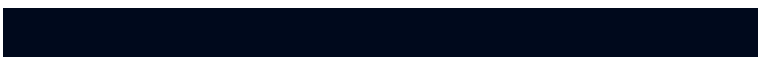
59, 42, 186



83, 85, 92



0, 42, 156



0, 7, 28

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



186, 42, 95



242, 17, 101



42, 186, 59



92, 83, 86



156, 0, 58



28, 0, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 42, 81, 186 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 42, 81, 186 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYP 42, 81, 186 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYP color 42, 81, 186.

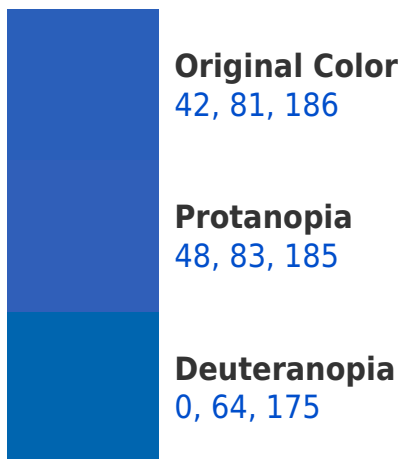


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYP color 42, 81, 186.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
0, 56, 117

Trichromacy



Original Color

42, 81, 186

Protanomaly

46, 82, 185

Deuteranomaly

15, 70, 179

Tritanomaly

15, 67, 142

Monochromacy



Original Color

42, 81, 186

Achromatopsia

90, 90, 90

Achromatomaly

73, 87, 125

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 42, 81, 186 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(42, 95, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(42, 95, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(42, 95, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(42, 95, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 42, 81, 186 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(42, 95, 186) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(42, 95, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(42, 95, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(42, 95, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 95, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 95,  
186) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 42, 81, 186 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(42, 95, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(42, 95,  
186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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