

Converting Colors

`RYB(43, 101, 110)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(43, 101, 110) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(43, 101, 110)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B6E35
RGB	43, 110, 53
RGB Percent	17%, 43%, 21%
CMY	0.8314, 0.5686, 0.7906
CMYK	0.61, 0.00, 0.51, 0.57
HSL	129°, 44%, 30%
HSV	129°, 61%, 43%
XYZ	7.2240, 11.9262, 5.3374
YIQ	83.4690, -21.6350, -31.9310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

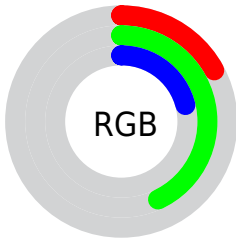
Format	Color
RYB	43, 101, 110
Decimal	2846261
CIELab	41.10, -34.32, 25.25
CIELCh	41, 42.607, 143.657
Yxy	11.9262, 0.2950, 0.4870
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281036341 (0xFF2B6E35)
YUV	83.4690, -15.0212, -35.4913
Hunter-Lab	34.5343, -23.0959, 15.0105

Details

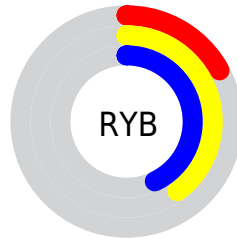
The RYB color **43, 101, 110** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **110, 43, 100**, and the grayscale version is **84, 84, 84**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96, 157, 162**, and **0, 55, 61** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32, 100, 110**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54, 102, 110**.

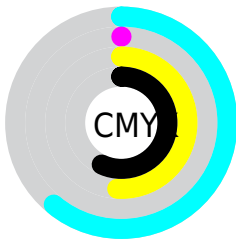
Distribution



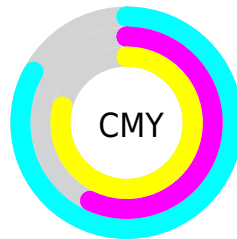
- Red (17%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Black (57%)





- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 43, 101, 110 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 43, 101, 110 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 43, 101, 110

 43, 101, 110


255, 255, 255

 11, 69, 85

 96, 157, 162

 0, 54, 61

 122, 185, 190

 0, 39, 39

 149, 214, 218


 0, 8, 8


 177, 243, 246


 0, 0, 0


 205, 253, 255

 234, 253, 255

 43, 101, 110

 43, 101, 110

 32, 100, 110

 54, 102, 110

■ 21, 98, 110

■ 65, 104, 110

■ 10, 96, 110

■ 76, 106, 110

■ 0, 95, 110

■ 87, 107, 110

■ 98, 108, 110

■ 109, 110, 110

■ 120, 110, 118

■ 131, 110, 128

■ 142, 110, 137

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27, 103, 42



43, 101, 110



0, 64, 113

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43, 101, 110



0, 64, 166



160, 67, 71

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43, 101, 110



110, 43, 100

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



156, 65, 106



43, 101, 110



84, 90, 161

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43, 101, 110



0, 64, 153



132, 76, 139



147, 100, 41

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43, 101, 110



0, 58, 114



132, 76, 139



161, 65, 82

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43, 101, 110



117, 140, 143



43, 110, 53



56, 69, 71



199, 199, 199



71, 71, 71

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43, 101, 110



39, 129, 143



43, 83, 110



50, 55, 56



0, 104, 120



0, 214, 247

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



110, 43, 100



143, 39, 127



110, 43, 66



56, 50, 55



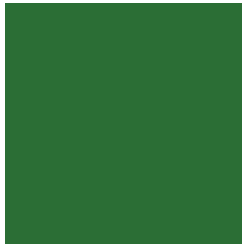
120, 0, 101



247, 0, 209

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 43, 101, 110 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

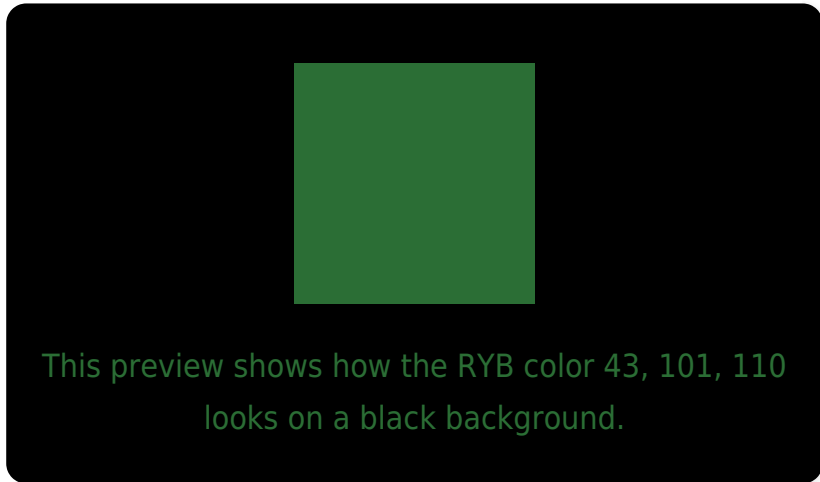
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 43, 101, 110 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 43, 101, 110.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 43, 101, 110.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

43, 101, 110

Protanopia

61, 107, 49

Deuteranopia

101, 117, 58



Tritanopia
59, 83, 112

Trichromacy



Original Color
43, 101, 110

Protanomaly
51, 102, 69

Deuteranomaly
56, 99, 65

Tritanomaly
53, 84, 106

Monochromacy



Original Color
43, 101, 110

Achromatopsia
84, 84, 84

Achromatomaly
69, 90, 93

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 43, 101, 110 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 110, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 110, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 110, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 110, 53) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 43, 101, 110 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 110, 53) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 110, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 110, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 110, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 110, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 110,  
53) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 43, 101, 110 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 110, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 110,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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