

Converting Colors

`RYB(44, 0, 229)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(44, 0, 229) contains.

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Color

R_YB(44, 0, 229)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2C00E5
RGB	44, 0, 229
RGB Percent	17%, 0%, 90%
CMY	0.8275, 1.0000, 0.1020
CMYK	0.81, 1.00, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	252°, 100%, 45%
HSV	252°, 100%, 90%
XYZ	15.1816, 6.1926, 74.5239
YIQ	39.2620, -47.2850, 80.5470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

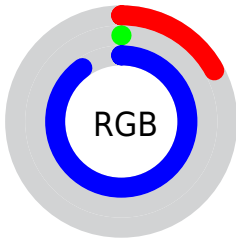
Format	Color
R_{YB}	44, 0, 229
Decimal	2883813
CIE _{Lab}	29.89, 73.47, -97.13
CIE _{LCh}	30, 121.787, 307.105
Yxy	6.1926, 0.1583, 0.0646
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281073893 (0xFF2C00E5)
YUV	39.2620, 93.5408, 4.1552
Hunter-Lab	24.8850, 65.3487, -160.1384

Details

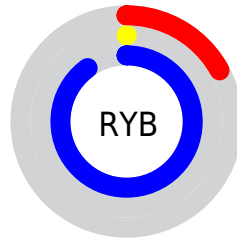
The RYB color **44, 0, 229** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0000CC**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **0, 229, 44**, and the grayscale version is **38, 38, 38**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **126, 69, 255**, and **0, 0, 172** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44, 0, 229**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63, 23, 229**.

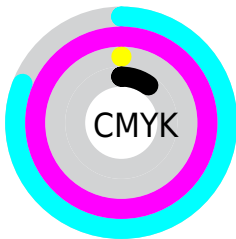
Distribution



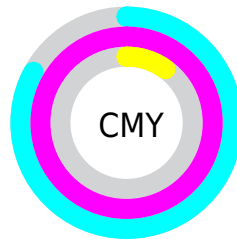
- Red (17%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 44, 0, 229 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 44, 0, 229 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



44, 0, 229



44, 0, 229

255, 255, 255



0, 0, 200



126, 69, 255



0, 0, 172



160, 97, 255



0, 0, 144



192, 124, 255



0, 0, 117



224, 152, 255



0, 11, 91



255, 180, 255



0, 6, 67



255, 208, 255



0, 3, 44



255, 237, 255



0, 1, 22



0, 0, 0

■ 44, 0, 229

■ 63, 23, 229

■ 81, 46, 229

■ 100, 69, 229

■ 118, 92, 229

■ 137, 115, 229

■ 155, 137, 229

■ 174, 160, 229

■ 192, 183, 229

■ 211, 206, 229

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 64, 255



44, 0, 229



188, 0, 147

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44, 0, 229



141, 25, 0



0, 50, 97

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44, 0, 229



0, 229, 44

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 94, 94



44, 0, 229



0, 75, 9

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44, 0, 229



194, 0, 0



0, 90, 90



0, 65, 187

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44, 0, 229



213, 0, 85



0, 90, 90



0, 59, 96

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44, 0, 229



193, 179, 255



0, 103, 229



90, 82, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44, 0, 229



49, 0, 255



156, 0, 229



105, 103, 115



34, 0, 179



10, 0, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



229, 0, 185



255, 0, 206



0, 229, 156



115, 103, 113



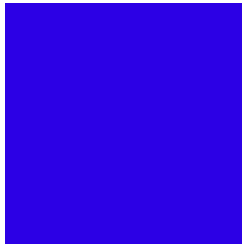
179, 0, 144



51, 0, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 44, 0, 229 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

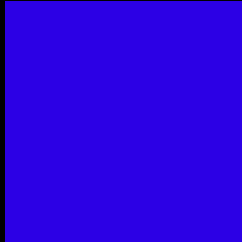
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 44, 0, 229 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R_YB 44, 0, 229 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R_YB color 44, 0, 229.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R_YB color 44, 0, 229.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


44, 0, 229

Protanopia

0, 47, 145

Deuteranopia

0, 46, 123



Tritanopia
0, 41, 84

Trichromacy



Original Color

44, 0, 229

Protanomaly

16, 40, 176

Deuteranomaly

16, 42, 162

Tritanomaly

16, 43, 137

Monochromacy



Original Color

44, 0, 229

Achromatopsia

39, 39, 39

Achromatomaly

41, 25, 108

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 44, 0, 229 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(44, 0, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(44, 0, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(44, 0, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(44, 0, 229) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 44, 0, 229 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(44, 0, 229) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(44, 0, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(44, 0, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(44, 0, 229); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 0, 229);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 0, 229)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 44, 0, 229 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(44, 0, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(44, 0,  
229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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