

Converting Colors

`RYB(44, 94, 141)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(44, 94, 141) contains.

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Color

`RYB(44, 94, 141)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2C8D87
RGB	44, 141, 135
RGB Percent	17%, 55%, 53%
CMY	0.8275, 0.4471, 0.4699
CMYK	0.69, 0.00, 0.04, 0.45
HSL	176°, 52%, 36%
HSV	176°, 69%, 55%
XYZ	14.9494, 21.3396, 26.3192
YIQ	111.3130, -55.8860, -22.4300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

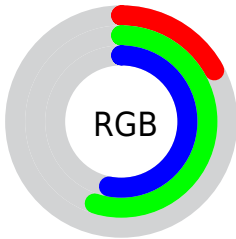
Format	Color
R _Y B	44, 94, 141
Decimal	2919815
CIE Lab	53.32, -28.89, -5.07
CIE LCh	53, 29.333, 189.953
Yxy	21.3396, 0.2388, 0.3408
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281109895 (0xFF2C8D87)
YUV	111.3130, 11.6777, -59.0335
Hunter-Lab	46.1948, -23.0751, -1.4438

Details

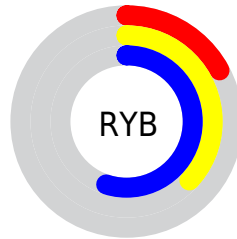
The RYB color **44, 94, 141** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **141, 44, 50**, and the grayscale version is **111, 111, 111**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **104, 151, 195**, and **0, 46, 90** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30, 87, 141**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58, 101, 141**.

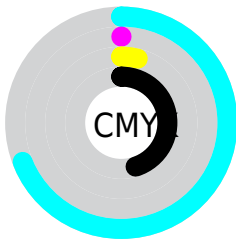
Distribution



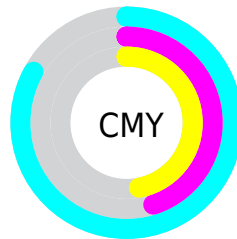
- Red (17%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 44, 94, 141 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 44, 94, 141 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



44, 94, 141



44, 94, 141

255, 255, 255



0, 59, 115



104, 151, 195



0, 46, 90



132, 179, 223



0, 34, 66



160, 208, 252



0, 22, 43



189, 222, 255



0, 10, 20



218, 237, 255



0, 0, 0



248, 252, 255



44, 94, 141



44, 94, 141



30, 87, 141



58, 101, 141

■ 16, 81, 141

■ 72, 108, 141

■ 2, 74, 141

■ 86, 114, 141

■ 0, 73, 141

■ 100, 121, 141

■ 115, 129, 141

■ 129, 135, 141

■ 143, 141, 141

■ 157, 141, 142

■ 171, 141, 143

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77, 119, 140



44, 94, 141



29, 89, 159

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44, 94, 141



141, 118, 166



157, 159, 80

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44, 94, 141



141, 44, 50

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



173, 116, 96



44, 94, 141



166, 110, 145

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44, 94, 141



105, 122, 177



177, 108, 120



85, 136, 77

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44, 94, 141



49, 100, 170



177, 108, 120



165, 140, 84

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44, 94, 141



145, 165, 184



44, 141, 135



69, 81, 92



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44, 94, 141



31, 110, 184



44, 79, 141



64, 68, 71



0, 70, 135



0, 4, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



141, 44, 50



184, 31, 40



141, 118, 44



71, 64, 65



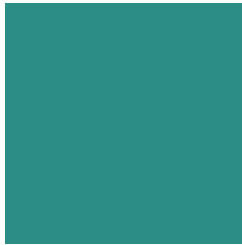
135, 0, 8



8, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 44, 94, 141 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 44, 94, 141 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

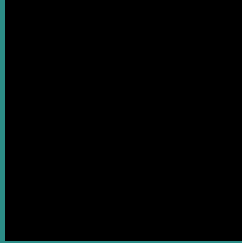
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 44, 94, 141 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 44, 94, 141.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 44, 94, 141.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

44, 94, 141

Protanopia

129, 126, 126

Deuteranopia

133, 123, 139



Tritanopia
52, 98, 150

Trichromacy



Original Color

44, 94, 141

Protanomaly

98, 115, 131

Deuteranomaly

101, 117, 138

Tritanomaly

49, 96, 145

Monochromacy



Original Color

44, 94, 141

Achromatopsia

111, 111, 111

Achromatomaly

87, 105, 122

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 44, 94, 141 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(44, 141, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(44, 141, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(44, 141, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(44, 141, 135) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 44, 94, 141 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(44, 141, 135) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(44, 141, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(44, 141, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(44, 141, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 141, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 141,  
135) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 44, 94, 141 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(44, 141, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(44, 141,  
135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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