

Converting Colors

`RYB(45, 0, 163)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(45, 0, 163) contains.

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Color

R_YB(45, 0, 163)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2D00A3
RGB	45, 0, 163
RGB Percent	18%, 0%, 64%
CMY	0.8235, 1.0000, 0.3608
CMYK	0.72, 1.00, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	257°, 100%, 32%
HSV	257°, 100%, 64%
XYZ	7.6930, 3.2022, 34.8630
YIQ	32.0370, -25.5030, 60.2330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

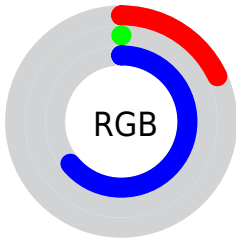
Format	Color
R_{YB}	45, 0, 163
Decimal	2949283
CIE _{Lab}	20.84, 57.51, -73.31
CIE _{LCh}	21, 93.177, 308.110
Yxy	3.2022, 0.1681, 0.0700
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281139363 (0xFF2D00A3)
YUV	32.0370, 64.5648, 11.3686
Hunter-Lab	17.8948, 45.4221, -102.9836

Details

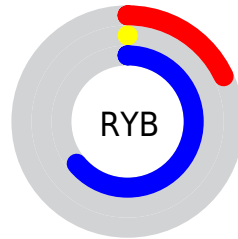
The RYB color **45, 0, 163** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000099**. A complement of this color would be **0, 163, 45**, and the grayscale version is **31, 31, 31**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **111, 60, 219**, and **0, 0, 110** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45, 0, 163**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57, 16, 163**.

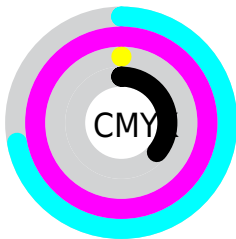
Distribution



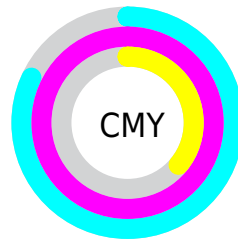
- Red (18%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)




- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 45, 0, 163 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 45, 0, 163 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 45, 0, 163


 45, 0, 163

 255, 251, 255


 0, 0, 136

 111, 60, 219


 0, 0, 110

 141, 86, 248

 0, 0, 84

 171, 112, 255

 0, 5, 60

 201, 139, 255

 0, 2, 37

 232, 166, 255

 0, 1, 14

 255, 194, 255

 0, 0, 0

 255, 222, 255

 45, 0, 163

■ 57, 16, 163

■ 69, 33, 163

■ 80, 49, 163

■ 92, 65, 163

■ 104, 82, 163

■ 116, 98, 163

■ 128, 114, 163

■ 139, 130, 163

■ 151, 147, 163

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 45, 194



45, 0, 163



137, 0, 103

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45, 0, 163



101, 23, 0



0, 36, 71

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45, 0, 163



0, 163, 45

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 69, 69



45, 0, 163



0, 54, 8

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45, 0, 163



139, 0, 0



0, 65, 65



0, 48, 137

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45, 0, 163



154, 0, 58



0, 65, 65



0, 43, 70

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45, 0, 163



166, 148, 212



0, 69, 163



79, 69, 107



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45, 0, 163



58, 0, 212



125, 0, 163



76, 73, 82



40, 0, 145



5, 0, 18

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



163, 0, 118



212, 0, 153



0, 163, 125



82, 73, 79



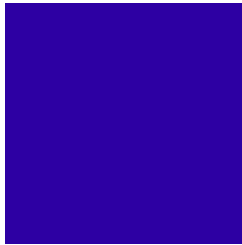
145, 0, 105



18, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 45, 0, 163 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

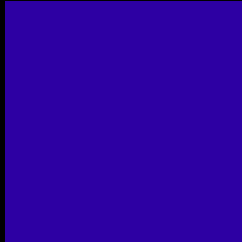
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 45, 0, 163 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYP 45, 0, 163 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYP color 45, 0, 163.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYP color 45, 0, 163.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


45, 0, 163

Protanopia

0, 35, 108

Deuteranopia

0, 34, 91



Tritanopia
0, 30, 62

Trichromacy



Original Color

45, 0, 163

Protanomaly

16, 30, 128

Deuteranomaly

16, 32, 117

Tritanomaly

16, 33, 99

Monochromacy



Original Color

45, 0, 163

Achromatopsia

32, 32, 32

Achromatomaly

37, 20, 80

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 45, 0, 163 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(45, 0, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(45, 0, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 0, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(45, 0, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 45, 0, 163 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(45, 0, 163) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(45, 0, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 0, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(45, 0, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 0, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 0, 163)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 45, 0, 163 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(45, 0, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(45, 0,  
163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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