

Converting Colors

`RYB(45, 131, 176)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(45, 131, 176) contains.

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Color

R_YB(45, 131, 176)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2DB072
RGB	45, 176, 114
RGB Percent	18%, 69%, 45%
CMY	0.8235, 0.3098, 0.5547
CMYK	0.74, 0.00, 0.35, 0.31
HSL	151°, 59%, 43%
HSV	151°, 74%, 69%
XYZ	19.6190, 32.8132, 21.0841
YIQ	129.7630, -58.1740, -47.0540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

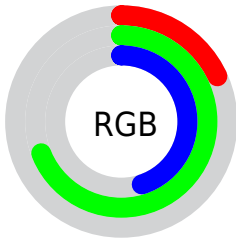
Format	Color
RYB	45, 131, 176
Decimal	2994290
CIELab	64.01, -49.37, 22.24
CIElCh	64, 54.151, 155.751
Yxy	32.8132, 0.2669, 0.4463
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281184370 (0xFF2DB072)
YUV	129.7630, -7.7712, -74.3372
Hunter-Lab	57.2828, -39.1096, 18.2750

Details

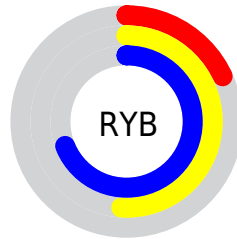
The RYB color **45, 131, 176** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009966**. A complement of this color would be **176, 45, 107**, and the grayscale version is **130, 130, 130**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **110, 195, 233**, and **0, 80, 122** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27, 125, 176**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63, 137, 176**.

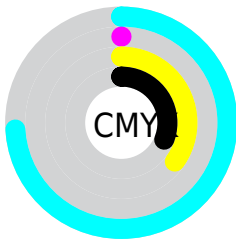
Distribution



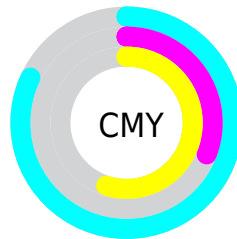
- Red (18%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (31%)




- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (55%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 45, 131, 176 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 45, 131, 176 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 45, 131, 176

255, 255, 255


 110, 195, 233

 139, 218, 255

 169, 223, 255

 198, 228, 255

 228, 242, 255

 45, 131, 176

 0, 93, 149

 0, 80, 122


 0, 67, 96


 0, 55, 71


 0, 48, 48


 0, 23, 23

 0, 0, 0

 45, 131, 176

 27, 125, 176

 45, 131, 176

 63, 137, 176

■ 10, 119, 176

■ 80, 143, 176

■ 0, 116, 176

■ 98, 149, 176

■ 115, 155, 176

■ 133, 161, 176

■ 151, 167, 176

■ 168, 173, 176

■ 186, 176, 181

■ 203, 176, 189

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



72, 168, 117



45, 131, 176



0, 94, 179

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45, 131, 176



78, 132, 251



239, 123, 101

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45, 131, 176



176, 45, 107

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



243, 112, 148



45, 131, 176



170, 139, 234

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45, 131, 176



0, 100, 243



221, 120, 196



213, 207, 66

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45, 131, 176



0, 94, 196



221, 120, 196



243, 116, 116

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45, 131, 176



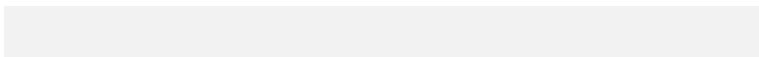
179, 213, 230



45, 176, 113



85, 105, 115



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45, 131, 176



25, 160, 230



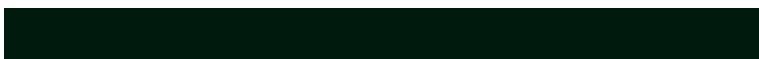
45, 110, 176



80, 86, 89



0, 100, 153



0, 17, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



176, 45, 107



230, 25, 123



176, 47, 45



89, 80, 85



153, 0, 73



26, 0, 12

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 45, 131, 176 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 45, 131, 176 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 45, 131, 176 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 45, 131, 176.

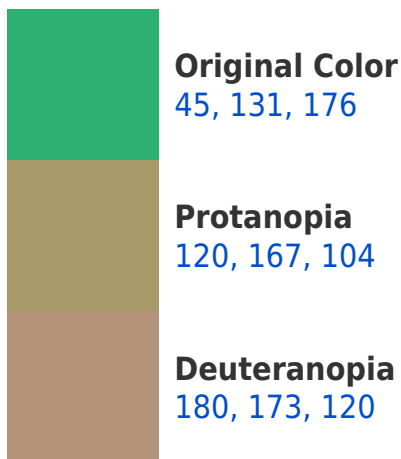


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 45, 131, 176.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
74, 124, 181

Trichromacy



Original Color

45, 131, 176



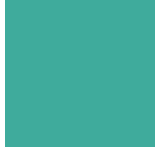
Protanomaly

107, 162, 146



Deuteranomaly

118, 158, 145



Tritanomaly

63, 121, 171

Monochromacy



Original Color

45, 131, 176



Achromatopsia

130, 130, 130



Achromatomaly

99, 131, 147

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 45, 131, 176 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(45, 176, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(45, 176, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 176, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(45, 176, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 45, 131, 176 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(45, 176, 114) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(45, 176, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(45, 176, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(45, 176, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 176, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 176,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 45, 131, 176 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(45, 176, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(45, 176,  
114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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