

Converting Colors

`RYB(46, 153, 151)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(46, 153, 151) contains.

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Color

R_YB(46, 153, 151)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	30992E
RGB	48, 153, 46
RGB Percent	19%, 60%, 18%
CMY	0.8118, 0.4000, 0.8196
CMYK	0.69, 0.00, 0.70, 0.40
HSL	119°, 54%, 39%
HSV	119°, 70%, 60%
XYZ	13.1033, 23.6081, 6.4510
YIQ	109.4070, -28.2330, -55.5370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

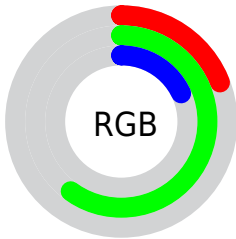
Format	Color
RYB	46, 153, 151
Decimal	3184942
CIELab	55.69, -50.73, 45.64
CIELCh	56, 68.237, 138.021
Yxy	23.6081, 0.3036, 0.5470
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281375022 (0xFF30992E)
YUV	109.4070, -31.2597, -53.8539
Hunter-Lab	48.5882, -36.8913, 26.1399

Details

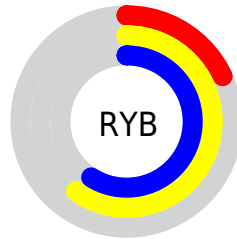
The RYB color **46, 153, 151** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339933**. A complement of this color would be **151, 46, 153**, and the grayscale version is **110, 110, 110**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 208, 197**, and **0, 101, 101** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31, 153, 151**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61, 153, 151**.

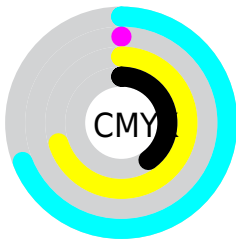
Distribution



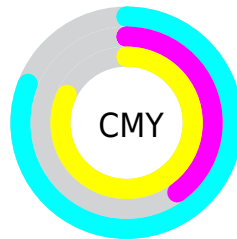
- Red (19%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 46, 153, 151 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 46, 153, 151 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



46, 153, 151



46, 153, 151

255, 255, 255



0, 111, 126



98, 208, 197



0, 101, 101



124, 237, 224



0, 75, 75



151, 255, 240



0, 52, 52



178, 255, 238



0, 28, 28



206, 255, 237



0, 0, 0



235, 255, 236



46, 153, 151



46, 153, 151



31, 153, 151



61, 153, 151

■ 15, 153, 150

■ 77, 153, 152

■ 0, 153, 150

■ 92, 153, 152

■ 107, 153, 152

■ 123, 153, 153

■ 138, 153, 153

■ 153, 153, 153

■ 168, 153, 168

■ 183, 153, 184

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 141, 14



46, 153, 151



0, 95, 159

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46, 153, 151



0, 93, 250



238, 71, 101

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 153, 151



151, 46, 153

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



227, 73, 160



46, 153, 151



74, 115, 247

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46, 153, 151



0, 92, 221



180, 100, 214



219, 117, 45

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 153, 151



0, 83, 160



180, 100, 214



238, 68, 120

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 153, 151



157, 199, 198



50, 153, 46



75, 99, 99



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 153, 151



32, 199, 196



46, 119, 153



69, 77, 77



0, 140, 137



0, 13, 13

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



151, 46, 153



196, 32, 199



153, 46, 103



76, 69, 77



138, 0, 140



13, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 46, 153, 151 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 46, 153, 151 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

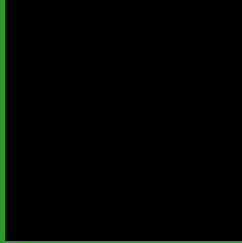
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 46, 153, 151 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 46, 153, 151.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 46, 153, 151.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
46, 153, 151

Protanopia
58, 148, 41

Deuteranopia
117, 165, 56



Tritanopia
76, 112, 154

Trichromacy



Original Color

46, 153, 151



Protanomaly

43, 140, 71



Deuteranomaly

52, 136, 66



Tritanomaly

66, 116, 147

Monochromacy



Original Color

46, 153, 151



Achromatopsia

109, 109, 109



Achromatomaly

86, 125, 124

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 46, 153, 151 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(48, 153, 46)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(48, 153, 46)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(48, 153, 46) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(48, 153, 46) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 46, 153, 151 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(48, 153, 46) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(48, 153, 46) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(48, 153, 46) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(48, 153, 46); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 153, 46);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 153,  
46) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 46, 153, 151 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(48, 153, 46) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(48, 153,  
46) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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