

Converting Colors

`RYB(46, 169, 25)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(46, 169, 25) contains.

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Color

`RYB(46, 169, 25)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A99719
RGB	169, 151, 25
RGB Percent	66%, 59%, 10%
CMY	0.3373, 0.4091, 0.9020
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.85, 0.34
HSL	52°, 74%, 38%
HSV	52°, 85%, 66%
XYZ	27.5517, 30.5332, 5.3611
YIQ	142.0180, 51.1740, -35.3700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

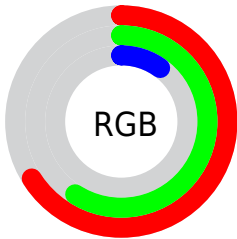
Format	Color
RYB	46, 169, 25
Decimal	11114265
CIELab	62.11, -5.78, 61.37
CIElCh	62, 61.643, 95.381
Yxy	30.5332, 0.4343, 0.4812
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289304345 (0xFFA99719)
YUV	142.0180, -57.6899, 23.6632
Hunter-Lab	55.2569, -7.6975, 32.9274

Details

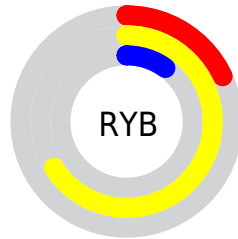
The RYB color **46, 169, 25** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999900**. A complement of this color would be **25, 41, 169**, and the grayscale version is **142, 142, 142**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **110, 228, 83**, and **13, 113, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31, 169, 8**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60, 169, 42**.

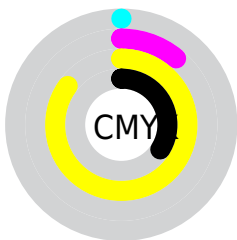
Distribution



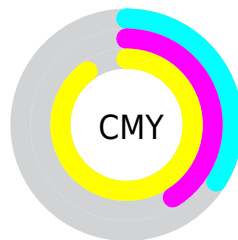
- Red (66%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (10%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (10%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Black (34%)






















- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 46, 169, 25 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 46, 169, 25 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 46, 169, 25	 46, 169, 25
 255, 255, 255	 17, 140, 0
 110, 228, 83	 15, 113, 0
 136, 255, 110	 10, 86, 0
 138, 255, 138	 5, 59, 0
 165, 255, 165	 1, 34, 0
 194, 255, 194	 0, 12, 12
 222, 255, 222	 0, 0, 0
 252, 255, 252	
 46, 169, 25	 46, 169, 25

■ 31, 169, 8

■ 60, 169, 42

■ 25, 169, 0

■ 75, 169, 59

■ 90, 169, 76

■ 105, 169, 93

■ 118, 169, 109

■ 132, 169, 126

■ 146, 169, 143

■ 161, 169, 160

■ 169, 170, 177

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



214, 214, 46



46, 169, 25



53, 165, 106

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46, 169, 25



0, 96, 212



224, 108, 197

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 169, 25



25, 41, 169

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



165, 131, 240



46, 169, 25



0, 100, 249

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46, 169, 25



0, 92, 176



24, 107, 255



248, 97, 142

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 169, 25



56, 148, 171



24, 107, 255



208, 115, 213

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 169, 25



170, 219, 162



169, 25, 44



82, 110, 76



237, 237, 237



110, 110, 110

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 169, 25



32, 219, 0



25, 169, 78



77, 84, 76



22, 148, 0



2, 20, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25, 41, 169



0, 25, 219



78, 25, 169



76, 77, 84



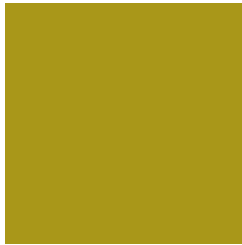
0, 17, 148



0, 3, 20

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 46, 169, 25 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

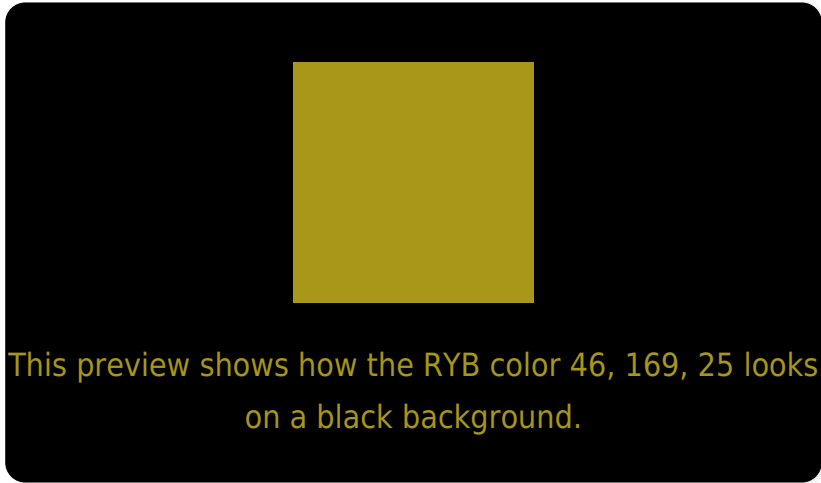
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 46, 169, 25 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 46, 169, 25.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 46, 169, 25.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46, 169, 25

Protanopia

46, 169, 25

Deuteranopia

98, 189, 31



Tritanopia
178, 140, 151

Trichromacy



Original Color

46, 169, 25

Protanomaly

46, 169, 25

Deuteranomaly

78, 182, 29

Tritanomaly

161, 175, 105

Monochromacy



Original Color

46, 169, 25

Achromatopsia

142, 142, 142

Achromatomaly

107, 152, 99

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 46, 169, 25 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 151, 25)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 151, 25)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 151, 25) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 151, 25) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 46, 169, 25 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 151, 25) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 151, 25) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 151, 25)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 151, 25); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 151, 25);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 151,  
25) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 46, 169, 25 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 151, 25) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
151, 25) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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