

Converting Colors

`RYB(46, 193, 0)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(46, 193, 0) contains.

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Color

R_YB(46, 193, 0)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C19C00
RGB	193, 156, 0
RGB Percent	76%, 61%, 0%
CMY	0.2431, 0.3888, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 1.00, 0.24
HSL	48°, 100%, 38%
HSV	48°, 100%, 76%
XYZ	33.8562, 35.0653, 4.9839
YIQ	149.2790, 72.1280, -40.6720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

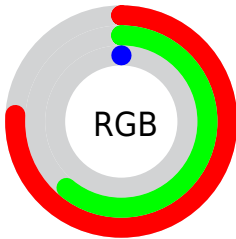
Format	Color
RYB	46, 193, 0
Decimal	12688384
CIELab	65.80, 1.85, 69.49
CIELCh	66, 69.516, 88.474
Yxy	35.0653, 0.4581, 0.4745
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290878464 (0xFFC19C00)
YUV	149.2790, -73.5945, 38.3433
Hunter-Lab	59.2159, -1.5720, 36.4611

Details

The RYB color **46, 193, 0** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9900**. The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **0, 31, 193**, and the grayscale version is **150, 150, 150**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **133, 254, 75**, and **37, 134, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46, 193, 0**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60, 193, 19**.

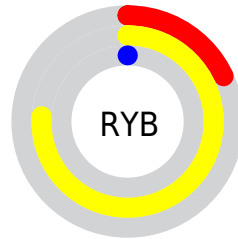
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (61%)

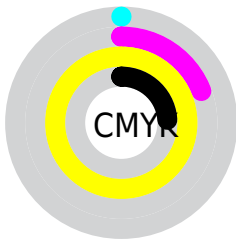
Blue (0%)



Red (18%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (0%)

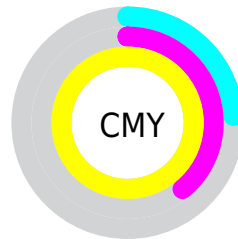


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)


















Magenta (39%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 46, 193, 0 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 46, 193, 0 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 46, 193, 0	 46, 193, 0
 255, 255, 255	 41, 163, 0
 133, 254, 75	 37, 134, 0
 122, 255, 103	 33, 106, 0
 130, 255, 130	 25, 78, 0
 158, 255, 158	 21, 52, 0
 187, 255, 187	 18, 28, 0
 216, 255, 216	 0, 0, 0
 245, 255, 245	

 46, 193, 0

■ 60, 193, 19

■ 76, 193, 39

■ 90, 193, 58

■ 104, 193, 77

■ 121, 193, 97

■ 135, 193, 116

■ 149, 193, 135

■ 163, 193, 154

■ 179, 193, 174

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



240, 191, 50



46, 193, 0



34, 173, 75

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46, 193, 0



0, 101, 218



232, 116, 226

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 193, 0



0, 31, 193

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



152, 145, 255



46, 193, 0



0, 106, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46, 193, 0



0, 103, 188



0, 101, 255



255, 97, 166

Rectangle

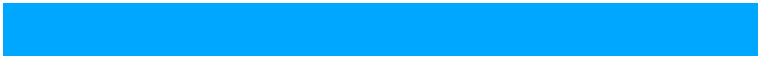
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 193, 0



71, 181, 176



0, 101, 255



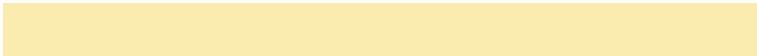
211, 125, 243

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 193, 0



194, 250, 175



193, 0, 39



91, 125, 80



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 193, 0



59, 250, 0



0, 193, 58



90, 97, 87



38, 161, 0



7, 33, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



0, 31, 193



0, 40, 250



58, 0, 193



87, 89, 97



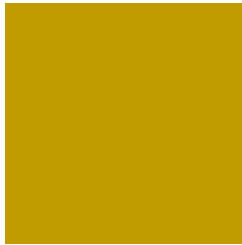
0, 26, 161



0, 5, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 46, 193, 0 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 46, 193, 0 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 46, 193, 0 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 46, 193, 0.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 46, 193, 0.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


46, 193, 0

Protanopia

31, 181, 8

Deuteranopia

82, 202, 14



Tritanopia

201, 145, 156

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 193, 0

Protanomaly
35, 185, 5

Deuteranomaly
70, 199, 9

Tritanomaly
196, 198, 99

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 193, 0

Achromatopsia
149, 149, 149

Achromatomaly
113, 165, 95

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 46, 193, 0 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 156, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 156, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 156, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 156, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 46, 193, 0 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 156, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 156, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 156, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 156, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 156, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 156,  
0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 46, 193, 0 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 156, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
156, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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