

Converting Colors

`RYB(46, 72, 152)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(46, 72, 152) contains.

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Color

`RYB(46, 72, 152)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2E5098
RGB	46, 80, 152
RGB Percent	18%, 31%, 60%
CMY	0.8196, 0.6845, 0.4039
CMYK	0.70, 0.47, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	221°, 54%, 39%
HSV	221°, 70%, 60%
XYZ	9.6959, 8.6513, 30.8646
YIQ	78.0420, -43.3760, 15.1840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

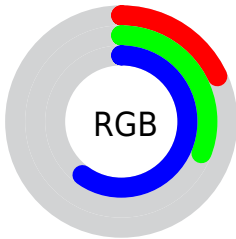
Format	Color
R_{YB}	46, 72, 152
Decimal	3035288
CIE _{Lab}	35.30, 12.49, -42.93
CIE _{LCh}	35, 44.705, 286.220
Yxy	8.6513, 0.1970, 0.1758
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281225368 (0xFF2E5098)
YUV	78.0420, 36.4613, -28.1008
Hunter-Lab	29.4131, 7.3691, -41.6268

Details

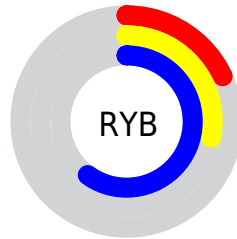
The RYB color **46, 72, 152** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **96, 152, 46**, and the grayscale version is **78, 78, 78**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **104, 124, 207**, and **0, 26, 100** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31, 60, 152**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61, 84, 152**.

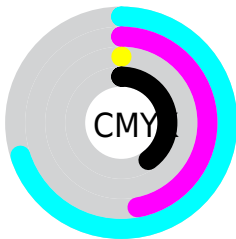
Distribution



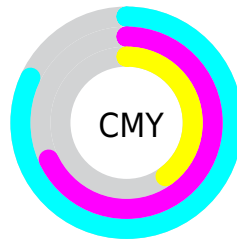
- Red (18%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)




















- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 46, 72, 152 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 46, 72, 152 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 46, 72, 152	 46, 72, 152
 255, 255, 255	 0, 40, 126
 104, 124, 207	 0, 27, 100
 132, 151, 235	 0, 14, 76
 161, 178, 255	 0, 5, 53
 189, 204, 255	 0, 2, 30
 218, 231, 255	 0, 0, 1
 248, 252, 255	 0, 0, 0

 46, 72, 152	 46, 72, 152
 31, 60, 152	 61, 84, 152

■ 16, 49, 152

■ 76, 95, 152

■ 0, 38, 152

■ 92, 106, 152

■ 0, 37, 152

■ 107, 118, 152

■ 122, 130, 152

■ 137, 141, 152

■ 152, 152, 152

■ 159, 168, 152

■ 167, 183, 152

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 57, 152



46, 72, 152



109, 64, 133

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46, 72, 152



137, 70, 32



0, 60, 99

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 72, 152



96, 152, 46

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29, 95, 85



46, 72, 152



63, 114, 3

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46, 72, 152



147, 48, 65



0, 87, 5



0, 50, 102

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 72, 152



131, 54, 113



0, 87, 5



0, 64, 98

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 72, 152



155, 165, 196



46, 109, 152



75, 81, 99



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 72, 152



31, 72, 196



64, 46, 152



69, 71, 77



0, 35, 140



0, 3, 13

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



152, 46, 80



196, 31, 85



46, 152, 64



77, 69, 71



140, 0, 46



13, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 46, 72, 152 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

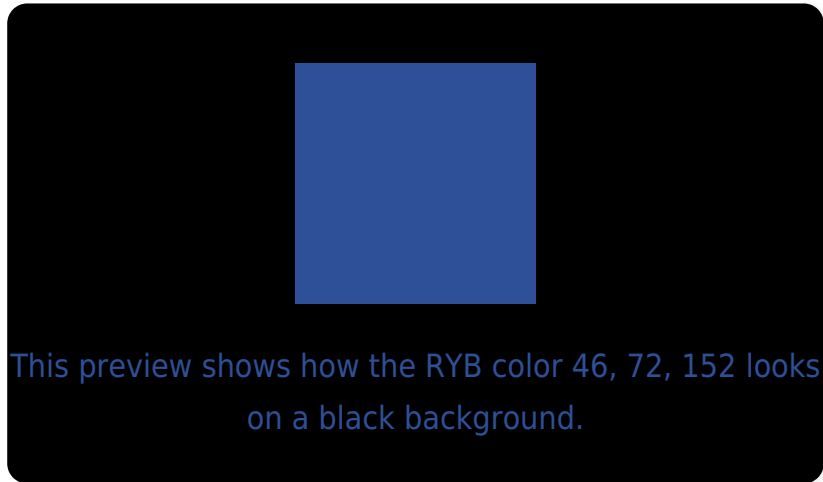
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

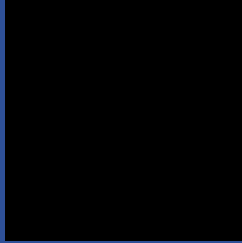
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 46, 72, 152 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 46, 72, 152.

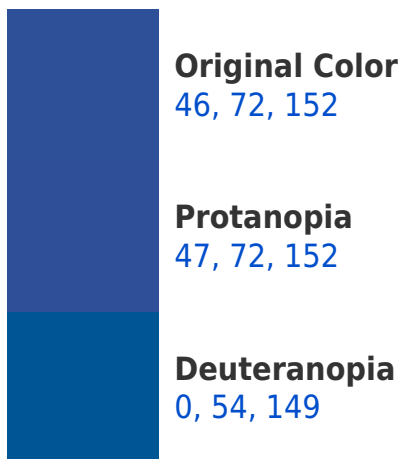



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 46, 72, 152.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

0, 48, 99

Trichromacy



Original Color

46, 72, 152

Protanomaly

47, 72, 152

Deuteranomaly

17, 61, 150

Tritanomaly

17, 59, 118

Monochromacy



Original Color

46, 72, 152

Achromatopsia

78, 78, 78

Achromatomaly

66, 76, 105

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 46, 72, 152 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 80, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(46, 80, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 80, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 80, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 46, 72, 152 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 80, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 80, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(46, 80, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(46, 80, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 80, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 80,  
152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 46, 72, 152 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 80, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 80,  
152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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