

# Converting Colors

`RYB(49, 121, 155)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(49, 121, 155) contains.

<b>RYB(49, 121, 155)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(49, 121, 155)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	319B63
RGB	49, 155, 99
RGB Percent	19%, 61%, 39%
CMY	0.8078, 0.3922, 0.6115
CMYK	0.68, 0.00, 0.36, 0.39
HSL	148°, 52%, 40%
HSV	148°, 68%, 61%
XYZ	15.2428, 24.9976, 15.8399
YIQ	116.9220, -45.2000, -39.8880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

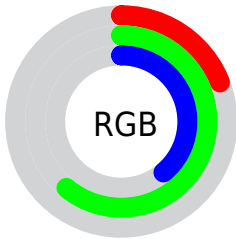
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	49, 121, 155
Decimal	3251043
CIELab	57.07, -43.32, 20.80
CIELCh	57, 48.054, 154.350
Yxy	24.9976, 0.2718, 0.4457
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281441123 (0xFF319B63)
YUV	116.9220, -8.8355, -59.5676
Hunter-Lab	49.9976, -33.0765, 16.2144

# Details

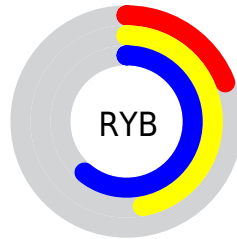
The RYB color **49, 121, 155** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **155, 49, 105**, and the grayscale version is **117, 117, 117**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **108, 180, 210**, and **0, 68, 103** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33, 116, 155**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65, 126, 155**.

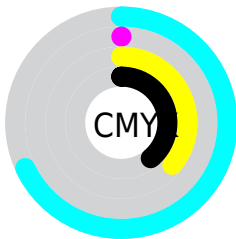
# Distribution



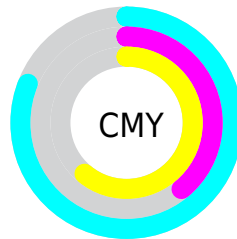
- Red (19%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (19%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (61%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 49, 121, 155 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 49, 121, 155 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





49, 121, 155



49, 121, 155

255, 255, 255



3, 82, 128



108, 180, 210



0, 68, 103



136, 210, 239



0, 56, 78



165, 227, 255



0, 48, 54



194, 231, 255



0, 32, 32



223, 239, 255



0, 0, 0

253, 254, 255



49, 121, 155



49, 121, 155



33, 116, 155



65, 126, 155

■ 18, 111, 155

■ 80, 131, 155

■ 2, 106, 155

■ 95, 135, 155

■ 0, 105, 155

■ 111, 141, 155

■ 126, 146, 155

■ 142, 151, 155

■ 157, 155, 156

■ 173, 155, 164

■ 188, 155, 173

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64, 148, 101



49, 121, 155



0, 83, 158

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49, 121, 155



67, 116, 220



211, 109, 92

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 121, 155



155, 49, 105

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



214, 100, 133



49, 121, 155



147, 123, 206

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49, 121, 155



0, 88, 212



193, 107, 174



189, 178, 61

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 121, 155



0, 82, 170



193, 107, 174



214, 103, 105



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 121, 155



159, 187, 201



49, 155, 98



77, 94, 102



230, 230, 230



102, 102, 102



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 121, 155



36, 148, 201



49, 103, 155



69, 75, 77



0, 95, 140



0, 9, 13



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



155, 49, 105



201, 36, 123



155, 49, 53



77, 69, 73



140, 0, 74



13, 0, 7



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 49, 121, 155 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 49, 121, 155 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## R-Y-B 49, 121, 155 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 49, 121, 155.

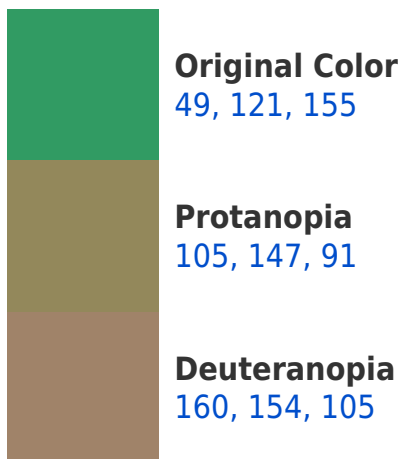


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 49, 121, 155.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
71, 112, 160

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

49, 121, 155



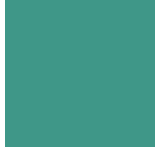
**Protanomaly**

94, 143, 126



**Deuteranomaly**

103, 140, 123



**Tritanomaly**

63, 111, 151

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

49, 121, 155



**Achromatopsia**

117, 117, 117



**Achromatomaly**

92, 119, 131

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 49, 121, 155 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(49, 155, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(49, 155, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(49, 155, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(49, 155, 99) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 49, 121, 155 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(49, 155, 99) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(49, 155, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(49, 155, 99)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(49, 155, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 155, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 155,  
99) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 49, 121, 155 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(49, 155, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(49, 155,  
99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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