

Converting Colors

R_YB(49, 74, 113)

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(49, 74, 113) contains.

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Color

R_YB(49, 74, 113)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	315A71
RGB	49, 90, 113
RGB Percent	19%, 35%, 44%
CMY	0.8078, 0.6470, 0.5569
CMYK	0.57, 0.20, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	202°, 40%, 32%
HSV	202°, 57%, 44%
XYZ	7.9056, 9.1619, 16.9745
YIQ	80.3630, -31.8190, -1.5390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

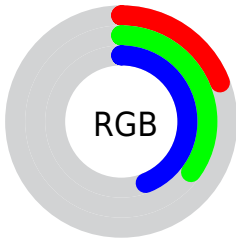
Format	Color
RYB	49, 74, 113
Decimal	3234417
CIELab	36.29, -7.15, -17.48
CIELCh	36, 18.884, 247.756
Yxy	9.1619, 0.2322, 0.2691
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281424497 (0xFF315A71)
YUV	80.3630, 16.0900, -27.5054
Hunter-Lab	30.2686, -6.3492, -12.0616




Details

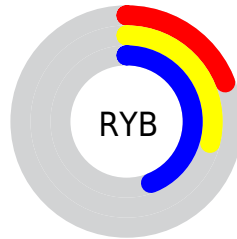
The RYB color **49, 74, 113** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **113, 85, 49**, and the grayscale version is **80, 80, 80**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 125, 165**, and **0, 26, 65** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38, 67, 113**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60, 81, 113**.

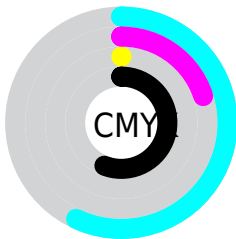
Distribution







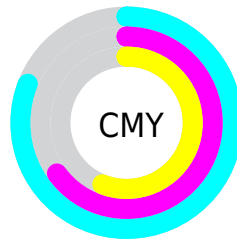
-  Red (19%)
-  Green (35%)
-  Blue (44%)






-  Red (19%)
-  Yellow (29%)
-  Blue (44%)



-  Cyan (57%)
-  Magenta (20%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (56%)



-  Cyan (81%)
-  Magenta (65%)
-  Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 49, 74, 113 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 49, 74, 113 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



49, 74, 113



49, 74, 113

255, 255, 255



22, 49, 88



100, 125, 165



0, 27, 65



127, 151, 192



0, 15, 43



154, 179, 220



0, 1, 22



181, 206, 248



0, 0, 0



209, 231, 255



238, 247, 255



49, 74, 113



49, 74, 113



38, 67, 113



60, 81, 113

■ 26, 60, 113

■ 72, 88, 113

■ 15, 53, 113

■ 83, 95, 113

■ 4, 47, 113

■ 94, 101, 113

■ 0, 44, 113

■ 106, 109, 113

■ 117, 114, 113

■ 128, 121, 113

■ 139, 127, 113

■ 151, 135, 113

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36, 67, 103



49, 74, 113



71, 82, 115

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49, 74, 113



115, 74, 82



61, 90, 76

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 74, 113



113, 85, 49

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62, 92, 55



49, 74, 113



114, 78, 68

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49, 74, 113



108, 76, 97



106, 102, 58



58, 83, 93

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 74, 113



86, 82, 112



106, 102, 58



58, 89, 66

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 74, 113



123, 133, 148



49, 97, 113



59, 65, 74



201, 201, 201



74, 74, 74

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 74, 113



47, 87, 148



49, 58, 113



50, 52, 56



0, 47, 120



0, 97, 247

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



113, 49, 90



148, 47, 112



61, 113, 49



56, 50, 54



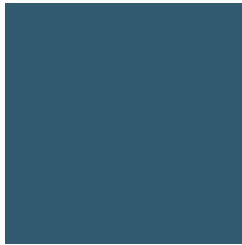
120, 0, 77



247, 0, 159

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 49, 74, 113 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 49, 74, 113 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

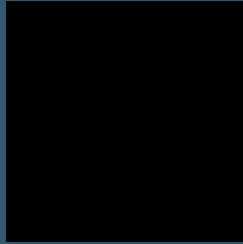
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 49, 74, 113 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 49, 74, 113.

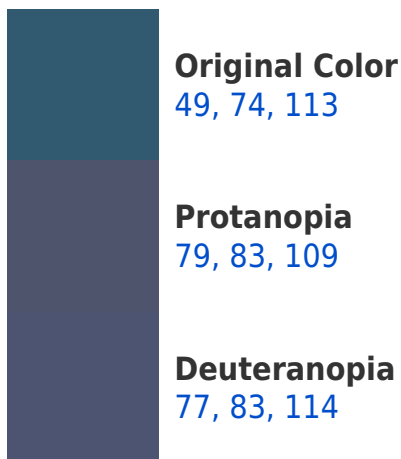


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 49, 74, 113.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

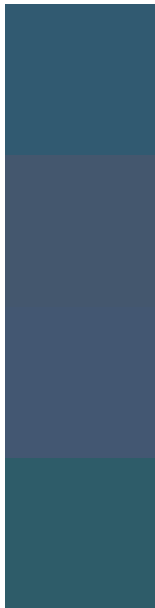
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
44, 70, 100

Trichromacy



Original Color

49, 74, 113

Protanomaly

68, 81, 110

Deuteranomaly

67, 81, 114

Tritanomaly

46, 72, 105

Monochromacy



Original Color

49, 74, 113

Achromatopsia

80, 80, 80

Achromatomaly

69, 78, 92

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 49, 74, 113 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(49, 90, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(49, 90, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(49, 90, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(49, 90, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 49, 74, 113 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(49, 90, 113) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(49, 90, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(49, 90, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(49, 90, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 90, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 90,  
113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 49, 90, 113 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(49, 90, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(49, 90,  
113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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